



Recent progress on VH associated production at the LHC

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Based on:

- ▶ G. Ferrera, M. Grazzini, FT [Phys. Rev. Lett. 2011, JHEP 2014, Phys. Lett. 2015]
- ▶ G. Luisoni, P. Nason, C. Oleari, FT [JHEP 2013]
- ▶ V. Del Duca, C. Duhr, G. Somogyi, FT, Z. Trocsanyi [JHEP 2015]
- ▶ G. Ferrera, G. Somogyi, FT [to appear]

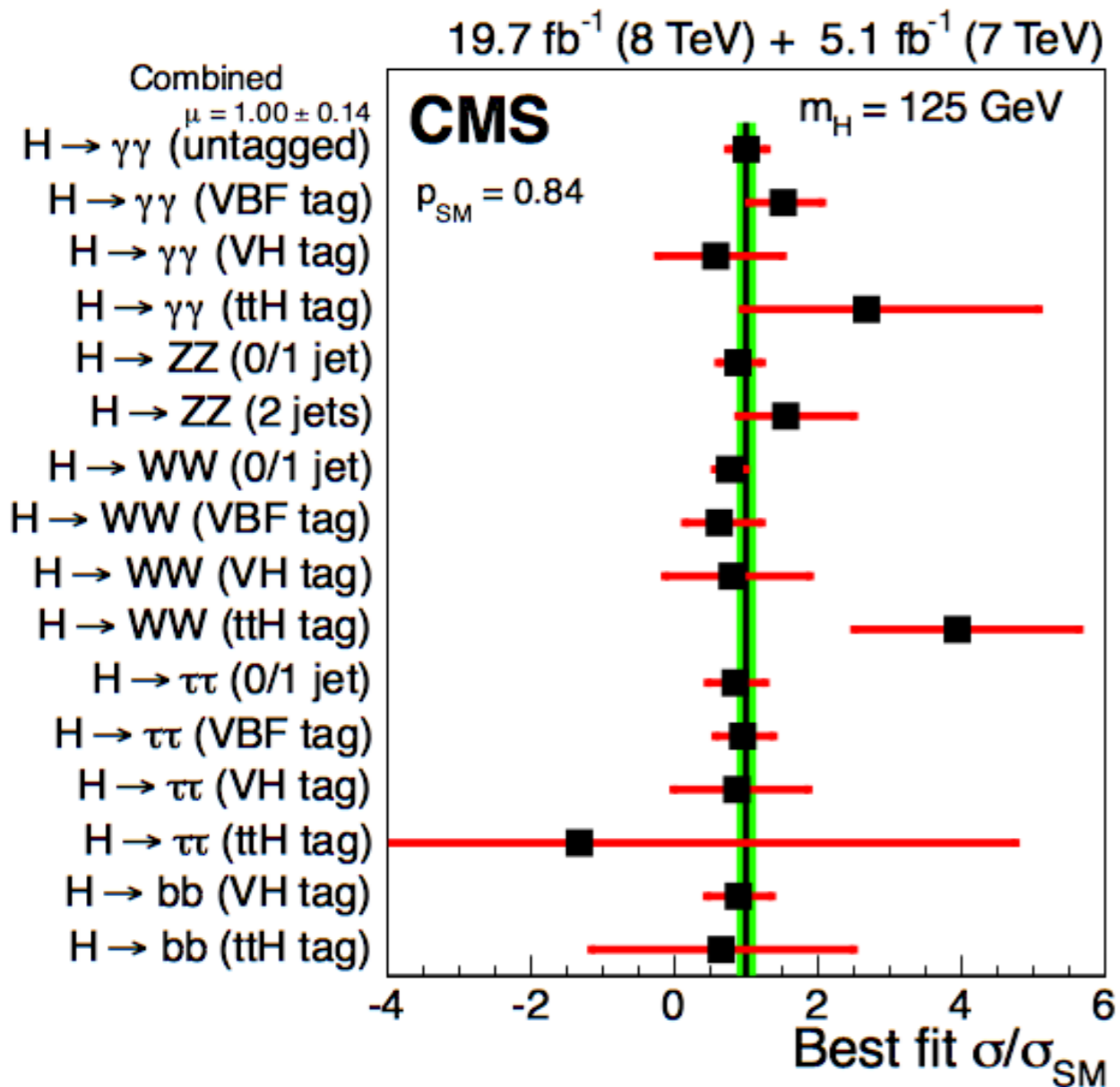
LHCTheory ERC meeting, 22-24 March 2017, Brussels

Outline

- * Motivation
- * Higher order corrections
- * Results
- * Conclusion/Outlook

Higgs particle @ ATLAS and CMS

- VH allows to measure Higgs coupling to beauty
- Deviation from the SM still possible
- Need of precise fully differential predictions



ATLAS Prelim.

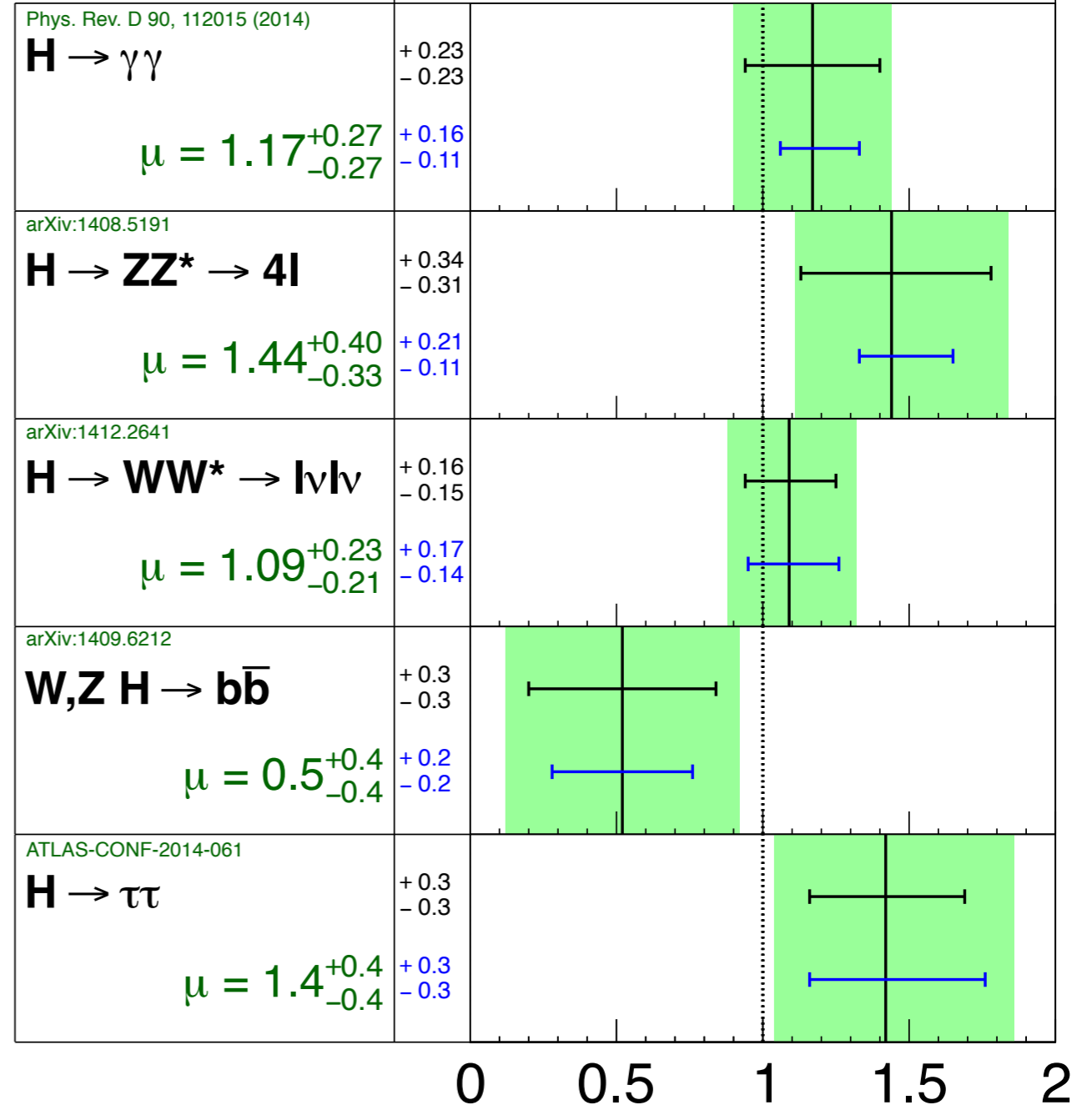
$m_H = 125.36$ GeV

— $\sigma(\text{stat.})$

— $\sigma(\text{sys inc. theory})$

Total uncertainty

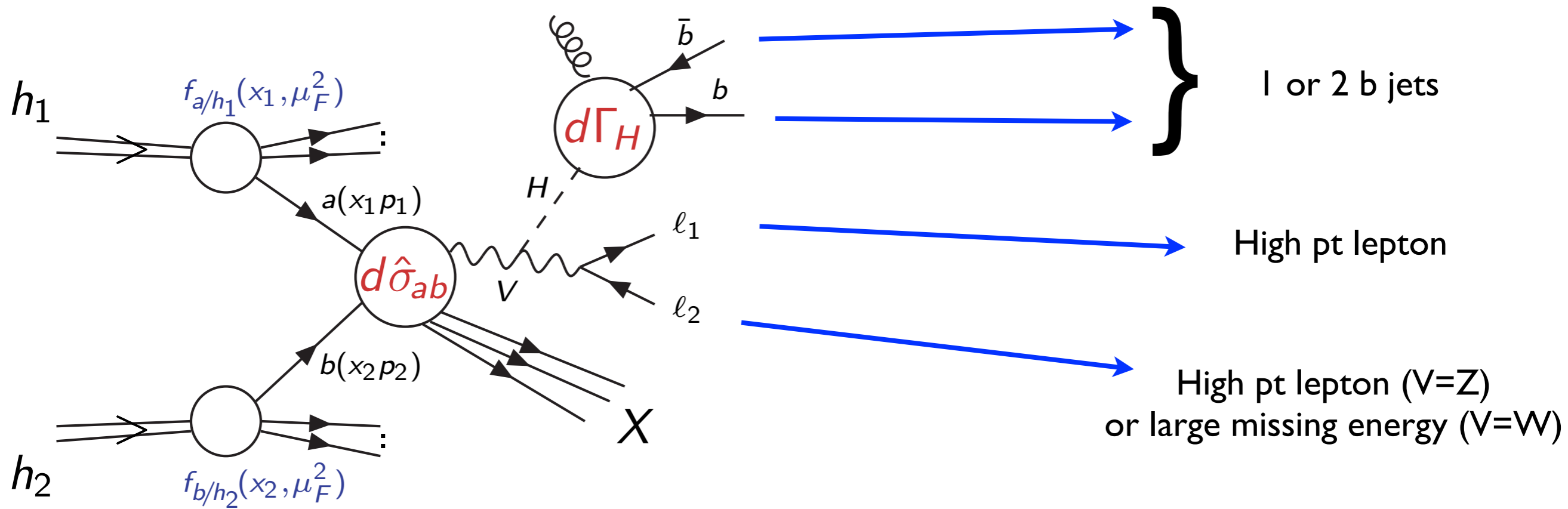
■ $\pm 1\sigma$ on μ



$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV $\int L dt = 4.5\text{-}4.7$ fb⁻¹

$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV $\int L dt = 20.3$ fb⁻¹

VH(bb) signal phenomenology



- Large sources of backgrounds from $V+bb, V+b, V+jets, tt, VV$
- For boosted events S/B ratio improve considerably and allows detection at the LHC
[Butterworth, Davison, Rubin, Salam 2008]
- Search strategy for VH production important to asses the relevance of the corrections to the decay process

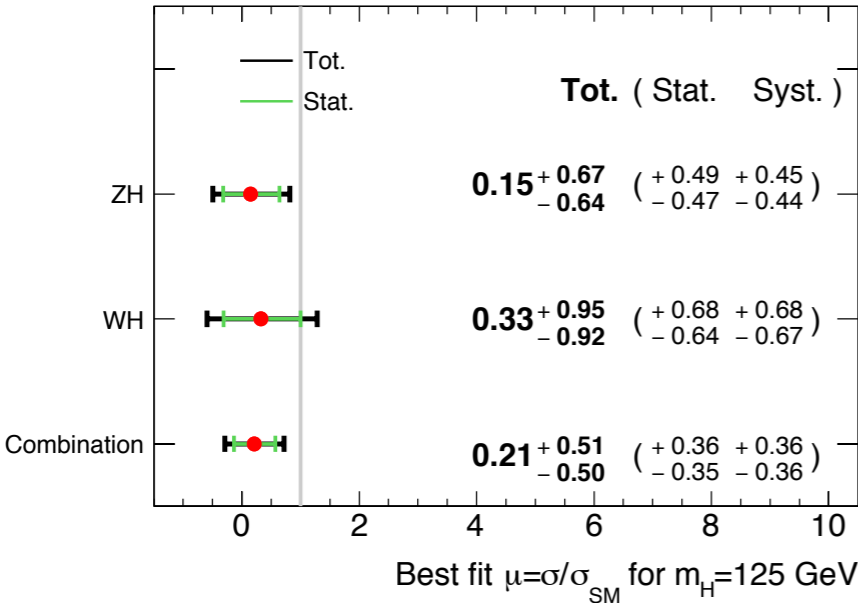
$$R_{bb} \gtrsim 2 \frac{m_H}{p_T} \quad (p_T \gg m_H)$$

Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson produced in association with a vector boson and decaying to a b-bbar pair in pp collisions at 13 TeV using the ATLAS detector

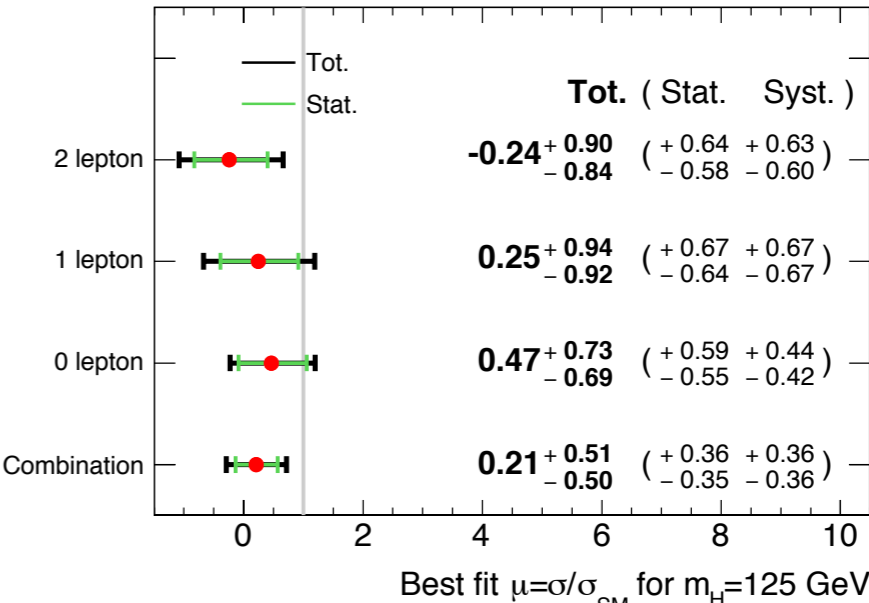
ATLAS-CONF-2016-091

Selection	0-lepton	1-lepton	2-lepton
Trigger	E_T^{miss}	E_T^{miss} (μ sub-channel)	Lowest unrescaled single lepton
Leptons	0 loose lepton	1 tight lepton	2 loose leptons (≥ 1 medium lepton)
Lepton pair	-	-	Same flavour opposite-charge for $\mu\mu$
E_T^{miss}	> 150 GeV	> 30 GeV (e sub-channel)	-
m_{ll}	-	-	$71 < m_{ll} < 121$ GeV
S_T	> 120 (2 jets), > 150 GeV (3 jets)	-	-
Jets	Exactly 2 or 3 signal jets		Exactly 2 or ≥ 3 signal jets
b -jets	2 b -tagged signal jets		
Leading jet p_T	> 45 GeV		
$\min\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \text{jet})$	$> 20^\circ$	-	-
$\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, h)$	$> 120^\circ$	-	-
$\Delta\phi(\text{jet1}, \text{jet2})$	$< 140^\circ$	-	-
$\Delta\phi(E_T^{\text{miss}}, E_{T, \text{trk}}^{\text{miss}})$	$< 90^\circ$	-	-
p_T^V regions	[0, 150] GeV (2-lepton), [150, ∞] GeV		

