

Research Infrastructures

Astroparticle Physics European Consortium



Andreas Haungs | KIT – Institute for Astroparticle Physics

Neutrinos in the Multi-Messenger Era | Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium | 29/11-2/12 2022





Astroparticle Physics

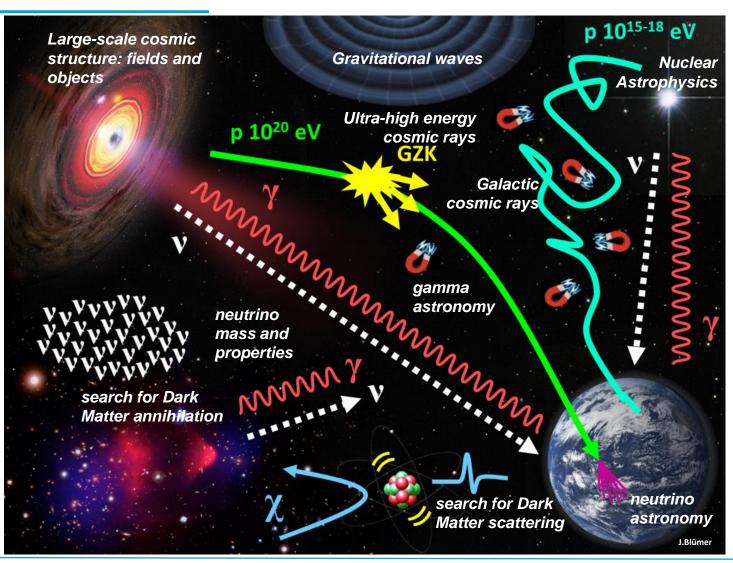
Understanding the Multi-Messenger and the Dark Universe



Astroparticle Physics is a branch of fundamental science embedded in environment and society!

Wikipedia:

While it may be difficult to decide on a standard 'textbook' description of the field of astroparticle physics, the field can be characterized by the topics of research that are actively being pursued.

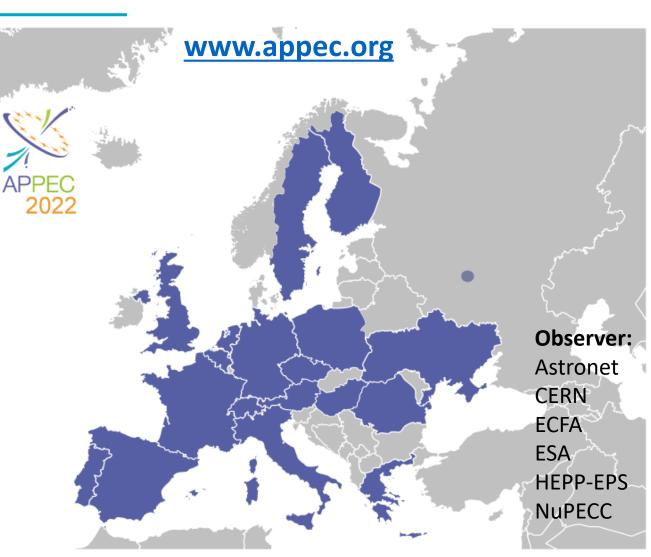


APPEC



AstroParticle Physics European Consortium - an international coordinating structure, founded in 2012

- Based on a MoU and financial Agreement with DESY (host of the APPEC Common Fund) by all partners
- 18 (+1 suspended) member countries with 22 funding agencies
- a budget of c. 70k€/year
- 3 bodies:
 - General Assembly with Observers
 - Scientific Advisory Committee;
 - Joint Sectretary



APPEC tasks



Guarantee Coordination of European Astroparticle Physics in Europe between funding agencies and visibility at Ministry level through:

- Structured scientific advising (SAC, dedicated panels to specific challenges)
- Development and update of roadmaps based on scientific strategies and financial considerations
- Establish relations with other bodies in companion fields
- Initiate activities within Horizon Europe
- Express collective views on APP in international fora
- Organise Town meetings
- Support relevant meetings/schools of the community
- Organize TechFora and Open Calls
- Engagement with society (Outreach, Education,...)
- Contribute to Working Groups (R&D panel, Individual Recognition, Early Scientist career, Science WGs) and Organisations (EuCAPT...) and JENA

to support the Astroparticle Physics community

APPEC is

- Helping in coordination of large-scale RI
- Helping in transition of mid-scale experiments to large-scale RI
- Helping in support of small-scale and R&D experiments

APPEC Roadmaps

https://www.appec.org/roadmap



2008

ASTROPARTICLE PHYSICS the European strategy

2011



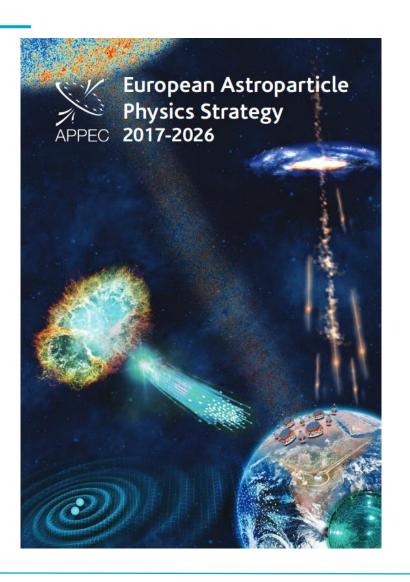
2017



APPEC scientific topics



- High-energy gamma rays
- High-energy neutrinos
- High-energy cosmic rays
- Gravitational waves
- Dark Matter
- Neutrino mass and nature
- Neutrino mixing and mass ordering
- Cosmic microwave background
- Dark Energy
- Astroparticle theory
- Detector R&D
- Computing and data policies



APPEC organisational & societal issues



Organisational:

- European and global collaboration and coordination
- Neighboring communities
- European Commission
- Unique infrastructures
- Interdisciplinary opportunities

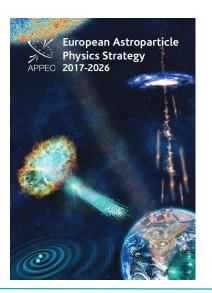
Societal:

- Diversity
- Education and outreach
- Open Science and Citizen Science
- Transfer Knowledge
- Connection to industry
- Ecological impact



https://indico.cern.ch/e/JENAS2022

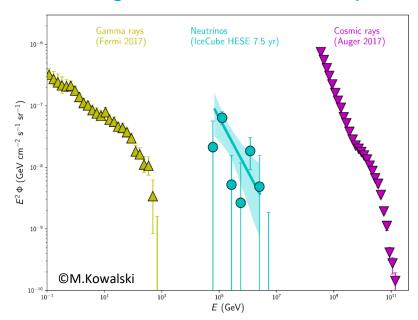


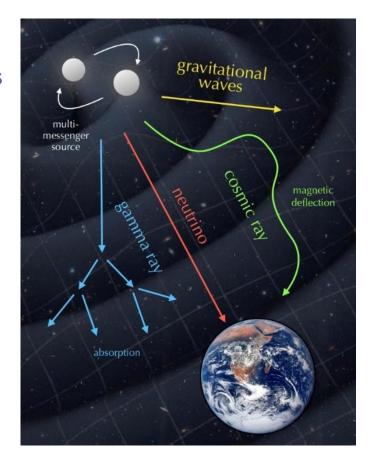


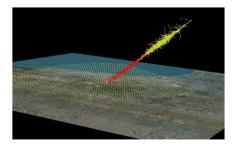
Multi-Messenger Astroparticle Physics



- Required to understand the sources of cosmic rays and the physics processes in the high-energy Universe
- Needs long-term operational observatories
- And a sophisticated Big Data
 management: Big Data Analytics; Research
 Data Management; Data Curation; Open Data



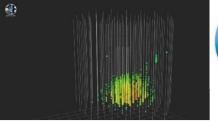


















High-Energy Gamma Rays

- Covers large energy range with different observatories
- Satellites (Fermi, AMEGO (launch 2029), ASTROGAM)
- Imaging Air Cherenkov Telescopes (H.E.S.S., Veritas, MAGIC)
- Ground-based arrays (GRAPES, TAIGA, HAWC, LHAASO, SWGO)
- Main future project within APPEC: CTA (ESFRI)

LHAASO



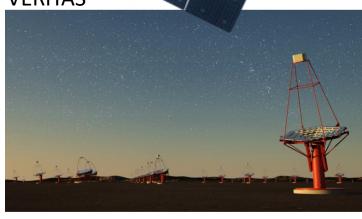
HAWC



MAGIC



VERITAS



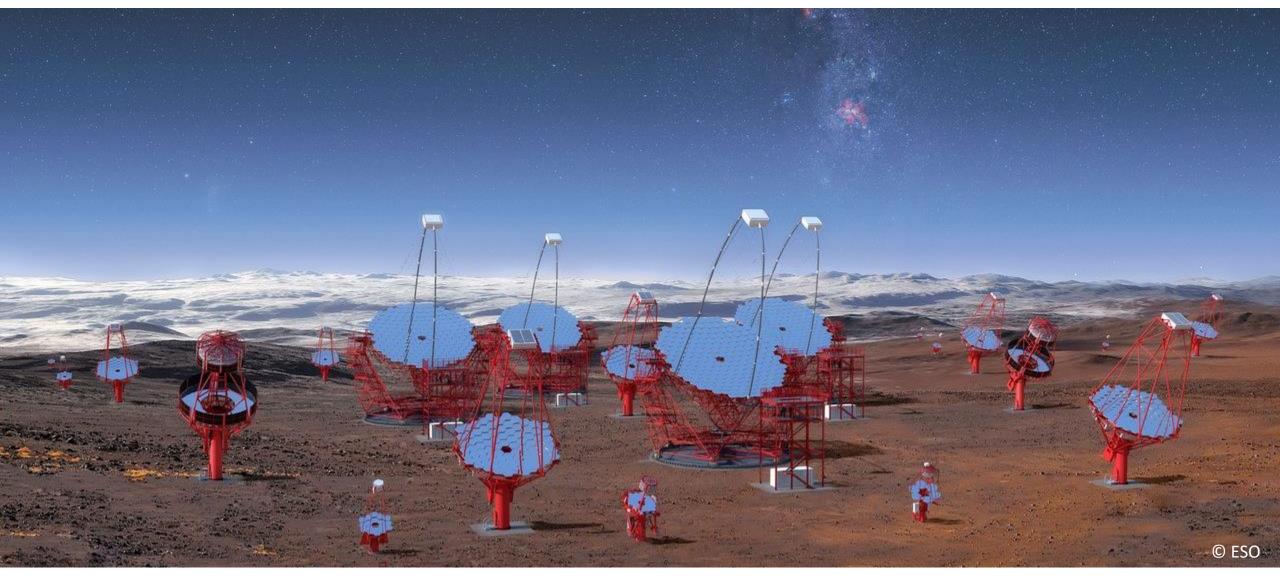
FERMI

H.E.S.S.