ATLAS Preliminary $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV, $\int L dt= 13.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



ATLAS Preliminary $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV, $\int L dt= 13.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



- too early to claim the need of NP, but...
- quite large negative fluctuation

- with combined ATLAS and CMS 2016 data H-b-b coupling will be measured with high accuracy

Higher order corrections

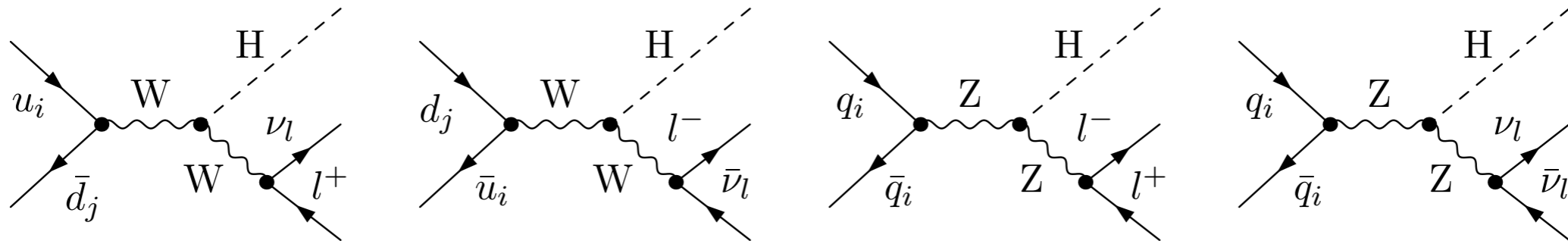
VH higher Order Corrections (EW)

* EW corrections:

NLO EW total cross section (5~10% at the LHC) [Ciccolini, Dittmaier, Kramer '03]

NLO EW known differentially (5~10% or more at the LHC)

→ HAWK [Denner, Dittmaier, Kallweit, Mück]



✓ Fully differential 2→3 NLO EW computation

✓ Implemented through the Complex Mass Scheme@NLO [Denner, Dittmaier]

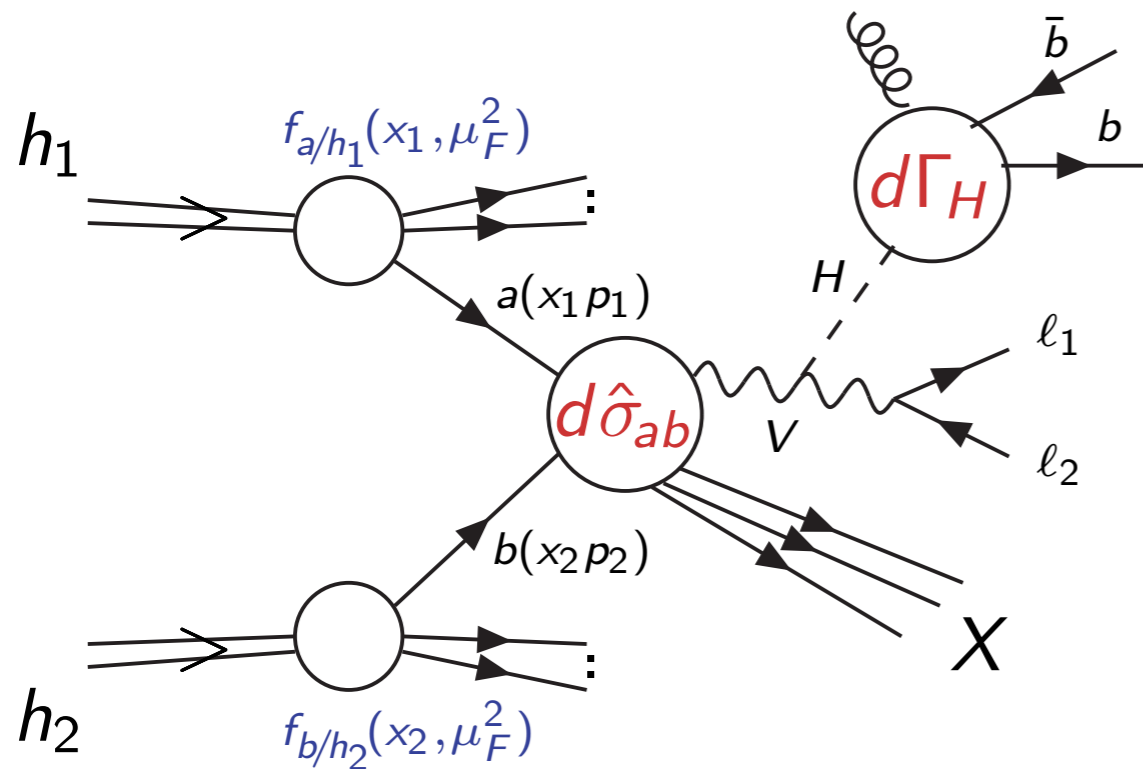
* Combination of QCD and EW corrections

✓ as done already in YR2, also at differential level

$$\sigma = \sigma^{\text{QCD}} \times (1 + \delta_{\text{EW}}^{\text{rec}}) + \sigma_{\gamma}$$

✓ More can only be achieved by some NNLO QCD-EW calculation: currently out of reach

VH higher order Corrections (QCD) (parton level)



QCD corrections (inclusive)

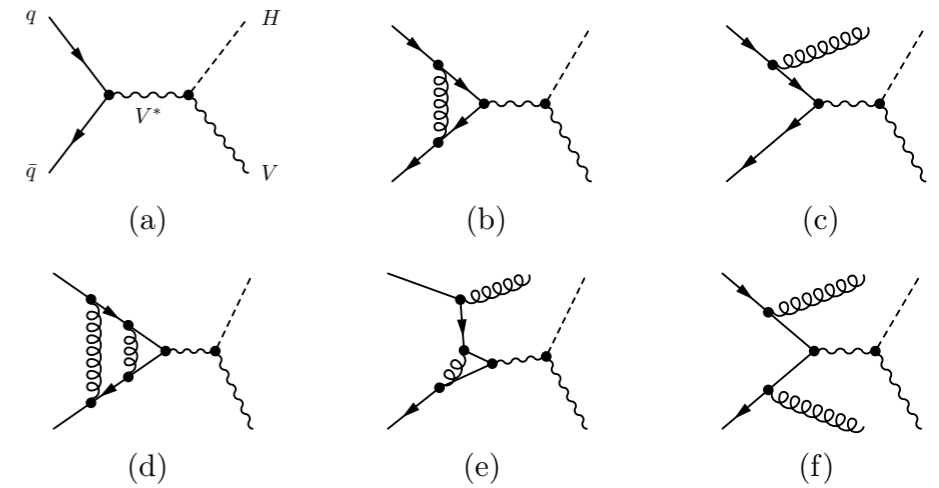
- NNLO QCD corrections for VH are basically the same of DY (1~3% at the LHC)
[Van Neerven et al 1991, Brein, Harlander, Djouadi 2000]
- For ZH there is also $gg \rightarrow ZH$ top-loop, the most accurate prediction covers $gg \rightarrow ZH$ @ NLO QCD in the heavy-top limit (5% at the LHC)
[Altenkamp, Dittmaier, Harlander, Rzehak, Zirke 2012]
- NNLO top-mediated contribution (1~2% at the LHC)
[Brei, Harlander, Wiesemann, Zirke 2011]
- N3LO threshold corrections computed
[Kumal, Mandal, Ravindran (2014)]
- The inclusive $H \rightarrow bb$ decay rate is known up to fourth order in QCD (0.1%) [Baikov,Chetyrkin,Kuhn('05)] (and up to NLO EW (1~2%) [Dabelstein, Hollik; Kniehl (1992)])

QCD corrections (differential)

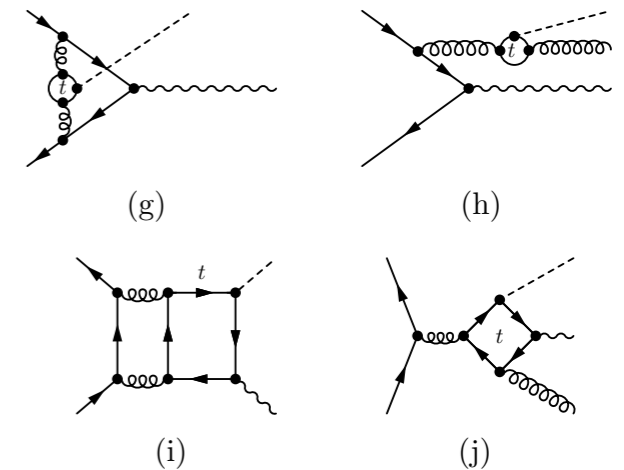
- Fully differential NNLO QCD corrections for VH, including leptonic V decays with spin correlations and NLO H decay HVNNLO [Ferrera, Grazzini, FT (2011, 2014)] (qT subtraction method)
MCFM [Campbell, Ellis, Giele, Williams (2016)] (N-jettiness method) + top-loop contributions from [Brein et al (2011)]
- NNLO fully-differential decay rate $H \rightarrow bb$ computed through new non-linear mapping method [Anastasiou,Herzog,Lazopoulos (2012)] and the Colourful (dipole) method [Del Duca,Duhr,Somogyi,FT,Trocsanyi (2015)]
- Resummation of jet-veto and transverse-momentum logarithms performed [Y.Li,Liu(2014)][Shao,C.S.Li,H.T.Li(2013)], [Dawson,Han,Lai,Leibovich,Lewis(2012)]

Higgs boson associated production

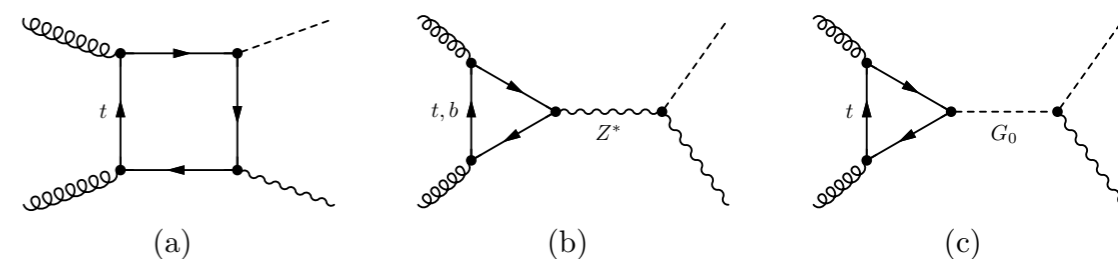
- Drell–Yan type contribution
- They contribute to the cross section at order $g^4 \alpha_s^n$ ($n = 0, 1, 2$)
- increase the cross section by about 30% with respect to LO



- top-loop-induced contributions
- Interference with the LO and the real-emission NLO amplitude is of order $\lambda_t g^3 \alpha_s^2$
- numerical impact is at the percent level.



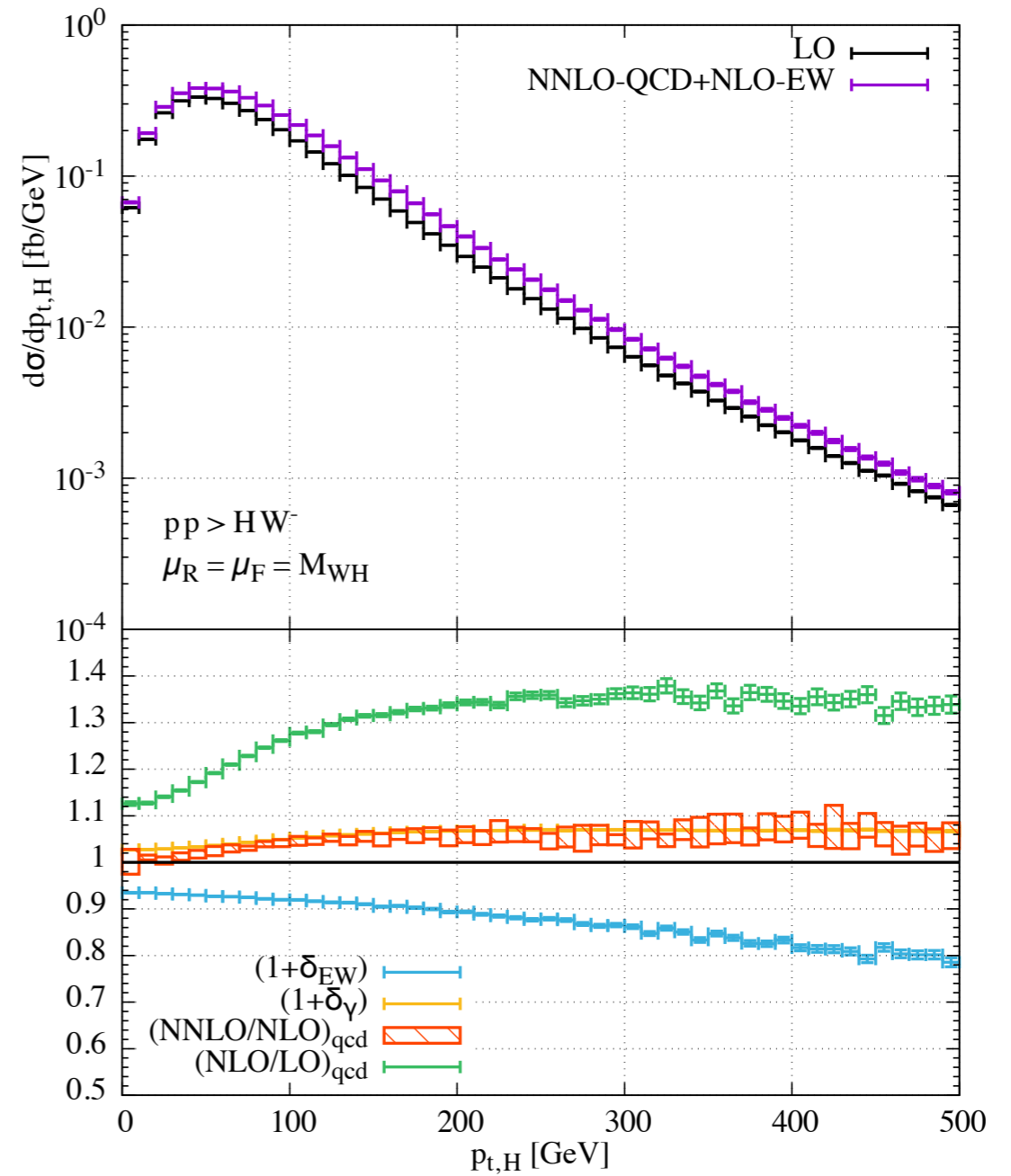
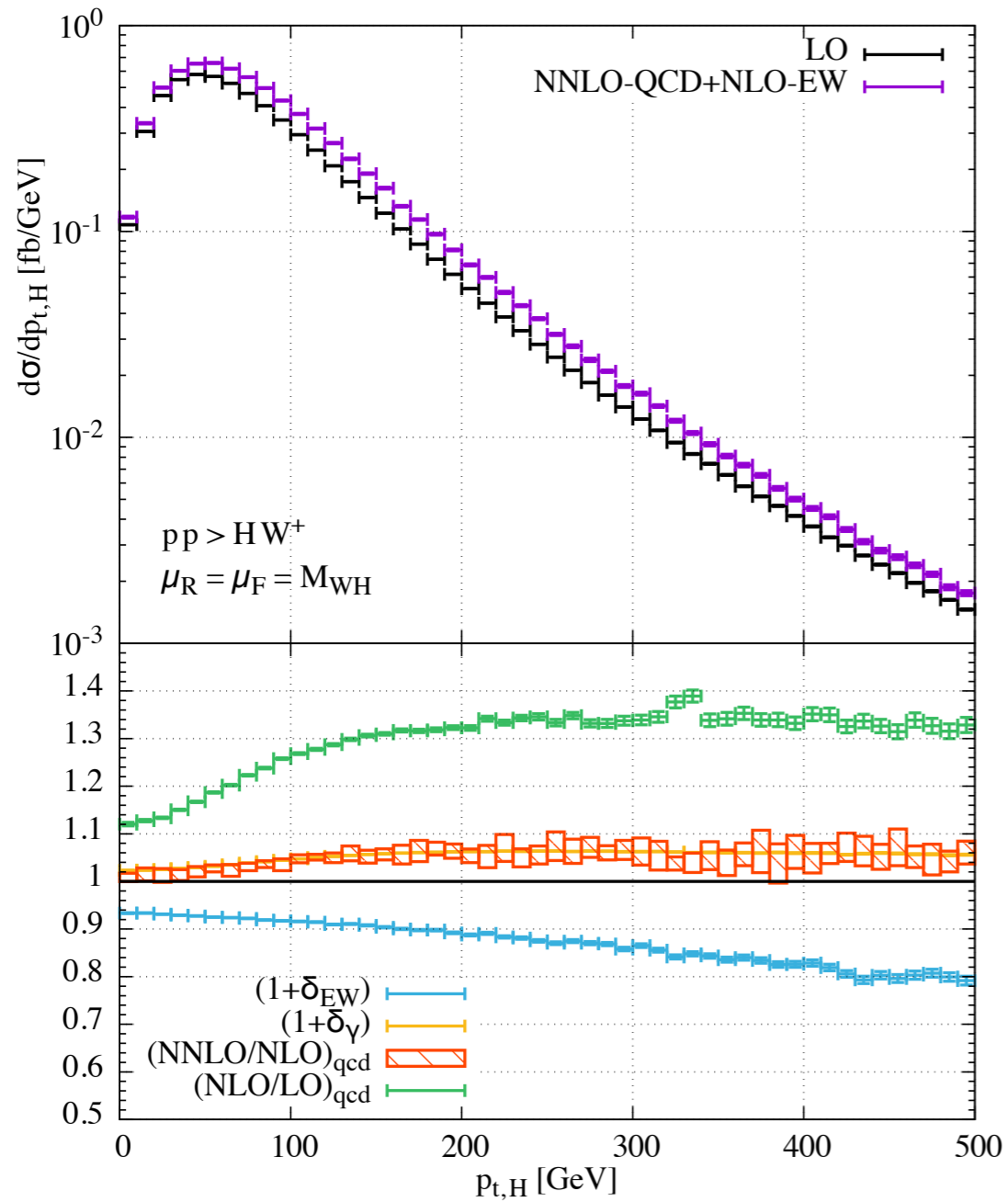
- Contributes to the cross section at order $\lambda_t^2 g^2 \alpha_s^2$
- At one-loop order it amounts to about 4% (6%) of the total Higgs strahlung cross section at the LHC with 8TeV (14TeV)
- Rather strong renormalisation and factorisation scale dependence of about 30%



- ▶ increase the theoretical uncertainty of the HZ relative to the VH process

WH higher order corrections (YR4)

(parton level)



$$\delta_{EW} = \sigma_{EW} / \sigma_{LO}$$

$$\delta_\gamma = \sigma_\gamma / \sigma_{LO}$$

- LHC13
- anti-kt with R=0.4
- $p_{Tl} > 15$ GeV, $|y_l| < 2.5$.

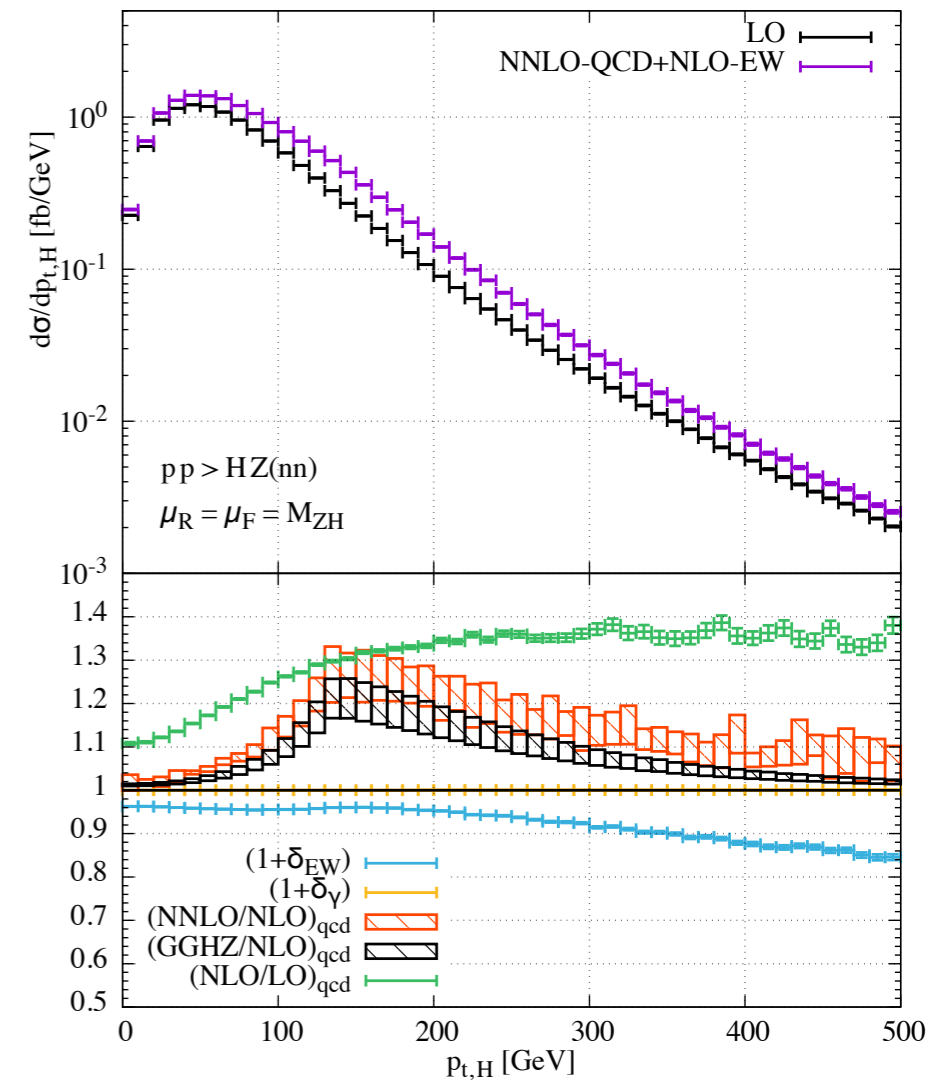
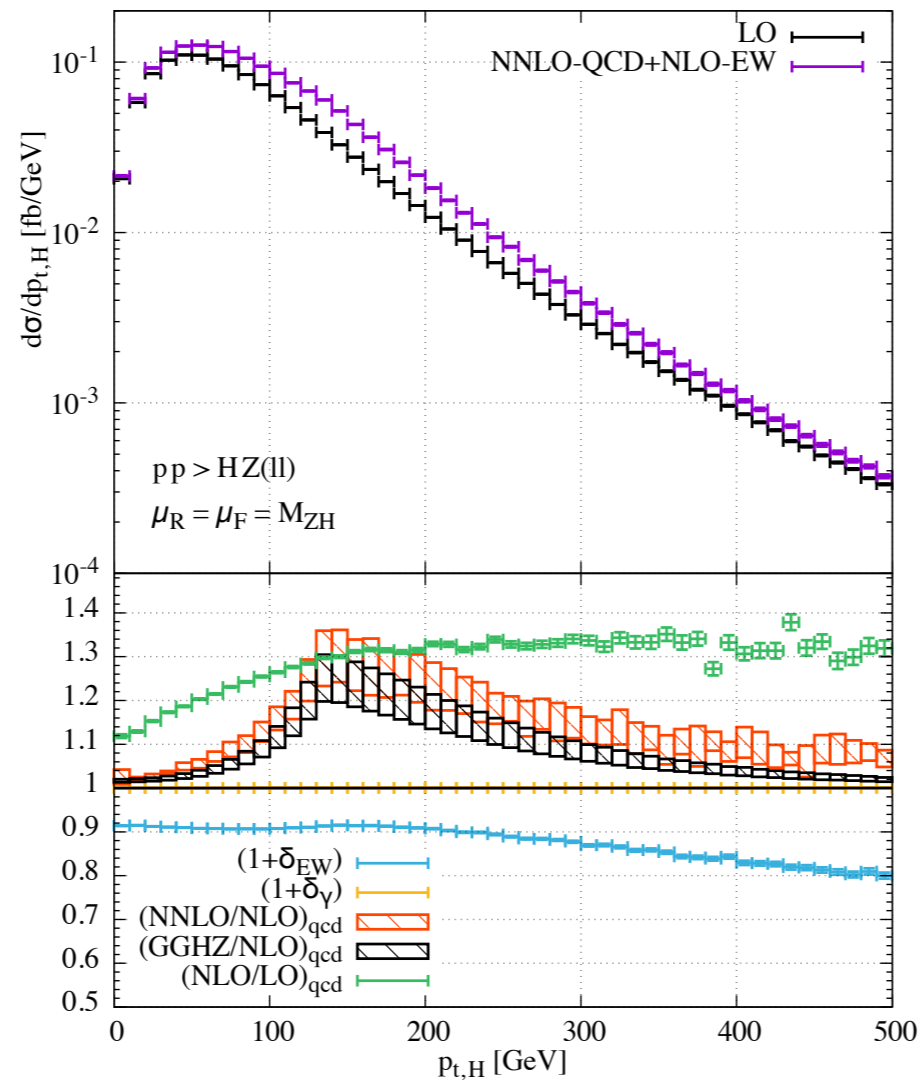
ZH associated production

Inclusive Cross Section

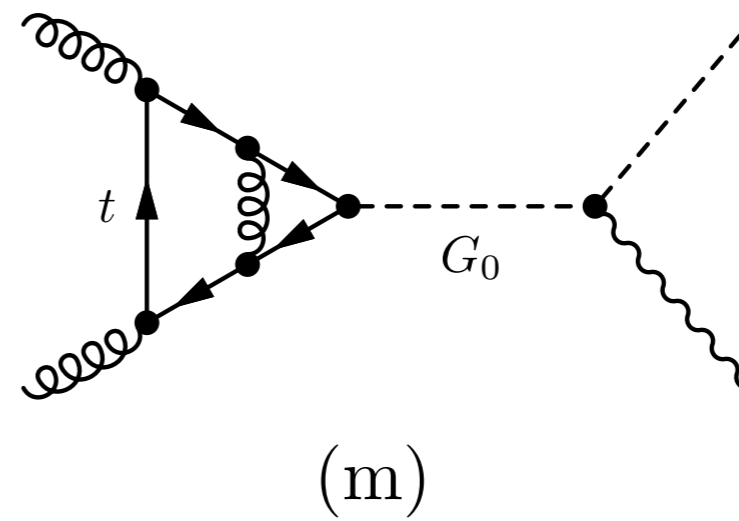
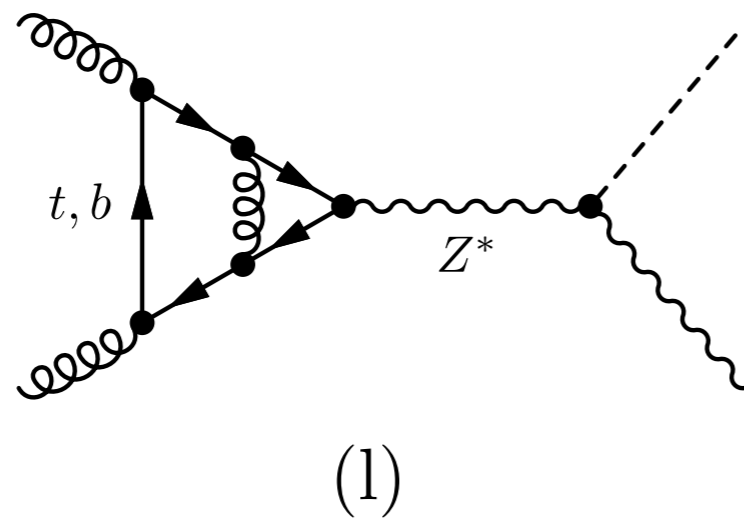
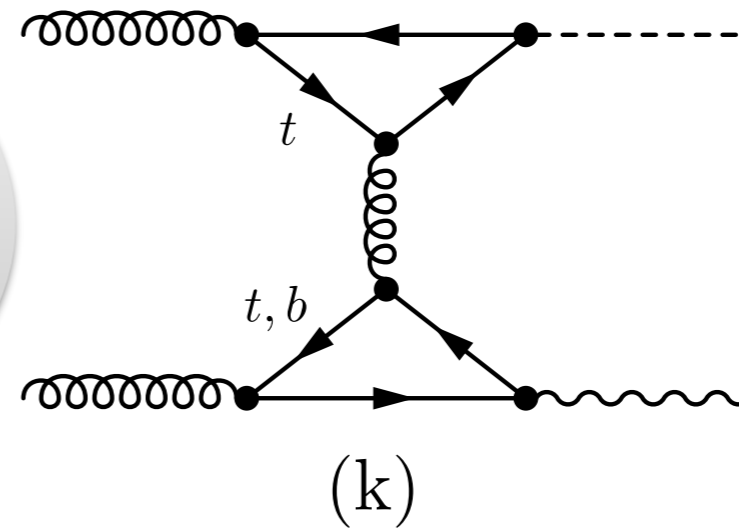
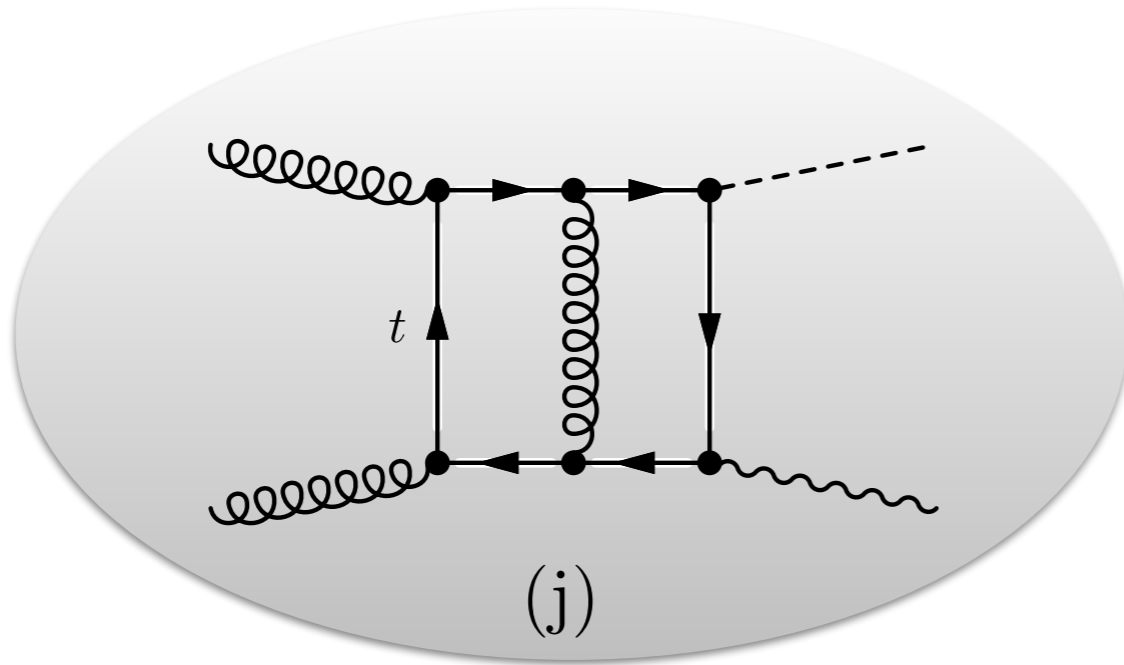
\sqrt{s} [GeV]	σ [fb]	Δ_{scale} [%]	$\Delta_{\text{PDF}/\alpha_s/\text{PDF}\oplus\alpha_s}$ [%]	$\sigma_{\text{NNLOQCD}}^{\text{DY}}$ [fb]	$\sigma_{\text{NLO+NLL}}^{\text{ggZH}}$ [fb]	$\sigma_{\text{t-loop}}$ [fb]	δ_{EW} [%]	σ_{γ} [fb]
7	11.43	+2.6 -2.4	$\pm 1.6 / \pm 0.7 / \pm 1.7$	10.91	0.94	0.11	-5.2	$0.03^{+0.04}_{-0.00}$
8	14.18	+2.9 -2.4	$\pm 1.5 / \pm 0.8 / \pm 1.7$	13.36	1.33	0.14	-5.2	$0.04^{+0.05}_{-0.00}$
13	29.82	+3.8 -3.1	$\pm 1.3 / \pm 0.9 / \pm 1.6$	26.66	4.14	0.31	-5.3	$0.11^{+0.12}_{-0.01}$
14	33.27	+3.8 -3.3	$\pm 1.3 / \pm 1.0 / \pm 1.6$	29.47	4.87	0.36	-5.3	$0.12^{+0.13}_{-0.01}$