Cherenkov Telescope Array – CTA



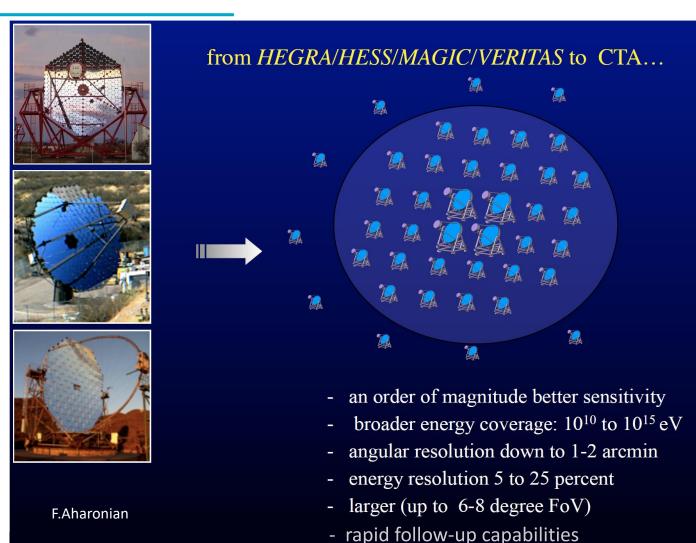


High-Energy Gamma Rays





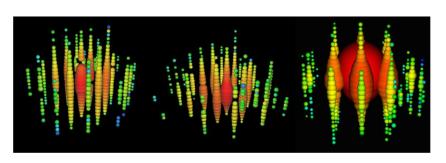
- ESFRI Project
- Open, proposal-driven observatory
- 3 telescope types: LST, MST, SST
- 2 sites: La Palma + Chile
- Governance: ERIC (established 2022)
- 31 countries, >200 institutes, ~1400 scientists
- Construction next 3-5 years

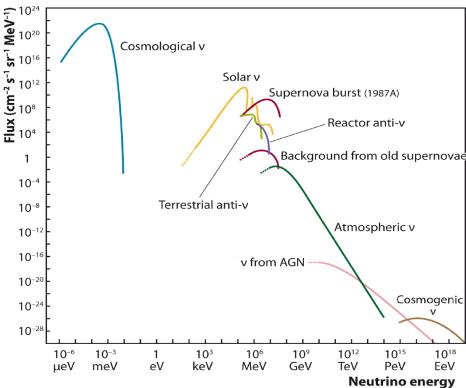


High-Energy Neutrino Astronomy



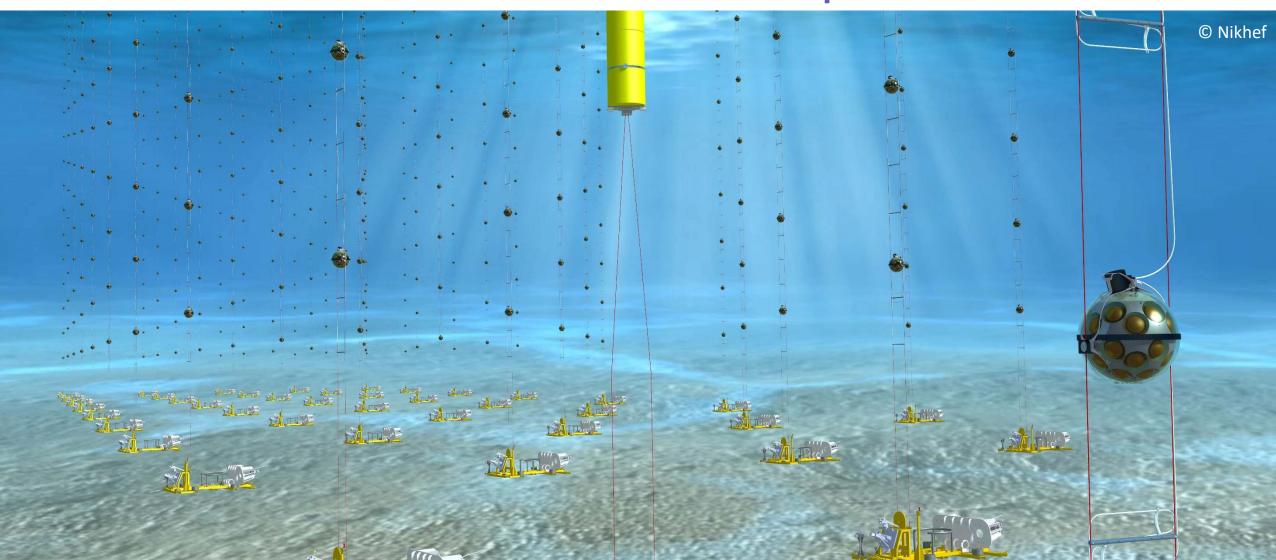
- IceCube opened in 2013 the new window of >100 TeV neutrino astronomy
- Several experiments are now organized in the Global Neutrino Network GNN:
 - IceCube → IceCube-Gen2
 - Antares → KM3NeT
 - Baikal-GVD
- R&D phase (in particular for cosmogenic Neutrinos):
 P-ONE, RNO-G, POEMMA, ANITA, GRAND, ...
- European flagship (ESFRI): KM3NeT
- Strong partner of US lead IceCube-Gen2





Cubic Kilometre Neutrino Telescope – KM3NeT





High-Energy Neutrino Astronomy



- ESFRI project
- KM3NeT = ARCA + ORCA



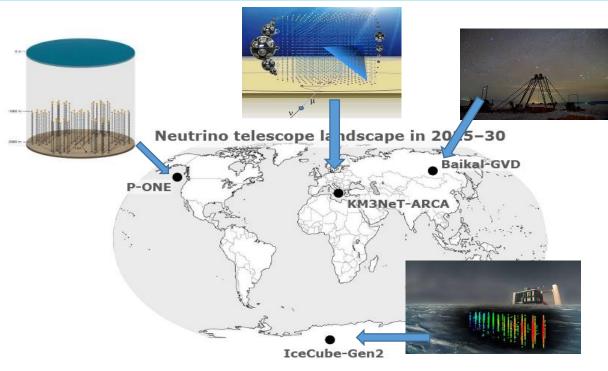
- Discovery and subsequent observation of neutrino sources
- Determination of mass ordering of neutrinos
- ARCA (high-energy neutrino astronomy, Italian site)
 Installation started, completed 2026
- ORCA (low-energy neutrino physics, French site)
 Installation started, completed 2024
- 15 countries, >250 scientists

Science case

- Neutrino astroparticle physics
 - Galactic and Extragalactic point sources
 - Diffuse neutrino flux
- Dark Matter and exotics
 - Neutrinos from Dark Matter annihilation
 - Magnetic monopoles, nuclearites, strangelets, ...
- Neutrino and particle physics (~10⁵ ν_{atm}/year)
 - UHE neutrino cross sections
 - Muons (≥ 10⁸ μ_{atm}/year)
 - Prompt muons from heavy meson decay
- Earth and marine sciences
 - Long-term, continuous measurements in deep-sea
- MM alerts and follow-up

High-Energy Neutrino Astronomy





EeV Neutrinos:

- IceCube-Gen2 (in-ice radio detector); South Pole; completion in early 2030s with RNO-G as R&D site
- GRAND (surface radio detector); China; completion in 2030s
- ANITA (antarctic balloon flights), few candidates
- Pierre Auger Observatory (surface particle detector); not yet seen neutrinos
- POEMMA (satellite(s) observing atmosphere);
 launch maybe in the 30ies

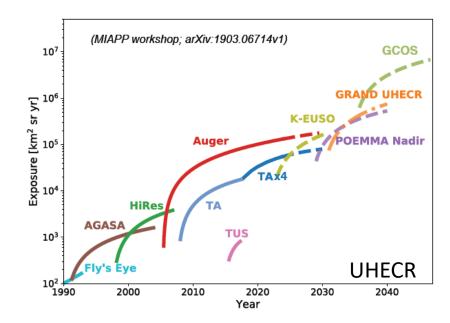
PeV Neutrinos:

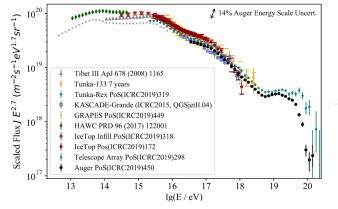
- 1. IceCube-Gen2 (in-ice detector); upgrade of IceCube; completion 2010; sensitivity ~8 x IceCube
- 2. KM3NeT (underwater detector); completion in 2026; sensitivity of IceCube, complementary in sky coverage
- 3. GVD (underwater detector); completion in 2024/25; less sensitive
- 4. P-ONE (underwater detector); new initiative; could reach similar sensitivity as IceCube or KM3NeT

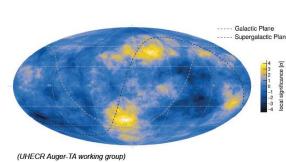
High-Energy Cosmic Rays



- Accuracy of measurements in all energy ranges increased dramatically in last 2 decades, but still:
 - Transition energy range?
 - Hadronic Interaction models ?
 - Composition and Anisotropies at all energies?
 - Suppression mechanism?
- Pierre Auger Observatory is major experiment
- Highest energies: extensions to TAx4, AugerPrime
- At lower energy (LHAASO, IceCube-Gen2)
- Plus future projects: POEMMA, GRAND, GCOS (global, cost effective, sustainable, experiments)







Pierre Auger Observatory

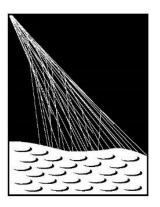




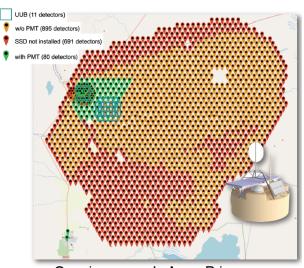
High-Energy Cosmic Rays



- Auger Upgrade to AugerPrime
- High statistics and accuracy required for determining energy spectrum, composition, anisotropy over a large energy range
- Combining data of the various projects (UHECR working groups!)
- 18 countries, ~100 institutes, ~400 scientists
- AugerPrime completes construction in 2023
- Operation time >2030
- Preparation and R&D for GCOS incl. GRAND

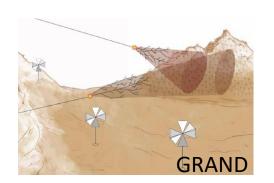






Ongoing upgrade AugerPrime (scintillators and radio antennas)

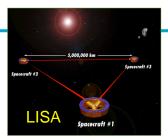
(AugerPrime design report 1604.03637)

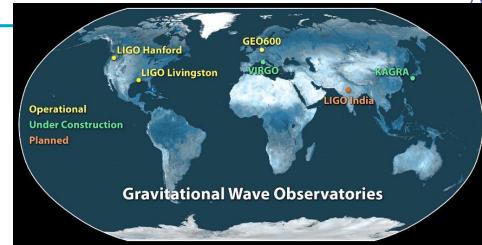


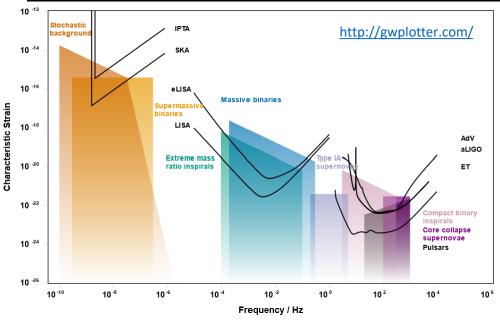


Gravitational Waves

- 2015: First direct detection by LIGO / Virgo
- 2022+: Data taking with aLIGO and aVirgo
 - Volume of visible space increases by a factor 50
- 2030+: 3rd Generation: The Einstein Telescope
 - Volume of visible space increases by a factor 1000
- GWIC + GWAC (worldwide collaboration)
 - GWIC Gravitational Wave International Committee https://gwic.ligo.org
 - GWAC Gravitational Waves Agencies Correspondents
- Gravitational Waves Ground-Space complementarity
 - Einstein Telescope; Cosmic Explorer
 - LISA; e-LISA
 - · Pulsar Timing Arrays; IPTA; SKA