Differential Cross Section

$75 \text{ GeV} < M_{ll} < 105 \text{ GeV}$.

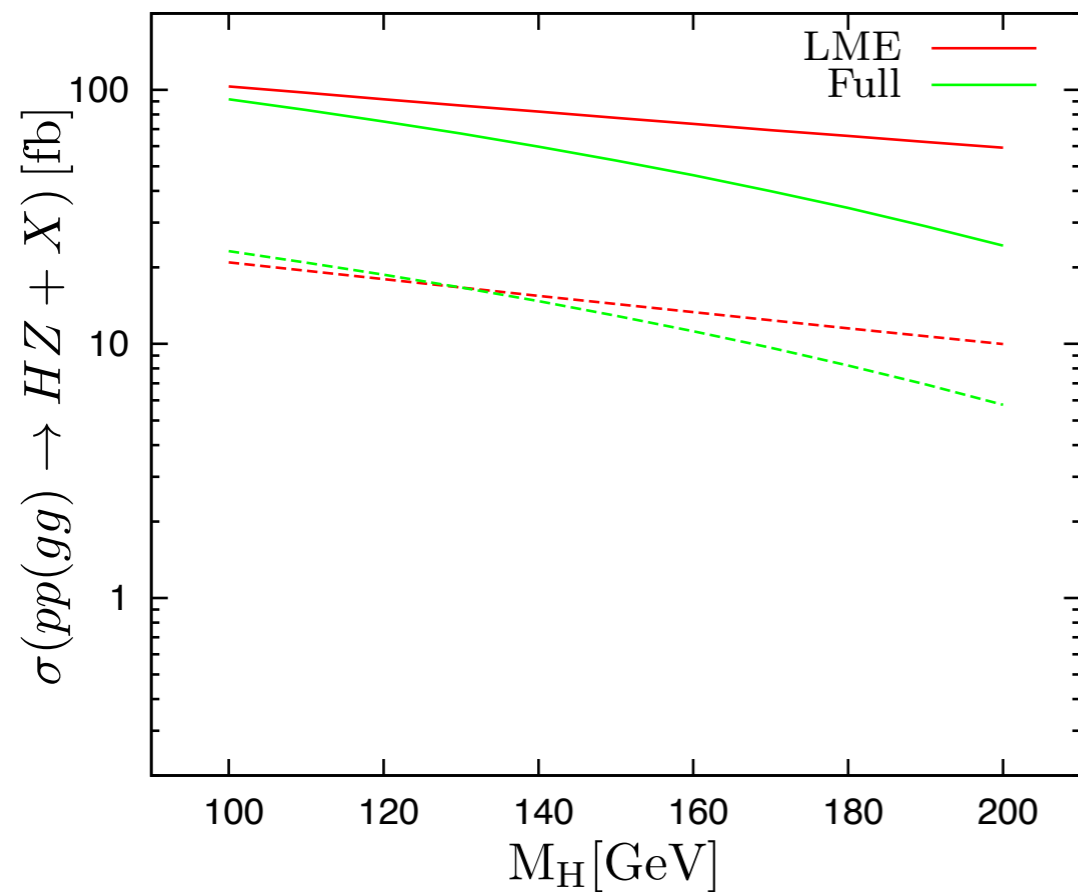


ggZH associated production at NNLO

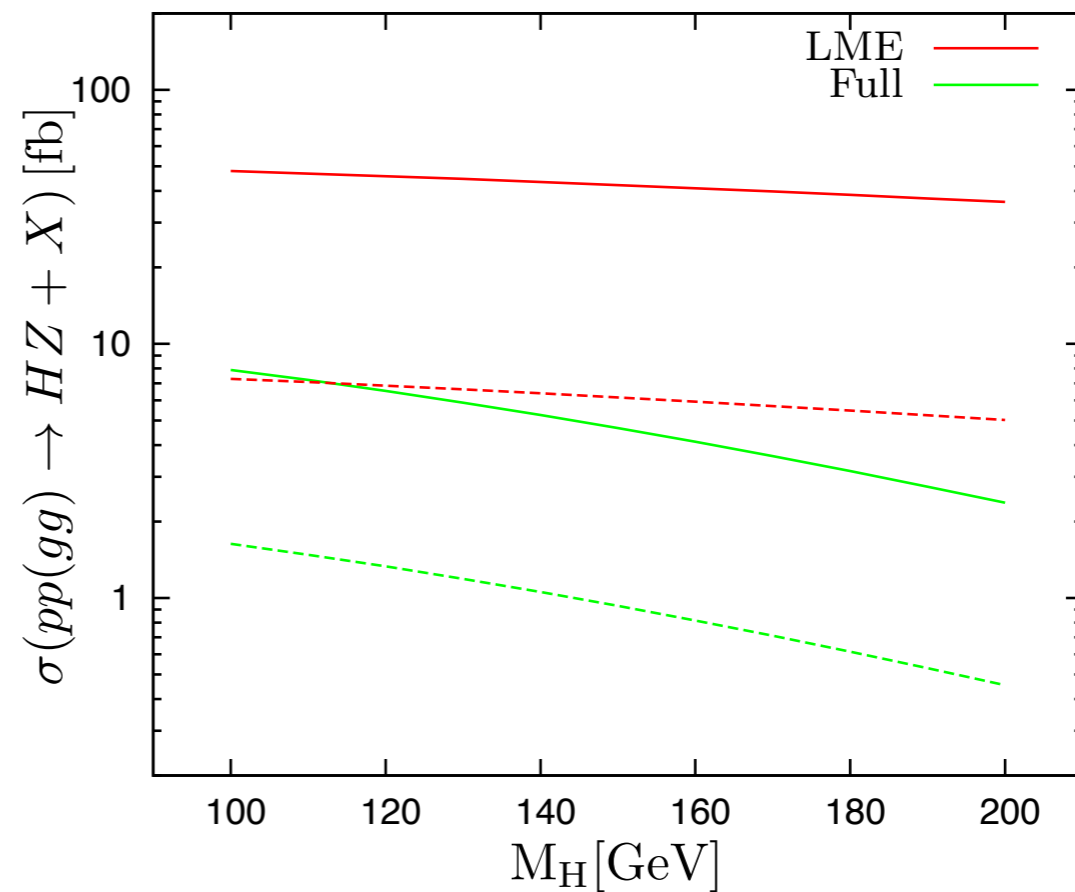


ggZH contribution to the associated production

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ (dashed) and 14 TeV (solid)



(a) Inclusive cross section

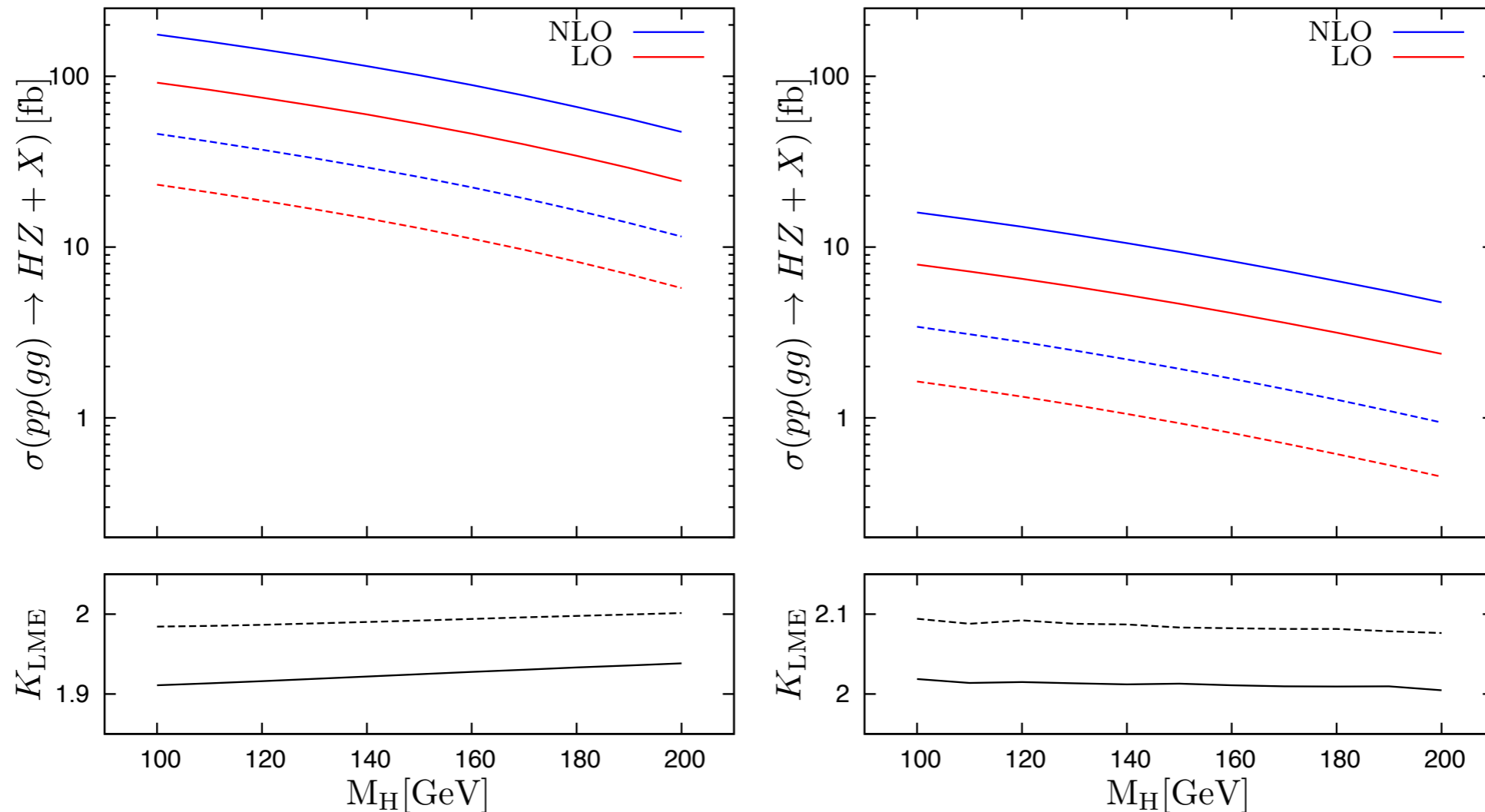


(b) $p_{T,H} > 200 \text{ GeV}$

Large Mass Expansion for the LO

ggZH contribution to the associated production

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ (dashed) and 14 TeV (solid)