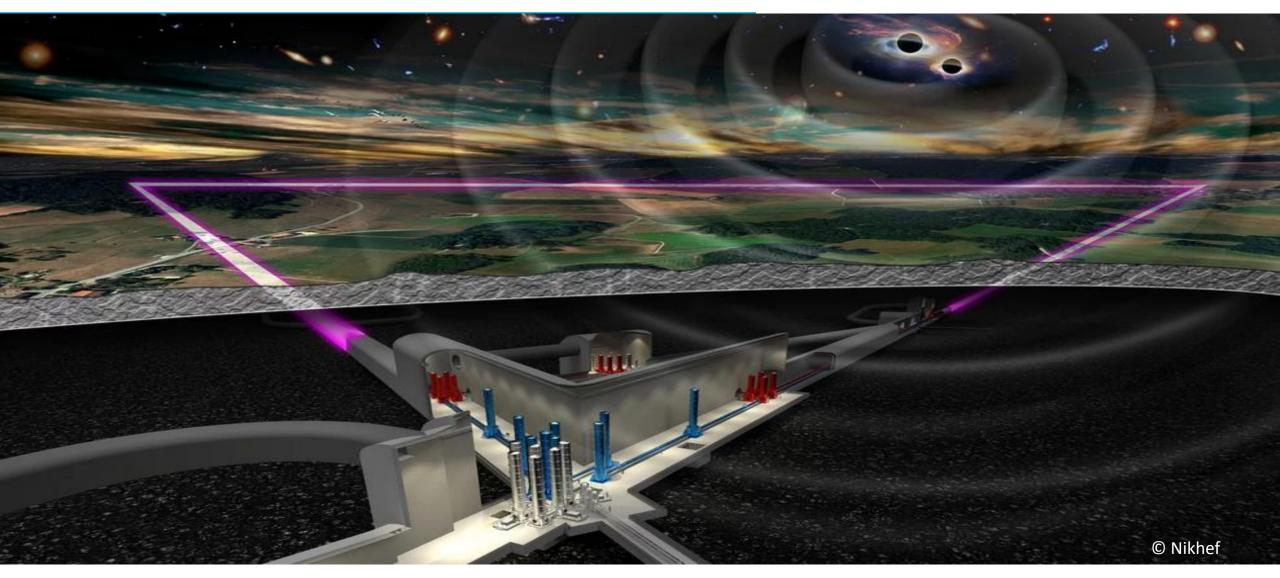






Einstein Telescope - ET





Gravitational Wave Detection



- Science (very interdisciplinary)
 - Formation of Black Holes at the center of galaxies?
 - Is General Relativity (GR) right or do we need new physics?
 - Is Dark Energy the cosmological constant?
 - Understanding the dynamics of ultra dense matter!

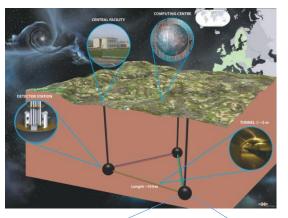
ESFRI

- The ESFRI roadmap proposal (I, NL, B, E, PI) was successful;
- The ESFRI roadmap was updated in June 2021
- Status and Organisation
 - Due to the 3G science case, the interest in ET in Europe is rapidly growing.
 - Boards have been formed: Instrument science, Observational science, Site characterisation, E-Infrastructure.
 - The Instrument science board is the most advanced and is fully operational
 - The ET collaboration had its kick-off meeting in July 2022 (>75 Research Units)

R&D

- Advanced Virgo and Advanced Ligo; KAGRA; ETpathfinder (NL); may be DZA (D)
- MoU with CERN on common vacuum R&D







DZA (German Center for Astrophysics)

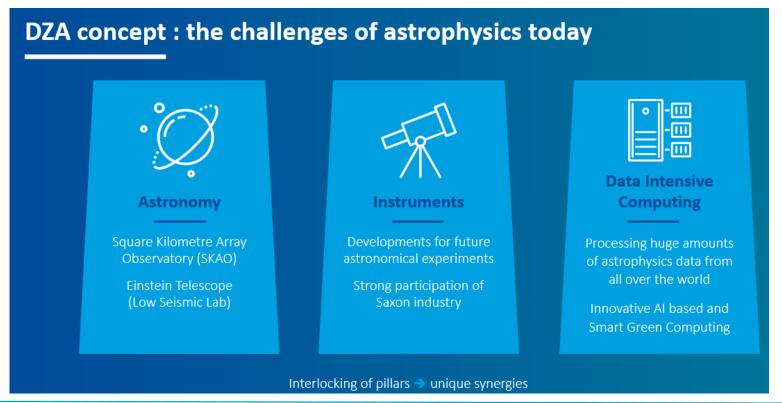


- the "Deutsches Zentrum für Astrophysik Forschung. Technologie. Digitalisierung. (DZA)" has been selected to be realised in the national "Wissen schafft Perspektiven für die Region" programme for Saxonia, Germany.
- Timeline: Elaboration of the structure of the centre in next 6 months => 3 years ramp-up => 10 years funding by 170 Mio€/y



https://www.deutscheszentrumastrophysik.de/

https://www.deutscheszentrumastrophysik.de/sites/default/files/2022-09/Pressemitteilung.pdf



Dark Matter



- Topic has large overlap with neighboring fields
- Direct Detection of Dark Matter APPEC SAC Subcommittee Report:
 - https://www.appec.org/documents
 - arXiv: https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.07634
- Recommendations:
 - Priority of Dark Matter Search
 - Diversified Approach Needed
 - Direct search for WIMPs down to neutrino floor (DARWIN, ARGO)
 - Coordinated detector R&D
 - European Infrastructure for Underground Science
 - Studying of the axion/ALPs mass range
 - Continuation of diverse theoretical activity

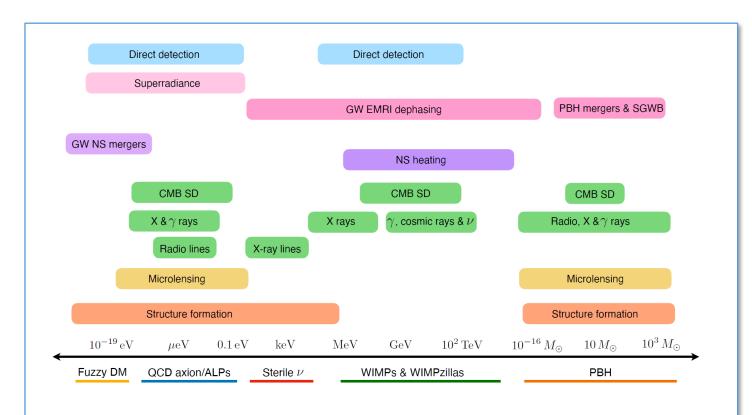
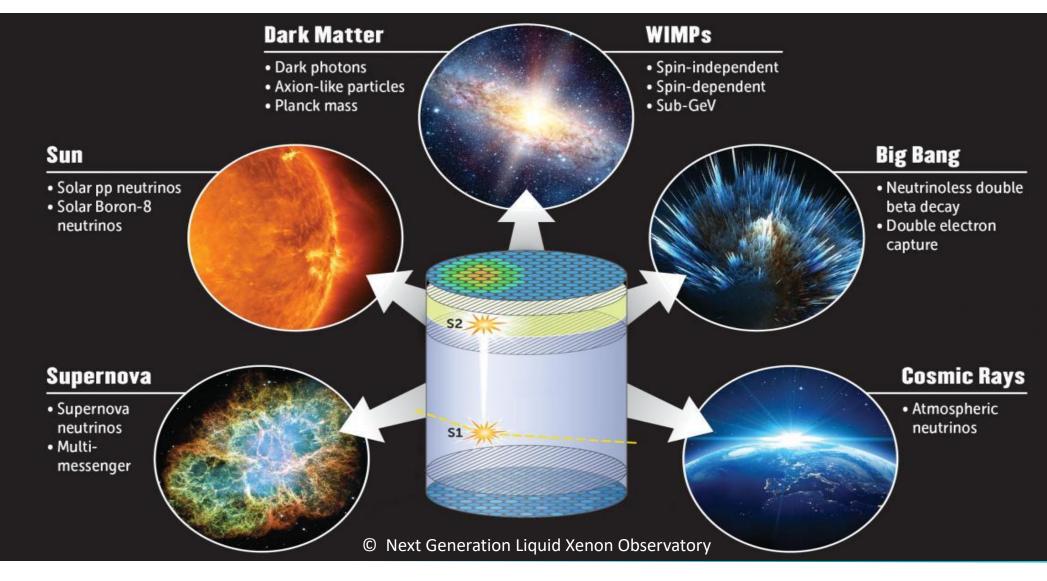


Figure 10: Summary of possible constraints on DM. We show the available DM mass range with some DM candidates highlighted, and astroparticle observables of different nature that can constrain them. Acronyms: Extreme mass ratio inspirals (EMRI), stochastic GW background (SGWB), CMB spectral distorsions (SD).

EuCAPT White Paper https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.10074

dark matter wimp search with liquid xenon



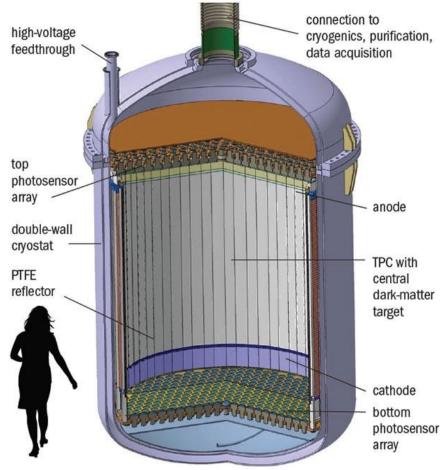


Dark Matter - WIMP



- APPEC recommends to realize worldwide at least one xenon (50t) and one argon (300t) experiment
- DARWIN is currently the European flagship experiment for WIMP search
- In addition, ongoing detector R&D has to be pursued
- XENON/DARWIN and LUX-ZEPLIN → XLZD collaborations have signed a common MoU https://arxiv.org/abs/2203.02309 (141 institutes, ~600 authors)
- Needs (European) infrastructures for Underground Science



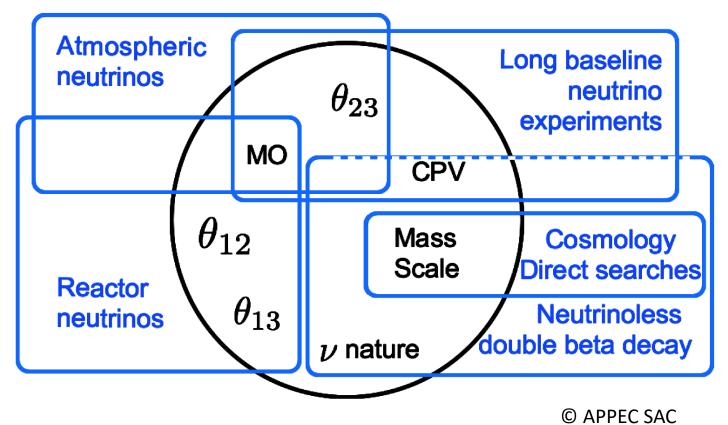


Neutrino Properties



- v CP-violation is still unknown and may give hints to matter-antimatter asymmetry
- v-mixing is very different from CKM
- v–nature undetermined (Majorana)
- v mass ordering not yet determined
- v masses << mSM particles gives access to higher mass scales (See-Saw)
- v is the first hot "dark" particle and has a role in various stages of the Universe
- Needs (European) infrastructures for Underground Science

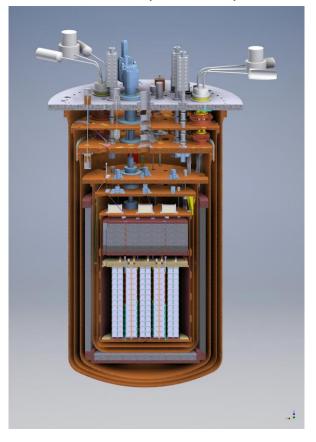
Science has large overlap with neighboring fields



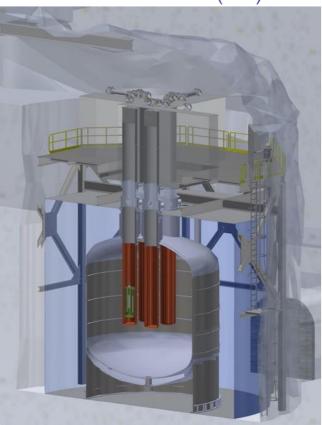
0νββ decay: towards ton-scale experiment