(a) Inclusive cross section

(b) $p_{T,H} > 200 \text{ GeV}$

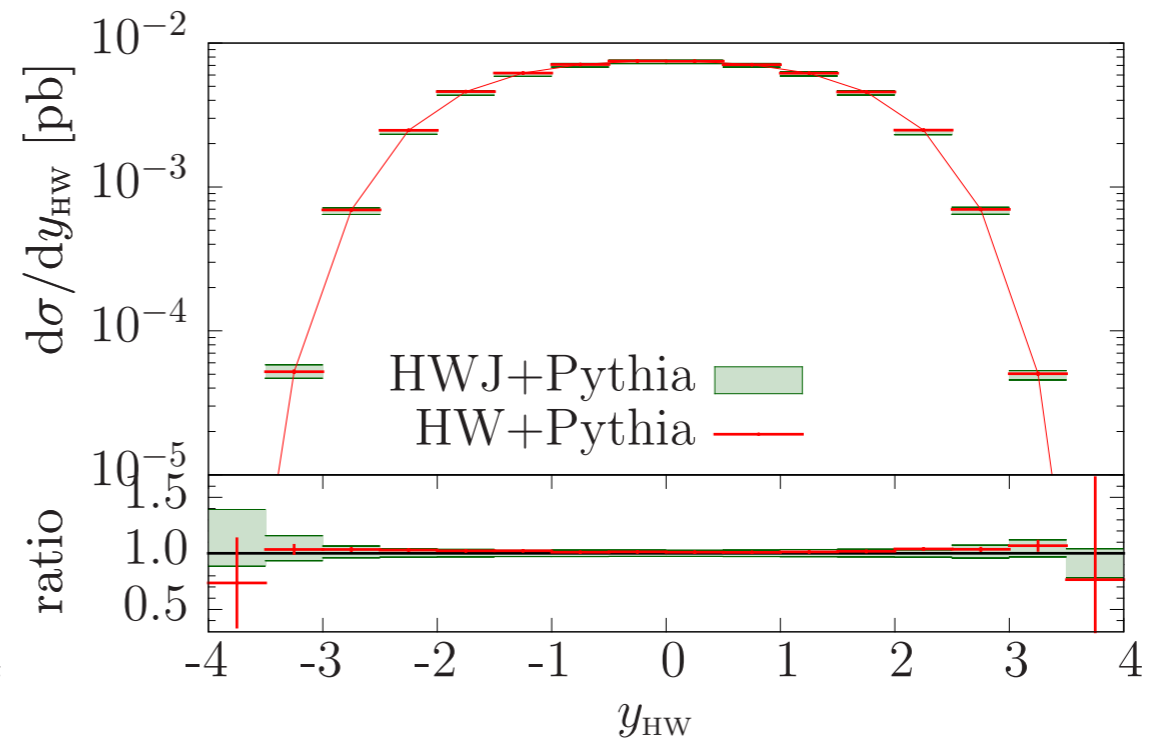
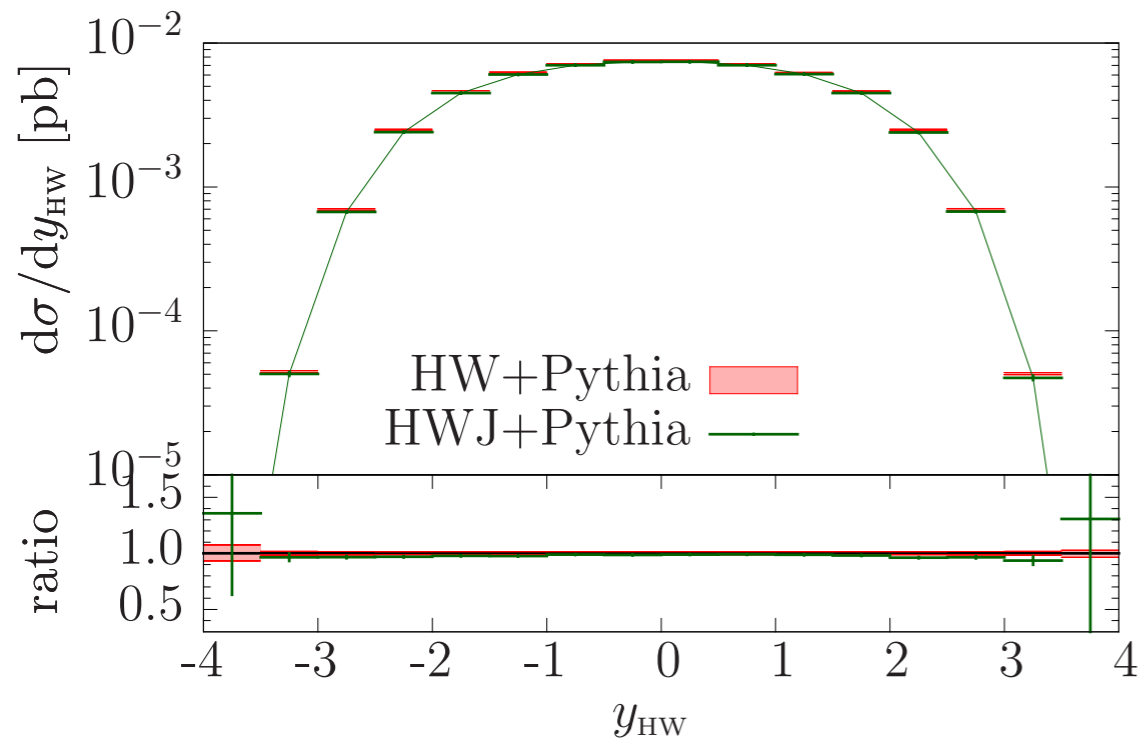
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{approx}}^{\text{NLO}}(m_t, m_b) &= \sigma^{\text{LO}}(m_t, m_b) K(m_t \rightarrow \infty, m_b = 0) \\ &= \frac{\sigma^{\text{LO}}(m_t, m_b)}{\sigma^{\text{LO}}(m_t \rightarrow \infty, m_b = 0)} \sigma^{\text{NLO}}(m_t \rightarrow \infty, m_b = 0) \end{aligned}$$

Merging and Matching

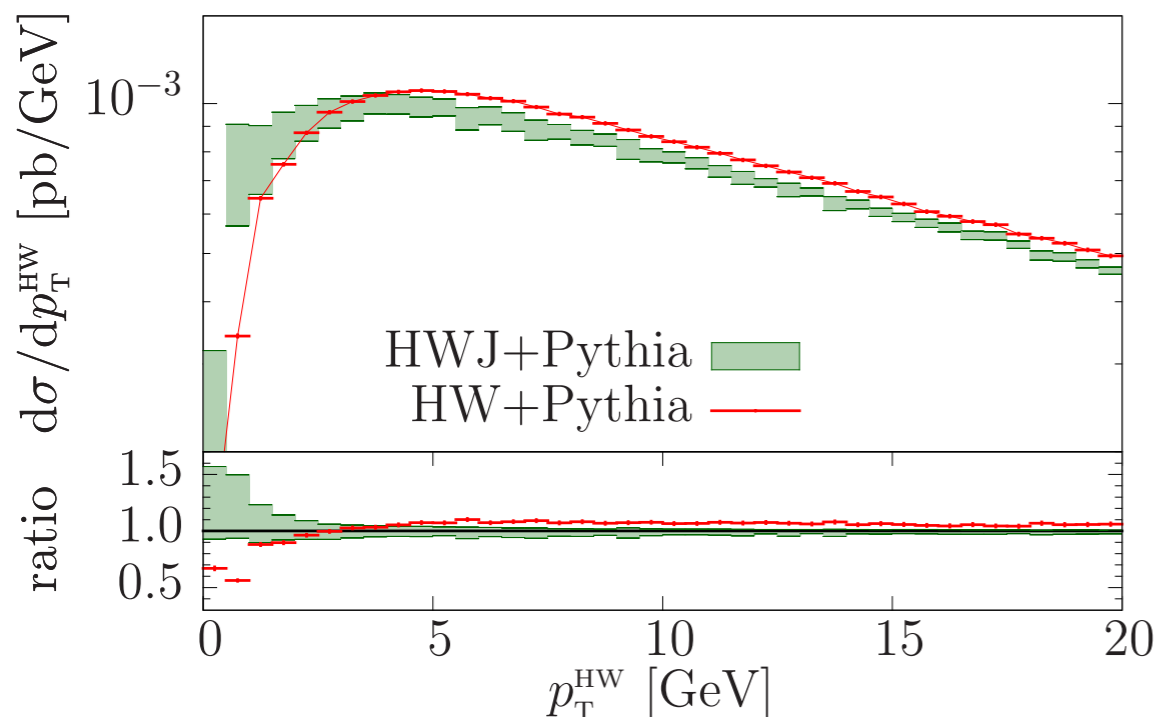
* NLO QCD & parton shower:

- ✓ merging and matching for $pp \rightarrow VH(j)$ available in the POWHEG-BOX framework [Luisoni, Nason, Oleari, FT]
- ✓ also in MG5_aMC (FxFx) and Sherpa (MEPS@NLO)
- ✓ also with anomalous couplings

MINLO [Hamilton, Nason, Zanderighi] → No error related to the merging scale



LHC8



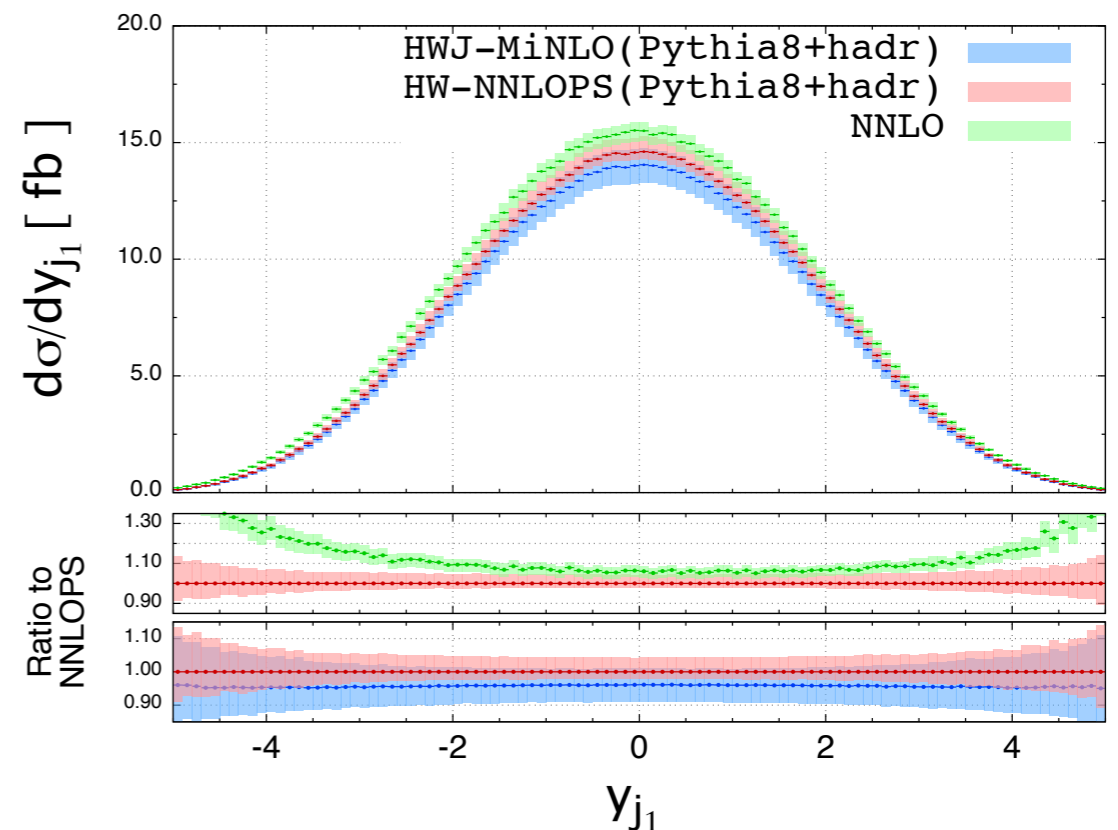
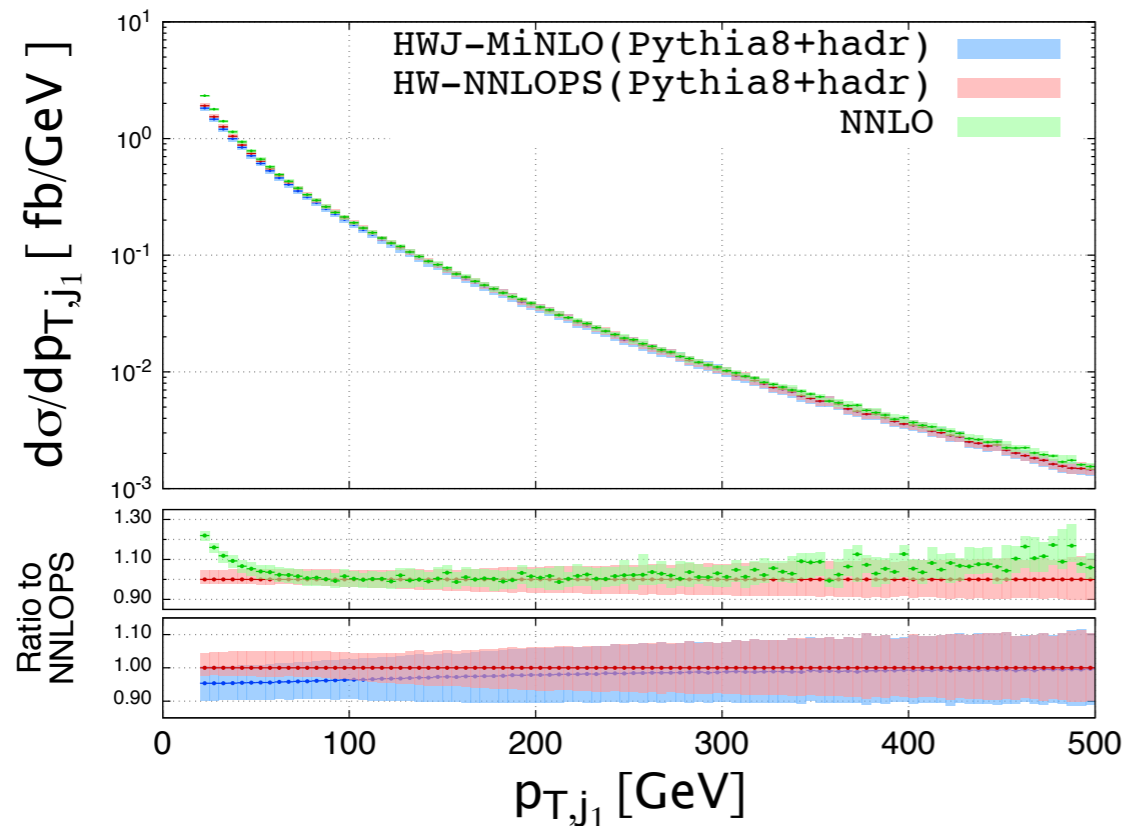
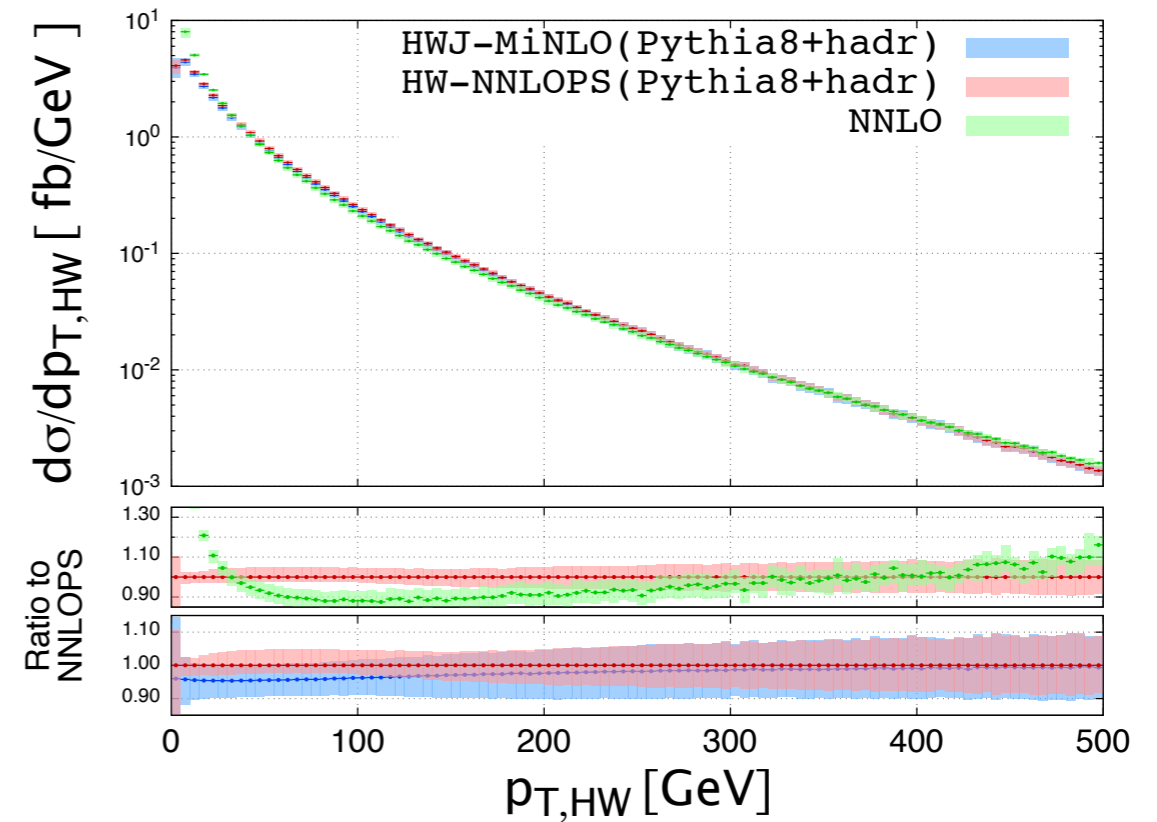
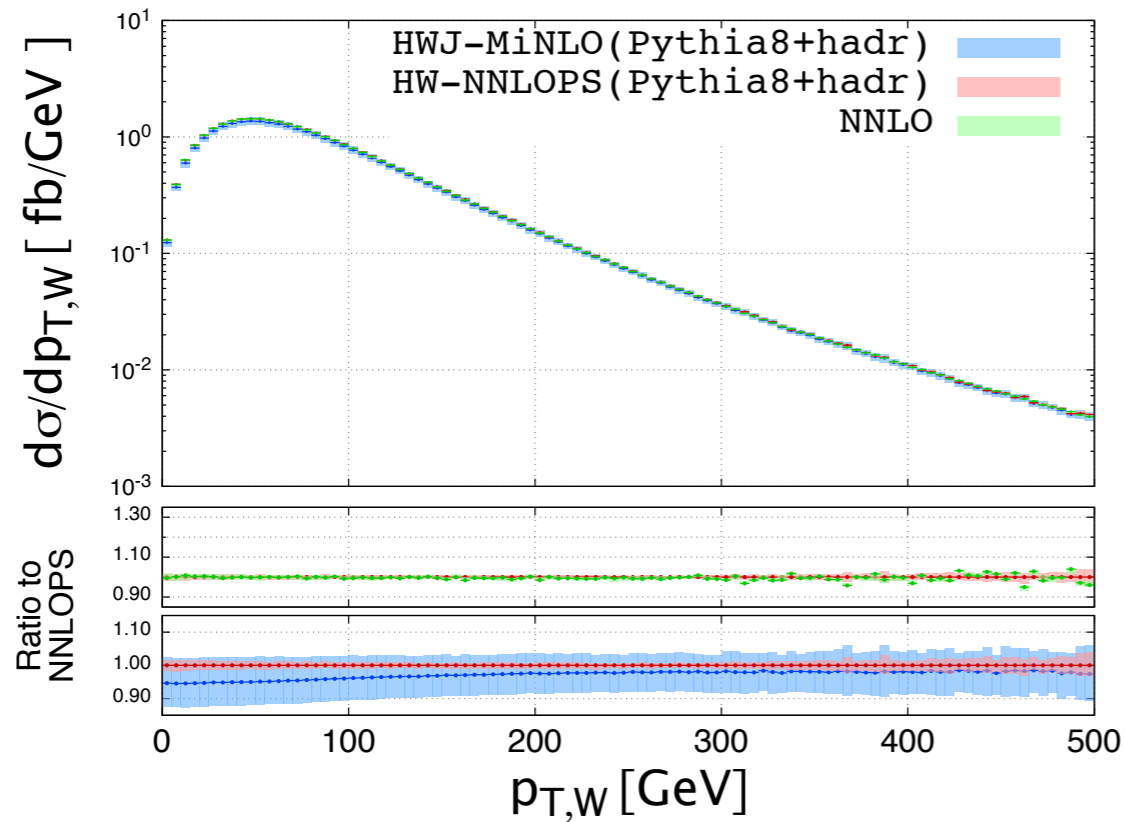
* NNLO matching with PS possible through reweighting of HVj-MINLO with HVNNLO. Already worked out for:

- ✓ H production [Hamilton, Nason, Re, Zanderighi] reweighting with HNNLO [Grazzini]
- ✓ DY production [Karlberg, Re, Zanderighi] reweighting with DYNNLO [Catani, Cieri, Ferrera, de Florian, Grazzini]

WH @ NNLOPS

$p_T(\text{jet}) > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(\text{jet})| < 4.5$

[Astill, Bizon, Re, Zanderighi 2016]



$$(pp \rightarrow VH) \otimes (H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$$

QCD corrections in the Narrow Width Approximation

$$d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH+X \rightarrow Vb\bar{b}+X} = \left[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH+X}^{(k)} \right] \times \left[\frac{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(k)}}{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(k)}} \right] \times Br(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$$

Precise knowledge from YR1

Including up to NLO corrections

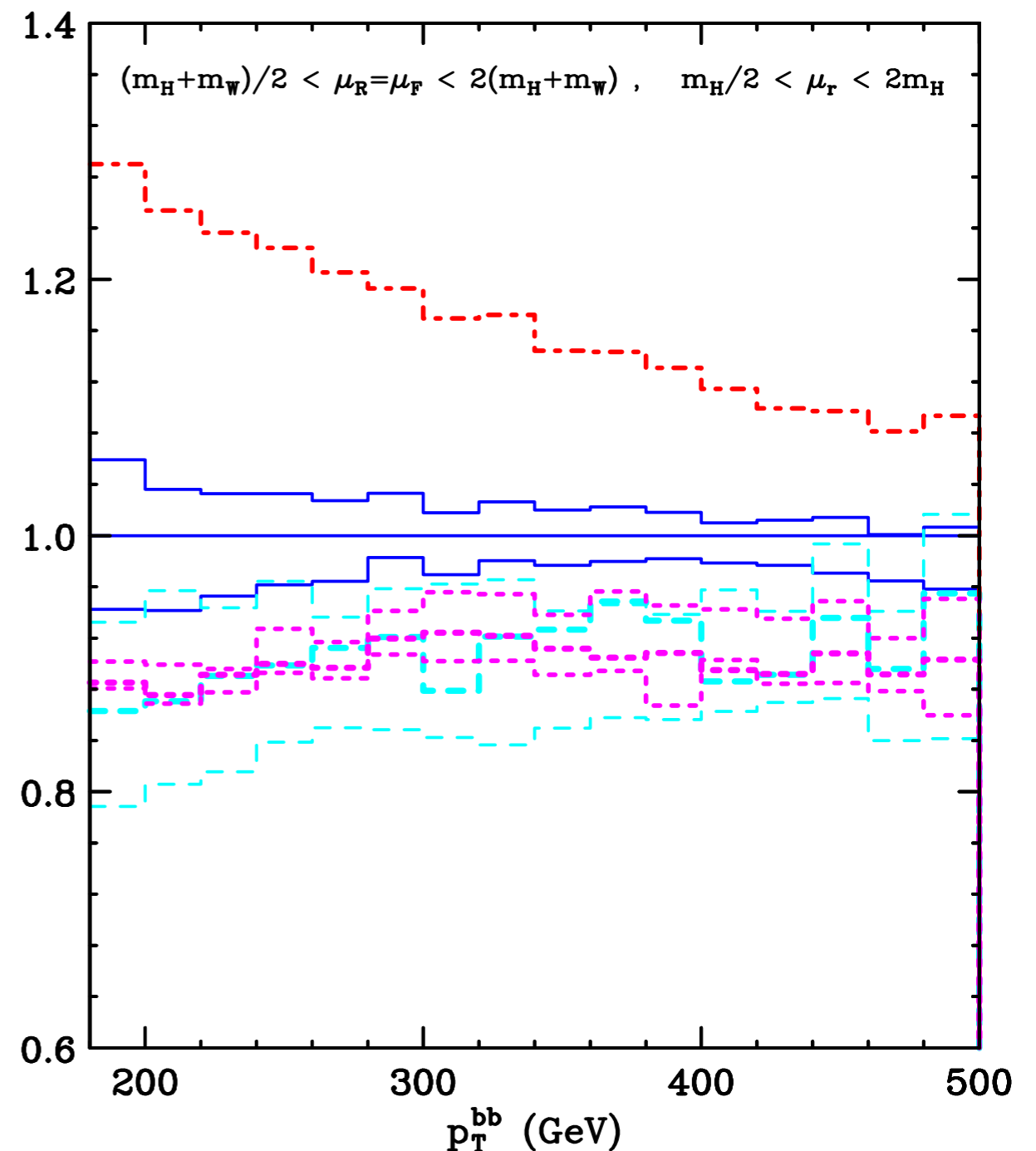
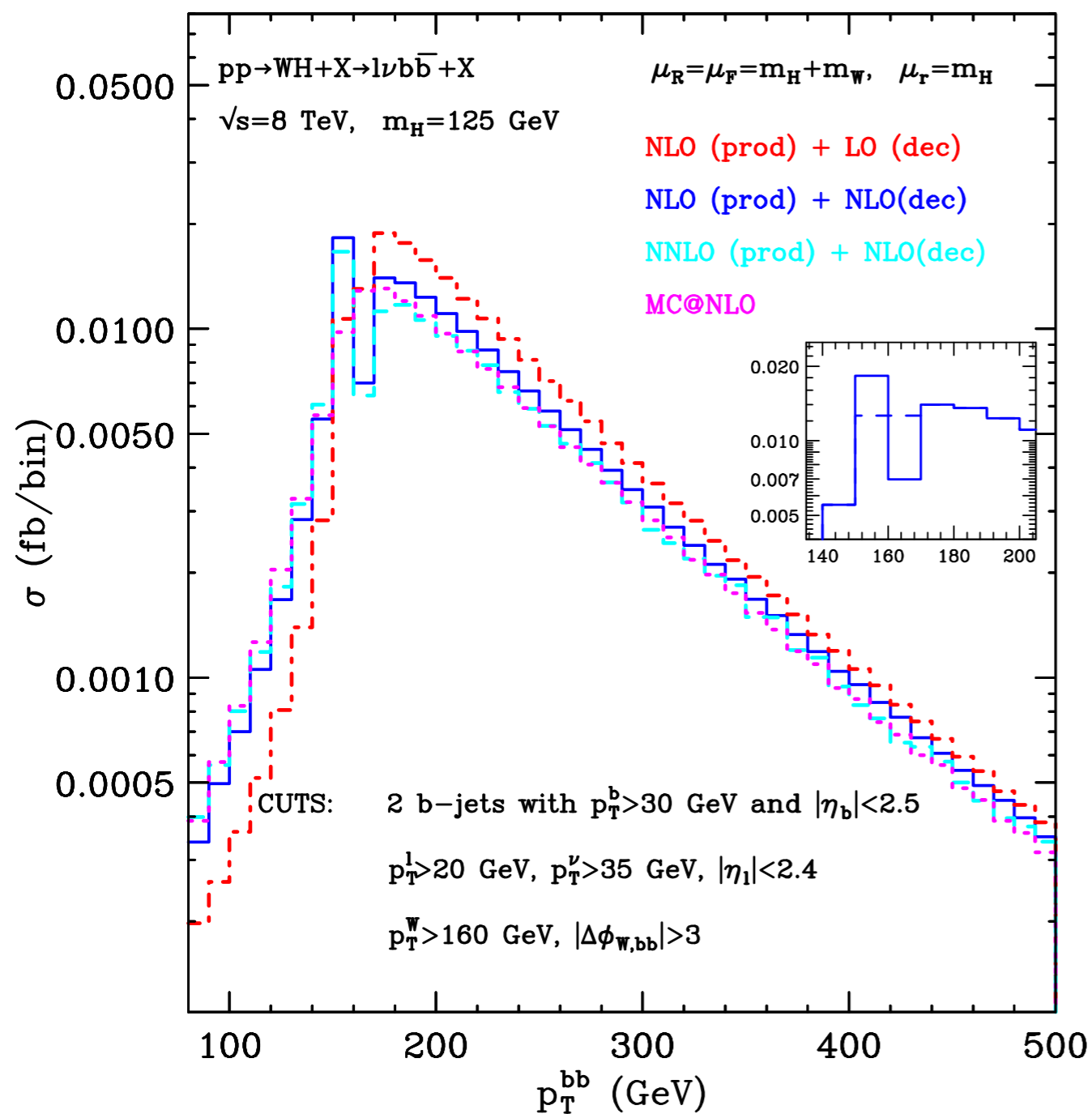
$$d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH+X \rightarrow Vb\bar{b}+X}^{\text{NLO(prod)+NLO(dec)}} = \left[d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH}^{(0)} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)}}{\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + \Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)}} + d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH+X}^{(1)} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)}}{\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)}} \right] \times Br(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$$

Including up to NNLO corrections for the production and up to NLO for the decay

$$d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH+X \rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}+X}^{\text{NNLO(prod)+NLO(dec)}} = \left[d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH}^{(0)} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)}}{\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + \Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)}} + \left(d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH+X}^{(1)} + d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow VH+X}^{(2)} \right) \times \frac{d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)}}{\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)}} \right] \times Br(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$$

NNLO(pp \rightarrow VH) \otimes nlo(H \rightarrow bb)

LHC8 with standard WH search cuts



Including up to NNLO corrections for both the Higgs production and its decay

$$\begin{aligned}
 d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow WH+X \rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}+X}^{\text{NNLO(prod)+NNLO(dec)}} = & \left[d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow WH}^{(0)} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)} + d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(2)}}{\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + \Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)} + \Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(2)}} \right. \\
 & + d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow WH+X}^{(1)} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)}}{\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)} + \Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(1)}} \\
 & \left. + d\sigma_{pp \rightarrow WH+X}^{(2)} \times \frac{d\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)}}{\Gamma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{(0)}} \right] \times Br(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})
 \end{aligned}$$

- combine NNLO in the production and nlo in the decay stages
- inclusion of NLO(prod) x NLO(dec) contribution relevant

Production: q_T subtraction method [\[Catani, Grazzini 2007\]](#)

$$h_1 h_2 \rightarrow F \quad \text{a colorless system}$$

- q_T is the transverse momentum of the colorless system (F), it is exactly zero at the leading order
- for $q_T \neq 0$ there can be only divergences from single unresolved parton configurations
 - ✓ can be treated with NLO subtraction methods like CS dipoles
- double unres. singularities are **all** associated with $q_T = 0$ configurations
 - ✓ can be treated by an additional subtraction defined exploiting the knowledge of the logarithmically enhanced contributions from the q_T resummation formalism [\[Catani, De Florian, Grazzini 2000\]](#)

$$d\sigma_{N^n LO}^F \xrightarrow{q_T \rightarrow 0} d\sigma_{LO}^F \otimes \Sigma(q_T/M) dq_T^2 = d\sigma_{LO}^F \otimes \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{2n} \left(\frac{\alpha_S}{\pi}\right)^n \Sigma^{(n,k)} \frac{M^2}{q_T^2} \ln^{k-1} \frac{M^2}{q_T^2} dq_T^2$$

$$d\sigma^{CT} \xrightarrow{q_T \rightarrow 0} d\sigma_{LO}^F \otimes \Sigma(q_T/M) dq_T^2$$