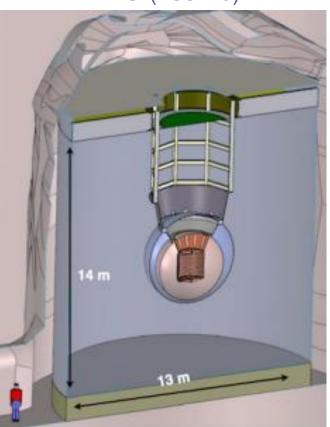
CUPID (100 Mo)



LEGEND-1000 (Ge)



nEXO (136 Xe)



NEXT (136 Xe)



Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay





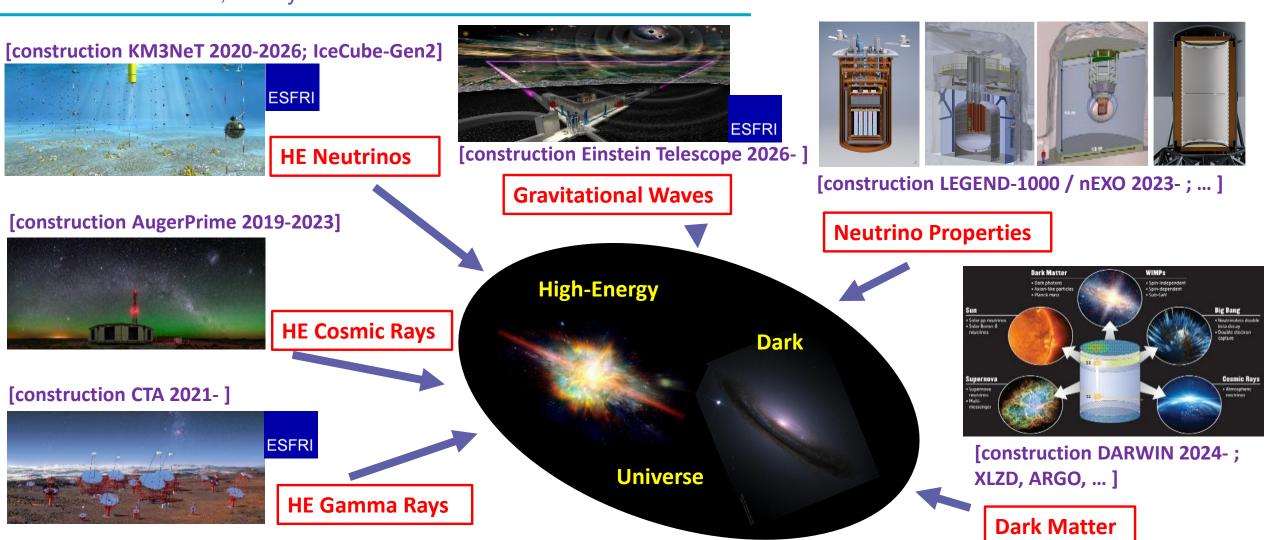
Strategy (Status early 2022):

- Double Beta Decay APPEC Sub-Committee gave advise on the European (and global) program
- It provides an assessment of the current and future scientific opportunities in double beta decay over the next 10 year period
- Close coordination of APPEC with DOE nuclear physics and aligned with Snowmass process
- Spring 2021: DOE portfolio review on Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay Experiments
- 0vßß European-North American Summit at Gran Sasso, Italy, 29/9 -1/10/2021
 - https://agenda.infn.it/event/27143/ Presentation of Underground labs, Experiments, R&D, ...
 - Closed session: 19 representatives of funding agencies and director of underground labs
 - Outcome: (i) Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay should have high priority
 - (ii) funding agencies in Europe and North America should build a network
 - (iii) if possible LEGEND and nEXO should be funded, one in Europe, one in North America

APPEC Flagship Research Infrastructures

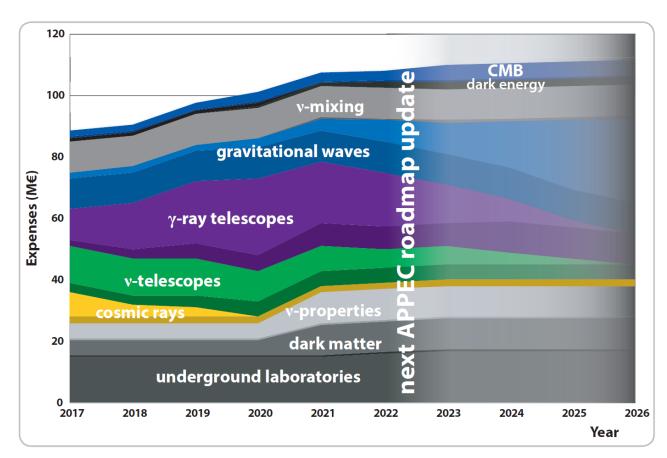
APPEC

This is not a closed, but dynamic list...



Midterm Evaluation of the Roadmap





From Roadmap 2017: Projected annual capital investment

- A resource aware roadmap
 (darker colors also show M&O of RI)
- Midterm Evaluation: Preparation of roadmap update
 - Direct Dark Matter working group
 - Double Beta Decay APPEC Sub-Committee
 - Multi-Messenger Discussion Workshop
- Goals
 - Identify new developments and new topics
 - Update recommendations
 - Update of time and cost line
- Timeline
 - Provide information to the communities (2021)
 - Town Meeting June 2022 https://indico.desy.de/event/25372/
 - Census / Survey of time and cost lines
 - Publication end of 2022

Overarching Topics in the Roadmap



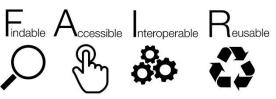


- Ecological Impact
 - ..of satellites, observatories, infrastructures, travel...
 - ..provide spin-offs for other research areas
- Societal Impact
 - Survey and fostering of impact on society
- Open Science and Human Talent Management
 - Outreach and education
 - Open Data and Citizen Science ESCAPE https://projectescape.eu/
- Computing
- European Centre for Astroparticle Physics Theory EuCAPT
 - https://www.eucapt.org/
- Underground and Large-scale Infrastructures
 - Coordination of European Underground Labs
- Coordination with neighbouring fields
 - JENAA, Astronet, ESA
- Horizon Europe
 - European and global collaboration and coordination, e.g. INFRA-SERV-2023











ESCAPE









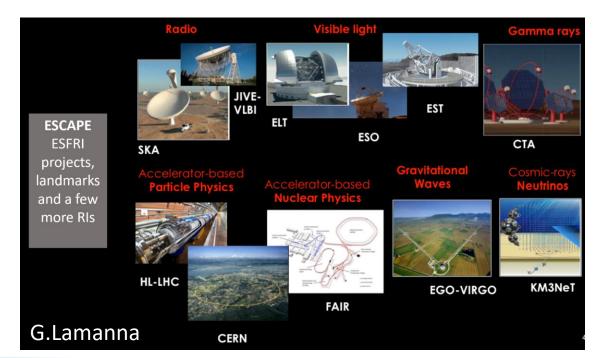








- EOSC is the European Commission action in response to EU member states' shared policy about the uptake of Open Science
- ESCAPE The European Science Cluster of Astronomy & Particle Physics ESFRI Research Infrastructure (48 months; 1/2/2019; lead CNRS-LAPP)
- Future of the 5 Science Clusters within EOSC are currently discussed with the European Commission





Data Lake:

Build a scalable, federated, data infrastructure as the basis of open science for the ESFRI projects within ESCAPE. Enable connection to compute and storage resources.



ESCAPE Work Programme

Software Repository:

Repository of "scientific software" as a major component of the "data" to be curated in EOSC. Implementation of a community-based approach for the continuous development of shared software and for training of researchers and data scientists.



Virtual Observatory:

 Extend the VO FAIR standards, methods and to a broader scientific context; prepare the VO to interface the large data volumes of next facilities.

Science Platforms:

Flexible science platforms to enable the open data analysis tailored by and for each facility as well as a global one for transversal workflows.

Citizen Science:

Open gateway for citizen science on ESCAPE data archives and ESFRI community







JENA Seminar



- 2nd JENA Symposium: 3-6 May 2022 in Madrid, Spain https://indico.cern.ch/e/JENAS2022
 - Topics:
 - Science case of large infrastructures
 - Discussion on funding of infrastructures
 - Synergies in detector R&D
 - Synergies in computing, analysis techniques (AI)
 - governance models for large infrastructures
- Balanced Program over Nuclear Physics, Particle
 Physics, Astroparticle Physics, focussing on synergies
- Special Session with invited Funding Agencies
- There is a need for a European Workshop on (federated)
 Computing → foreseen for spring 2023







ASTRONET Roadmap

https://www.astronet-eu.org/





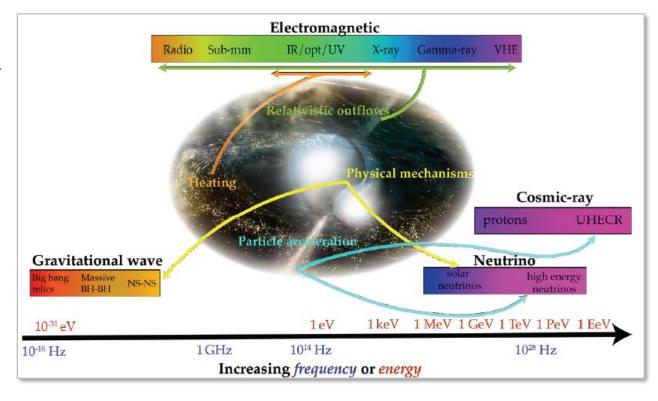


ASTRONET Roadmap

- Feedback to the first section drafts led to a new Panel: Extreme Astrophysics
- Nov/Dec. 22 Publication of ASTRONET Roadmap
- Contacts: Malcolm Booy <u>malcolm.booy@stfc.ukri.org</u> Kamalam Vanninathan – <u>kamalam.vanninathan@stfc.ukri.org</u>

Panels / Working Groups (reports available)

- Roadmap preliminary Executive summary
- Roadmap recommendations EAS Meeting
- Origin and evolution of the Universe
- Formation and evolution of Galaxies
- Formation and evolution of Stars
- Formation and evolution of Planetary Systems
- Understanding the Solar System and conditions for Life
- Computing big data, high performance computing
- Societal aspects
- Extreme Astrophysics: <u>Draft report</u>



APPEC and EU Framework Programs



 APPEC was created in 2001 coordination instrument of the European agencies funding Astroparticle Physics



- Boost by EU funding of the ERANET ASPERA, for 6 years
- Participation in calls (e.g. ILIAS-I3, ET-DS, INFRA-TECH, APOGEIA, M2TECH)
- For Horizon Europe Work Programme 2023-2024: INFRA-SERV: In 2023, the scientific domains called under this topic are: ... Astronomy and Astroparticle physics
- HORIZON-INFRA-2023-SERV-01-02 (detailed call Dec.2022, deadline March 2023)

ACME - Astrophysics Centre for Multimessenger studies in Europe focus on:

- 1. MM and time-domain observations
- 2. Transients coordinated real-time detection
- 3. Improved access to archival data
- 4. Provide scientific expertise
- 5. Societal and environmental impact



Summary





- Astroparticle Physics is a booming and blooming field
- In search of the wonders of the cosmos
- Going to understand the fundamental law of Nature
- Plenty of opportunities for young scientists
- APP RI are central for the forthcoming Multi-Messenger Era

APPEC:

- Publication of Roadmap Update in 2022
- Coordination of European Astroparticle Physics strategy...
- ...in cooperation with neighboring fields
- APPEC Newsletter: https://www.appec.org/latest-news/newsletters

...and further foster and coordinate the European Astroparticle Physics!