Production: qT subtraction method [Catani, Grazzini 2007]

Fully differential cross section: $d\sigma_{(N)NLO}^F = \mathcal{H}_{(N)NLO}^F \otimes d\sigma_{LO}^F + \left[d\sigma_{(N)LO}^{F+jets} - d\sigma_{(N)LO}^{CT} \right]$

$$\text{where } \mathcal{H}_{NNLO}^F = \left[1 + \frac{\alpha_S}{\pi} \mathcal{H}^{F(1)} + \left(\frac{\alpha_S}{\pi} \right)^2 \mathcal{H}^{F(2)} \right]$$

- the choice of the counter term (CT) has arbitrariness but the $qT \rightarrow 0$ limit behavior is universal
- CT regularize simultaneously the real-virtual and the double real integration that have to be run together
- the Hard function H contains both the double virtual amplitude and the integral of the CT
 - ✓ its process dependent part can be obtained by the virtual amplitude via a universal process independent factorisation formula
[Catani, Cieri, De Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini 2009]
- the method has been used for:
 - ggF** Higgs production [Catani, Grazzini 2007],
 - DY** and **Diphoton** [Catani, Cieri, De Florian, Ferrera, Grazzini 2009],
 - VV'** production [Grazzini, Kallweit, Rathlev, Torre 2013] and
[Gehrmann, Grazzini, Kallweit, Maierhöfer, von Manteuffel, Pozzorini, Rathlev, Tancredi 2014]

Decay: Colourful method [\[Del Duca, Somogyi and Trocsanyi 2007, 2009\]](#)

- completely local method
- based on the universal infrared factorization of QCD squared matrix elements
- local subtraction terms for regulating the singularities
- Phase space factorization
- $O(300)$ integrals to account of the final state singularities

$$d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{NNLO}} = \left\{ d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR}} J_{m+2} - d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_2} J_m - \left[d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_1} J_{m+1} - d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_{12}} J_m \right] \right\}_{\epsilon=0},$$

$$d\sigma_{m+1}^{\text{NNLO}} = \left\{ \left[d\sigma_{m+1}^{\text{RV}} + \int_1 d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_1} \right] J_{m+1} - \left[d\sigma_{m+1}^{\text{RV},A_1} + \left(\int_1 d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_1} \right)^{A_1} \right] J_m \right\}_{\epsilon=0},$$

$$d\sigma_m^{\text{NNLO}} = \left\{ d\sigma_m^{\text{VV}} + \int_2 \left[d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_2} - d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_{12}} \right] + \int_1 \left[d\sigma_{m+1}^{\text{RV},A_1} + \left(\int_1 d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_1} \right)^{A_1} \right] \right\}_{\epsilon=0} J_m.$$

Status of (287) integrals

Int	status	Int	status	Int	status	Int	status	Int	status
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,0}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,0}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1CS,0}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k,l)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,1}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,1}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,1}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1CS,1}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k,l)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,2}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,2}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,2}$	($m > 3$) ✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1CS,2}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,3}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,3}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,3}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1CS,3}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,4}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,4}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,4}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1CS,4}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k,l)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,5}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,5}^{(k,l)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,5}$	✓			$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,6}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,6}^{(k,l)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,6}$	✓			$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,7}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,7}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{1S,7}$	✓			$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,8}$	✓
$\mathcal{I}_{1C,8}$	✓					$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,9}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,10}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,11}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,12}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,13}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,14}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,15}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,16}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,17}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,18}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,19}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,20}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,21}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,22}$	✓
						$\mathcal{I}_{12C}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2S,23}$	✓

Int	status	Int	status	Int	status	Int	status	Int	status
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,1}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12CS,1}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2C}^{(j,k,l,m)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2CS,1}^{(k)}$	✓		
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,2}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12CS,2}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2C,2}^{(j,k,l,m)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2CS,2}^{(k)}$	✓		
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,3}^{(k)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{12CS,3}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2C,3}^{(j,k,l,m)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2CS,2}^{(2)}$	✓		
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,4}^{(k)}$	✓			$\mathcal{I}_{2C,4}^{(j,k,l,m)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2CS,3}^{(k)}$	✓		
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,5}^{(k)}$	✓			$\mathcal{I}_{2C,5}^{(-1,-1,-1,-1)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2CS,4}^{(k)}$	✓		
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,6}$	✓			$\mathcal{I}_{2C,6}^{(k,l)}$	✓	$\mathcal{I}_{2CS,5}^{(k)}$	✓		
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,7}$	✓								
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,8}$	✓								
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,9}$	✓								
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,10}$	✓								
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,11}$	✓								
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,12}$	✓								
$\mathcal{I}_{12S,13}$	✓								

✓ : pole coefficients are known analytically, finite numerically, in some cases analytically

Fully analytic determination of all the singularities for $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

$$\sigma_m^{\text{NNLO}} = \int_m \left\{ d\sigma_m^{\text{VV}} + \int_2 \left[d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_2} - d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_{12}} \right] + \int_1 \left[d\sigma_{m+1}^{\text{RV},A_1} + \left(\int_1 d\sigma_{m+2}^{\text{RR},A_1} \right)^{A_1} \right] \right\} J_m$$

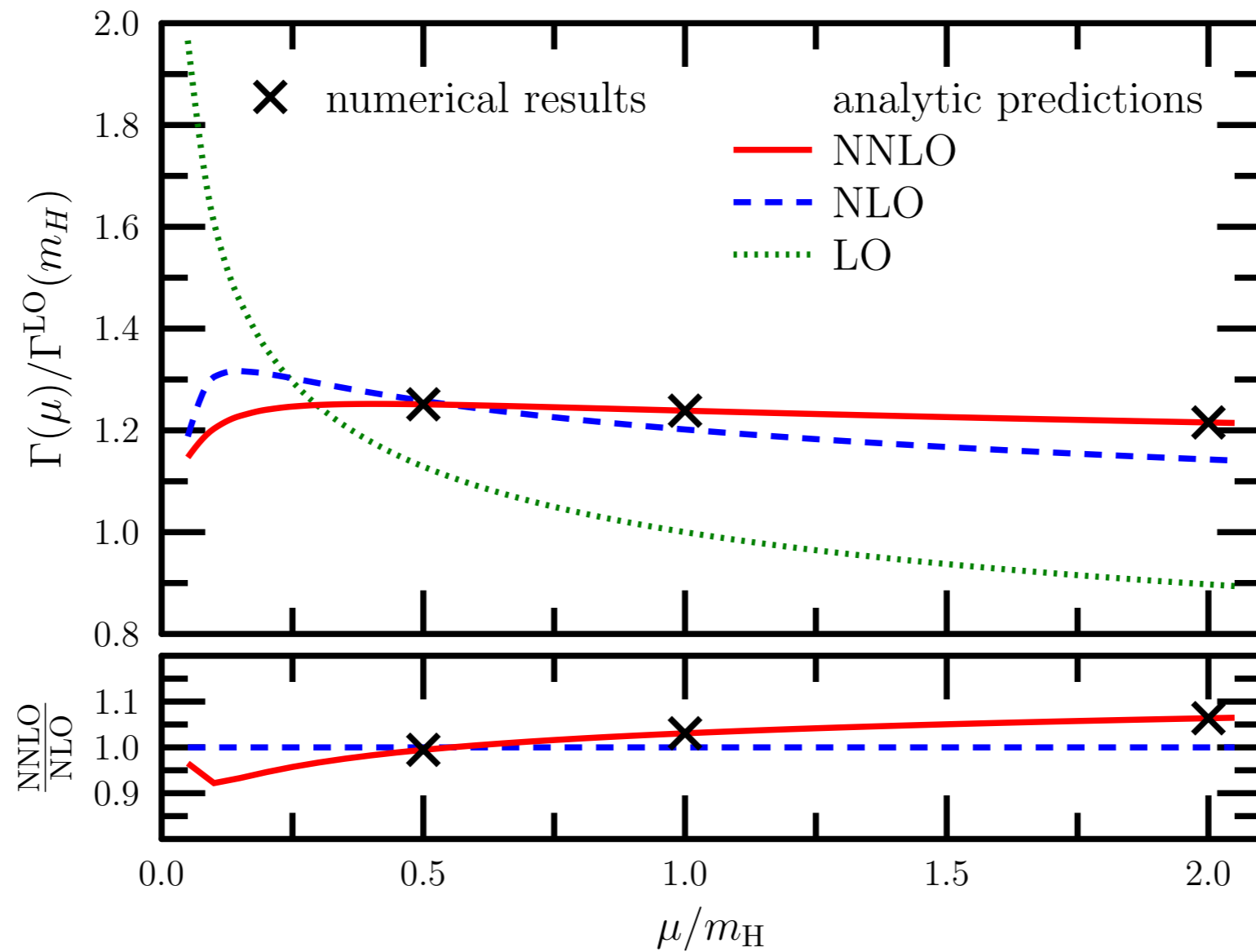
$$\begin{aligned} d\sigma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{\text{VV}} = & \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu^2)}{2\pi} \right)^2 d\sigma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{\text{B}} \left\{ + \frac{2C_F^2}{\epsilon^4} + \left(\frac{11C_A C_F}{4} + 6C_F^2 - \frac{C_F n_f}{2} \right) \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \right. \\ & + \left[\left(\frac{8}{9} + \frac{\pi^2}{12} \right) C_A C_F + \left(\frac{17}{2} - 2\pi^2 \right) C_F^2 - \frac{2C_F n_f}{9} \right] \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \\ & \left. + \left[\left(-\frac{961}{216} + \frac{13\zeta_3}{2} \right) C_A C_F + \left(\frac{109}{8} - 2\pi^2 - 14\zeta_3 \right) C_F^2 + \frac{65C_F n_f}{108} \right] \frac{1}{\epsilon} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

C. Anastasiou, F. Herzog, A. Lazopoulos, arXiv:0111.2368

$$\begin{aligned} \sum \int d\sigma^{\text{A}} = & \left(\frac{\alpha_s(\mu^2)}{2\pi} \right)^2 d\sigma_{H \rightarrow b\bar{b}}^{\text{B}} \left\{ - \frac{2C_F^2}{\epsilon^4} - \left(\frac{11C_A C_F}{4} + 6C_F^2 + \frac{C_F n_f}{2} \right) \frac{1}{\epsilon^3} \right. \\ & - \left[\left(\frac{8}{9} + \frac{\pi^2}{12} \right) C_A C_F + \left(\frac{17}{2} - 2\pi^2 \right) C_F^2 - \frac{2C_F n_f}{9} \right] \frac{1}{\epsilon^2} \\ & \left. - \left[\left(-\frac{961}{216} + \frac{13\zeta_3}{2} \right) C_A C_F + \left(\frac{109}{8} - 2\pi^2 - 14\zeta_3 \right) C_F^2 + \frac{65C_F n_f}{108} \right] \frac{1}{\epsilon} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

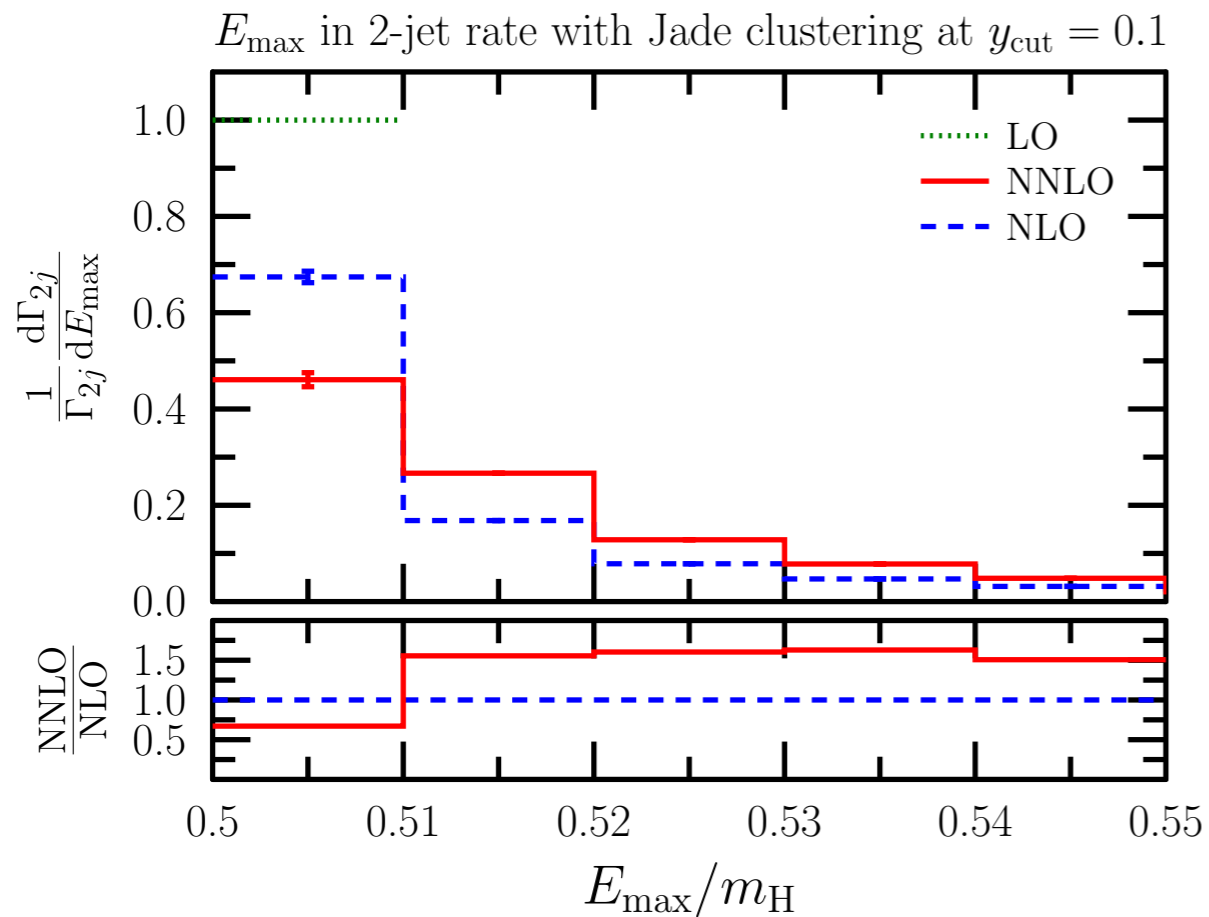
V. Del Duca, C. Duhr, G. Somogyi, FT, Z. Trocsanyi, arXiv:1501.07226

Inclusive result



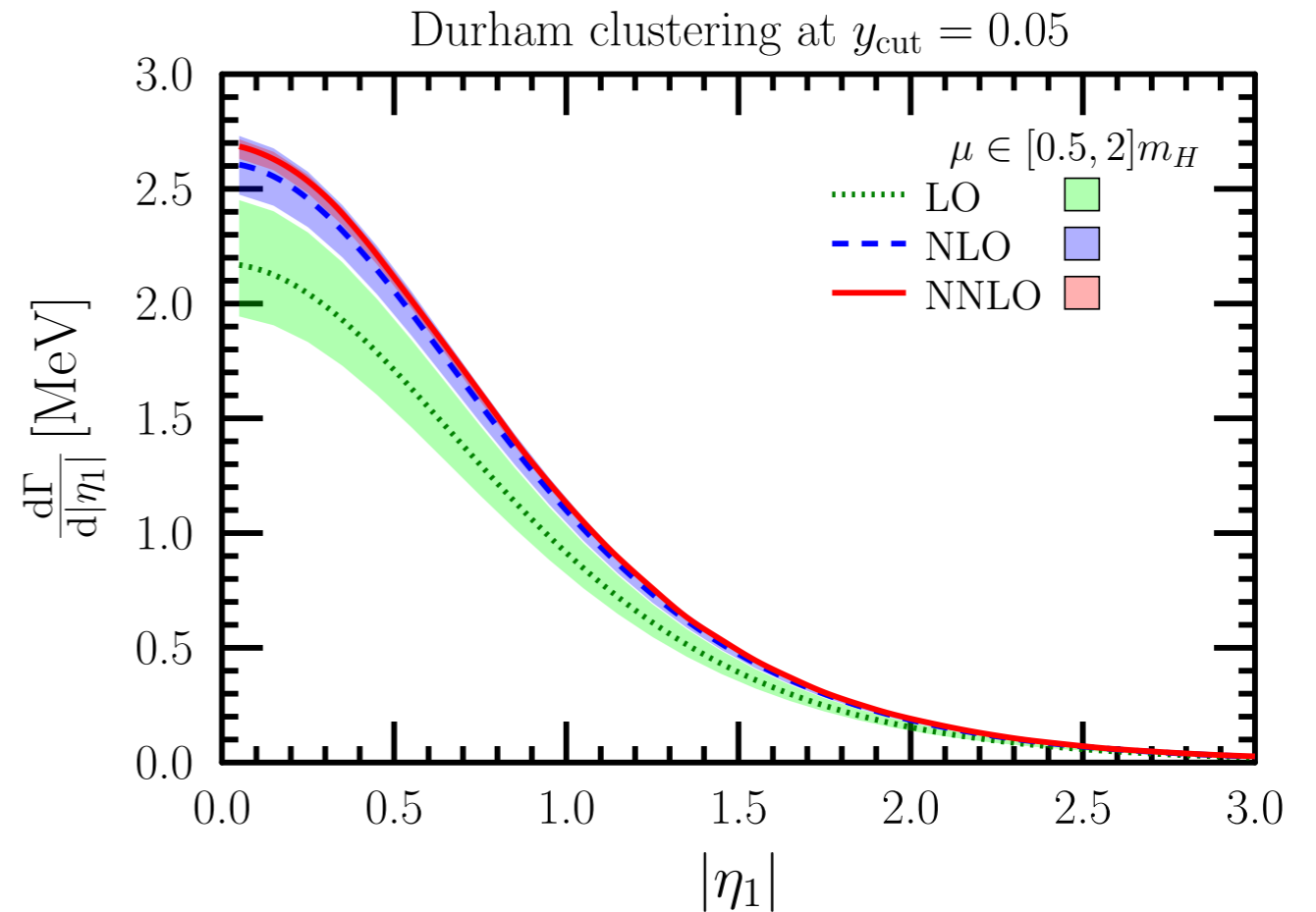
In perfect agreement with:
[Gorishnii, Kataev, Larin, Surguladze 1990]
[Baikov, Chetyrkin, Kuhn 2006]

Differential results



Energy spectrum of the leading jet in the rest frame of the Higgs boson for 2j events.

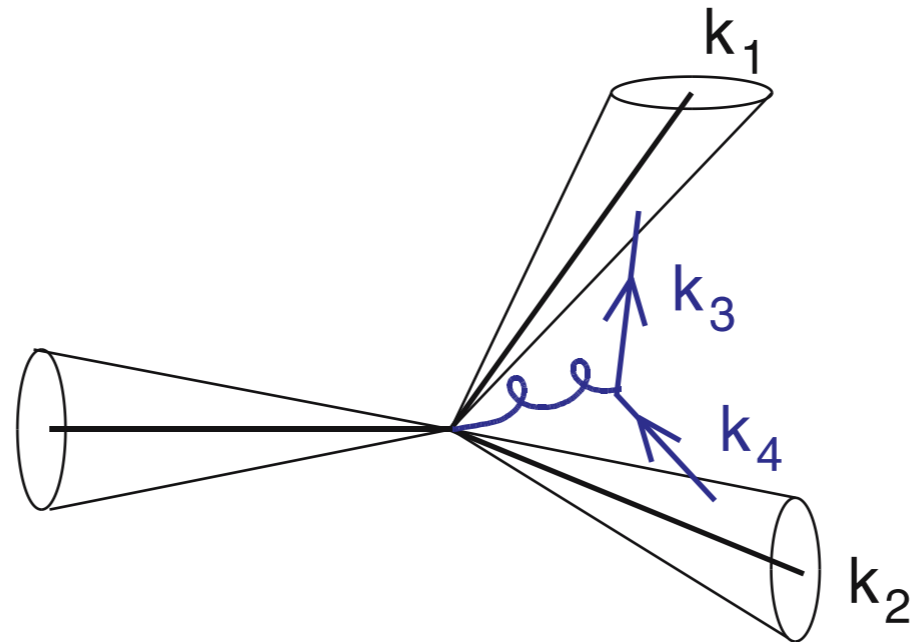
Excellent agreement with
[Anastasiou, Herzog, Lazopoulos '12]



Absolute value of the pseudorapidity of the leading jet in the rest frame of the Higgs boson

[Del Duca, Duhr, Somogyi, FT, Trocsanyi 2015]

Jet algorithm



Flavor-kT provides an IRC safe definition of jet flavour

[Banfi, Salam, Zanderighi 2006]

$$d_{ij}^{(F)} = (\Delta\eta_{ij}^2 + \Delta\phi_{ij}^2) \times \begin{cases} \max(k_{ti}^2, k_{tj}^2), & \text{softer of } i, j \text{ is flavoured,} \\ \min(k_{ti}^2, k_{tj}^2), & \text{softer of } i, j \text{ is flavourless,} \end{cases}$$

$$d_{iB}^{(F)} = \begin{cases} \max(k_{ti}^2, k_{tB}^2), & i \text{ is flavoured,} \\ \min(k_{ti}^2, k_{tB}^2), & i \text{ is flavourless.} \end{cases}$$

$$k_{tB}(\eta) = \sum_i k_{ti} (\Theta(\eta_i - \eta) + \Theta(\eta - \eta_i) e^{\eta_i - \eta})$$

$$k_{t\bar{B}}(\eta) = \sum_i k_{ti} (\Theta(\eta - \eta_i) + \Theta(\eta_i - \eta) e^{\eta - \eta_i})$$

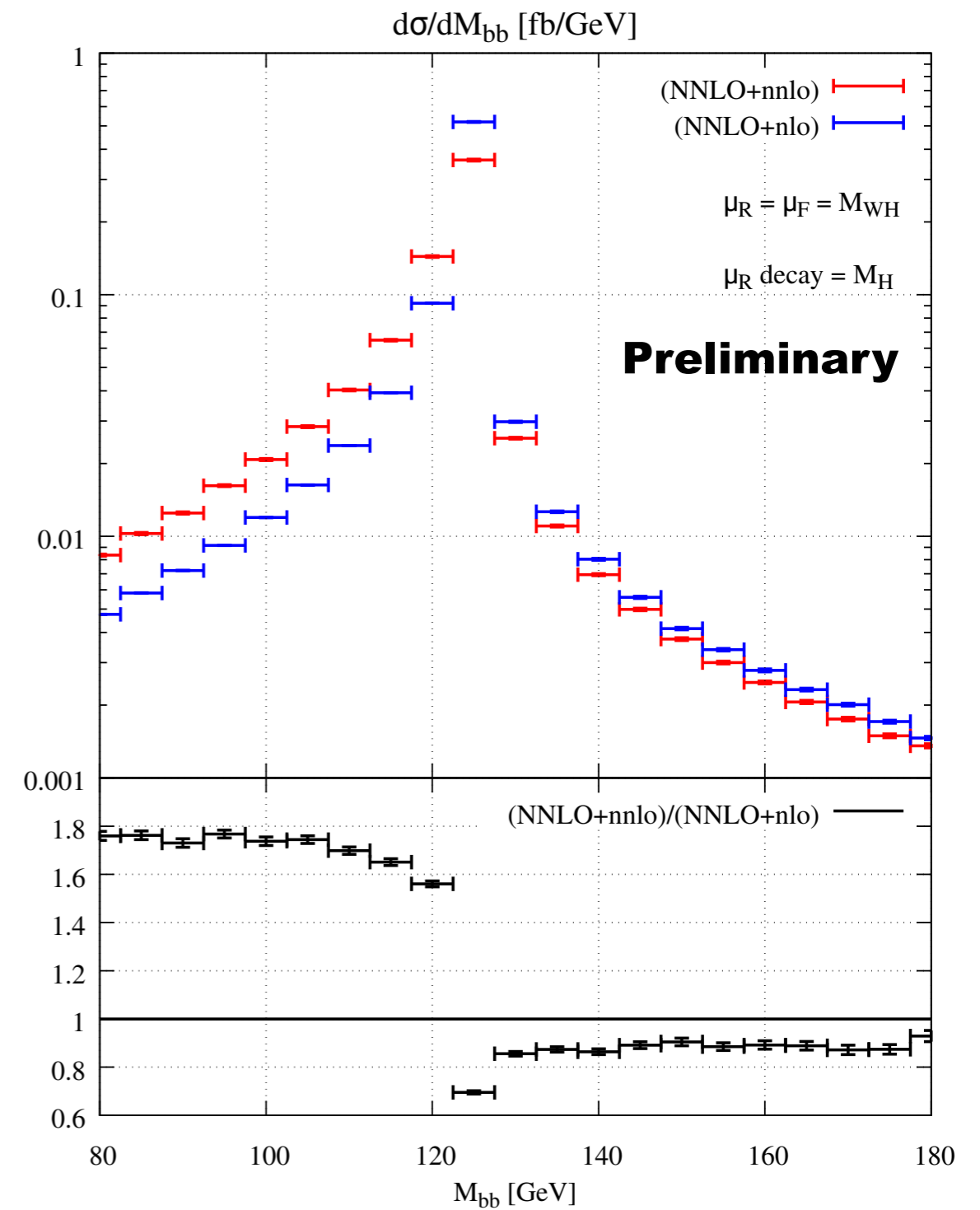
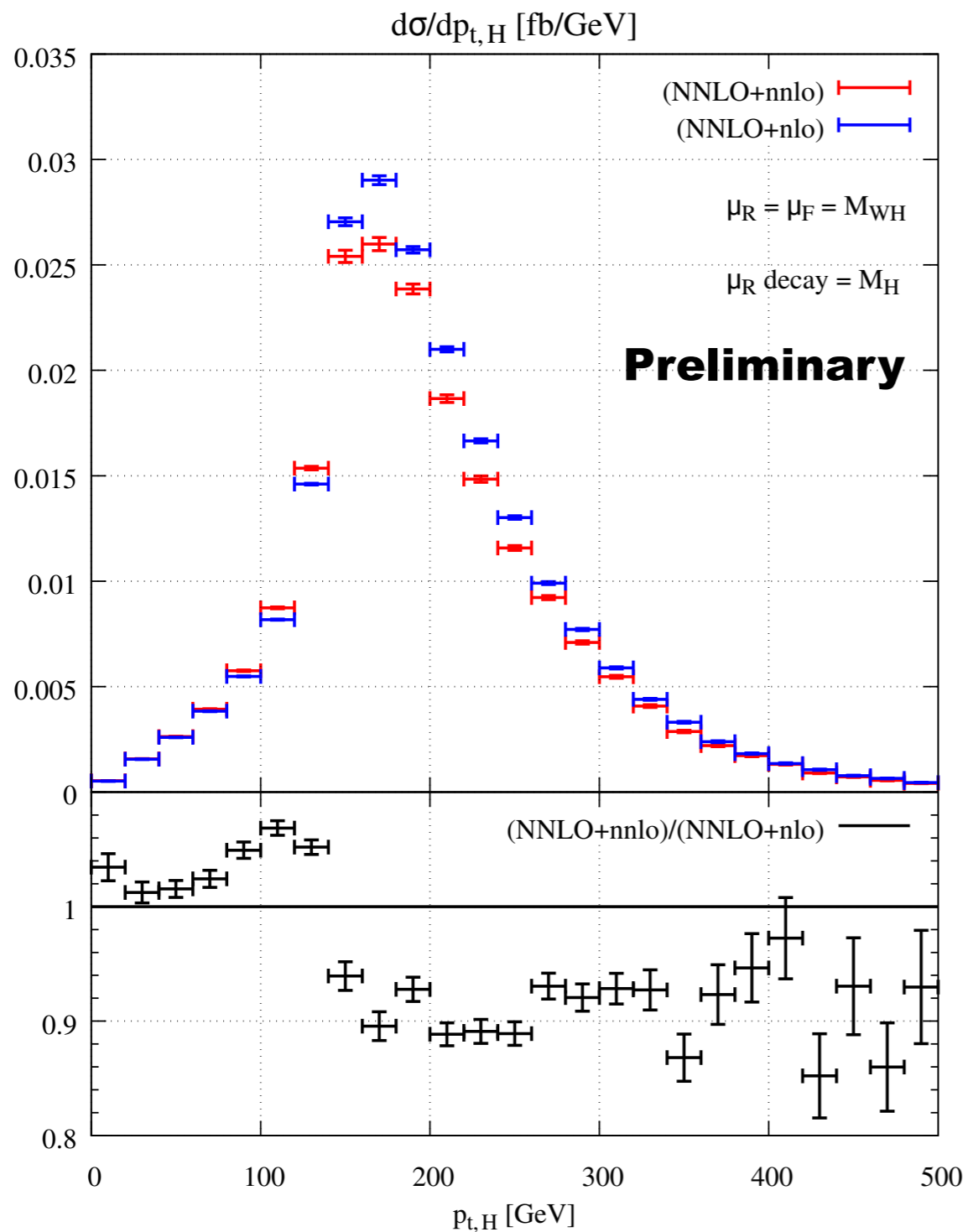
Results

WH(bb)@NNLO in both production and decay

[G. Ferrera, G. Somogyi, FT(to appear)]

LHC13 with standard WH search cuts

$p_{t,W} > 150\text{GeV}$



Conclusion

- * Calculation of **NNLO QCD** corrections to **VH production** with **nnlo QCD** $H \rightarrow bb$ decay in hadron collision included in a **fully-exclusive** parton level Monte Carlo code: **HVNNLO**
- * Perturbative corrections are important
- * **first reliable estimate** of perturbative uncertainty possible

Outlook/Work in progress

- * Public release of the HVNNLO parton-level numerical code
- * Inclusion of other Higgs boson decay channels, es. $H \rightarrow WW/ZZ \rightarrow 2l2\nu/4l$ decay
- * Further comparisons among fixed order and computations matched to the PS
- * Would be important to have a NLOPS event generator with both QCD and EW effects
- * NNLOPS (?)

Backup

NNLO(pp \rightarrow VH) \otimes nlo(H \rightarrow bb)

LHC8 with standard WH search cuts and a jet veto

