

MadWeight 5

MEM with ISR correction

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P.Artoisenet, V. Lemaître, F. Maltoni, OM: JHEP1012:068

P.Artoisent, OM: In preparation

J.Alwall, A. Freytsas, OM: PRD83:074010

Outline

- MadWeight5
 - ➔ Basic idea of the phase space integration
 - ➔ Improvement/ new features of MadWeight5
- MEM with ISR correction
 - ➔ Motivation
 - ➔ Method
 - ➔ Higgs mass measurement

Text

MADWEIGHT 5

Text

Matrix Element Re-weighting

How to evaluate those weights?

$$\mathcal{P}(\mathbf{p}^{vis}|\alpha) = \frac{1}{\sigma_\alpha} \int d\Phi dx_1 dx_2 |M_\alpha(\mathbf{p})|^2 W(\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{p}^{vis})$$

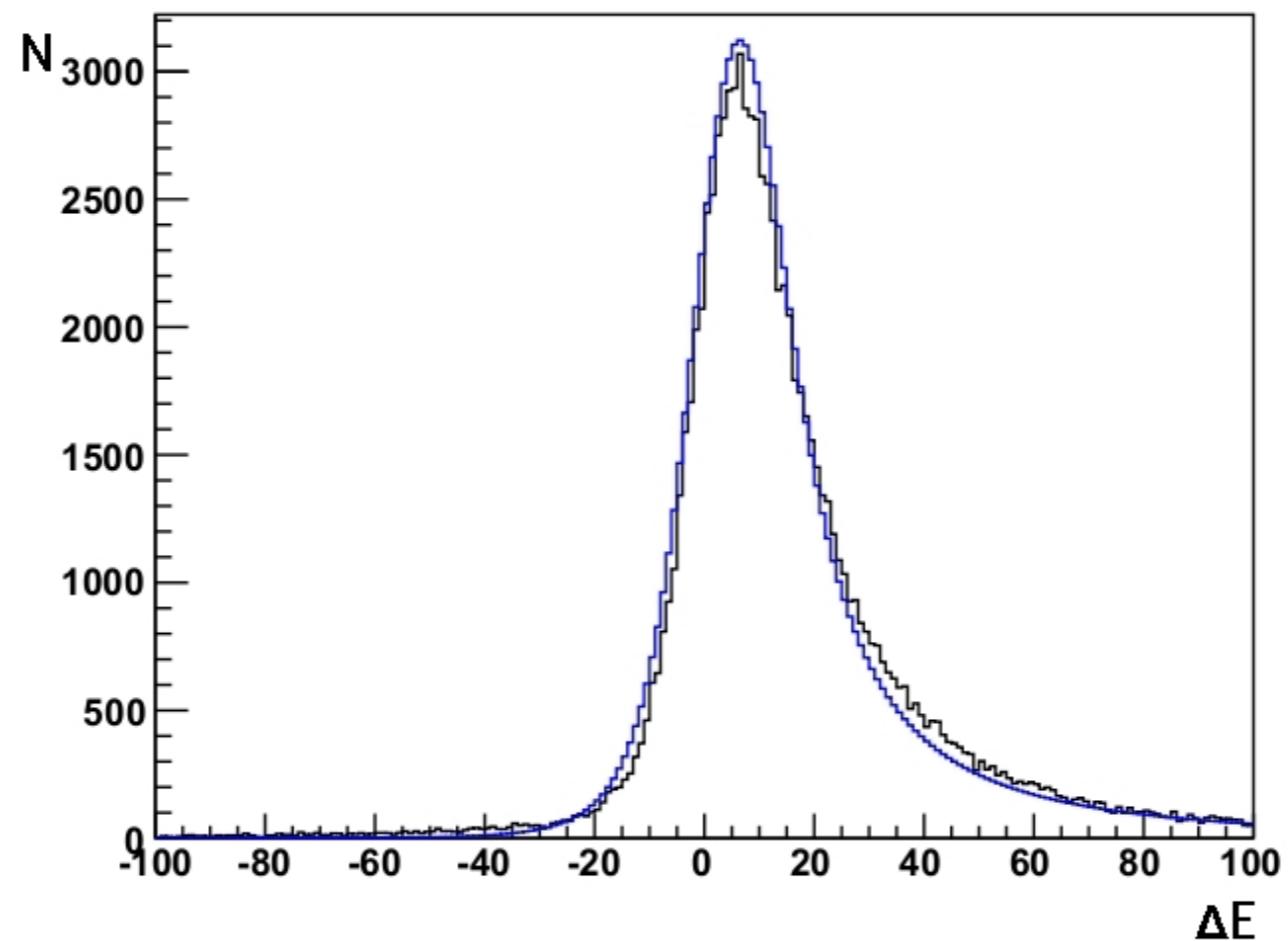
Text

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- Fit from MC tuned to the detector resolution ↗



Matrix Element Re-weighting

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- Need a specific integrator: **MadWeight**

Matrix Element Re-weighting

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- Use of matrix-element generator: **MadGraph 5**
- Need a specific integrator: **MadWeight 5**

MADWEIGHT

□ First Example: di-leptonic top quark pair

- degrees of freedom **16**

→ 2: pdf

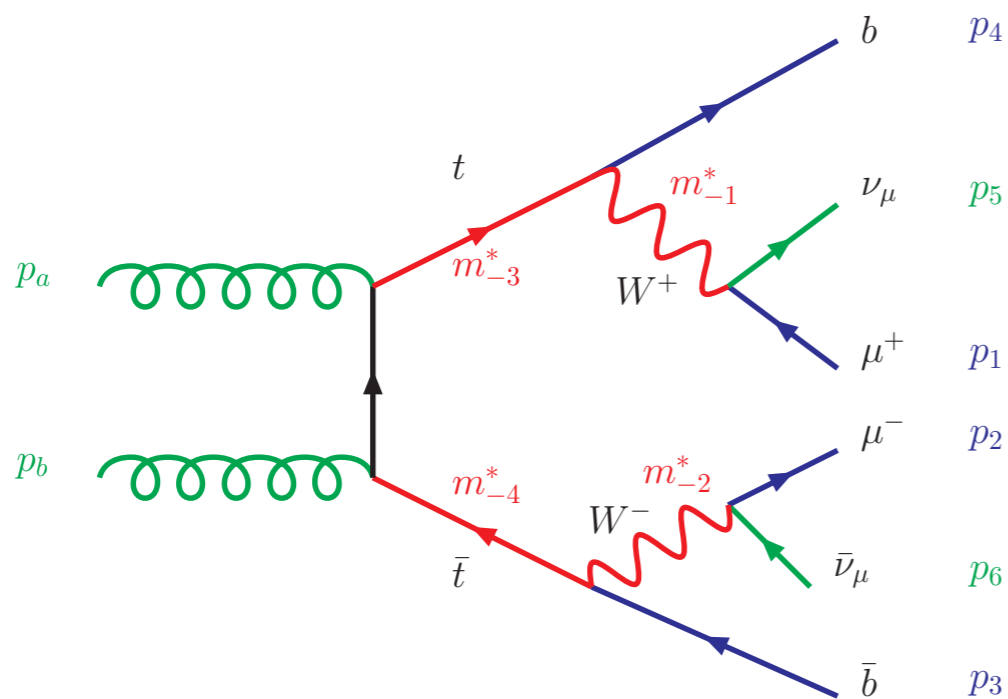
→ 3 x 6: final states

→ -4: energy-momentum conservation

- peaks **16**

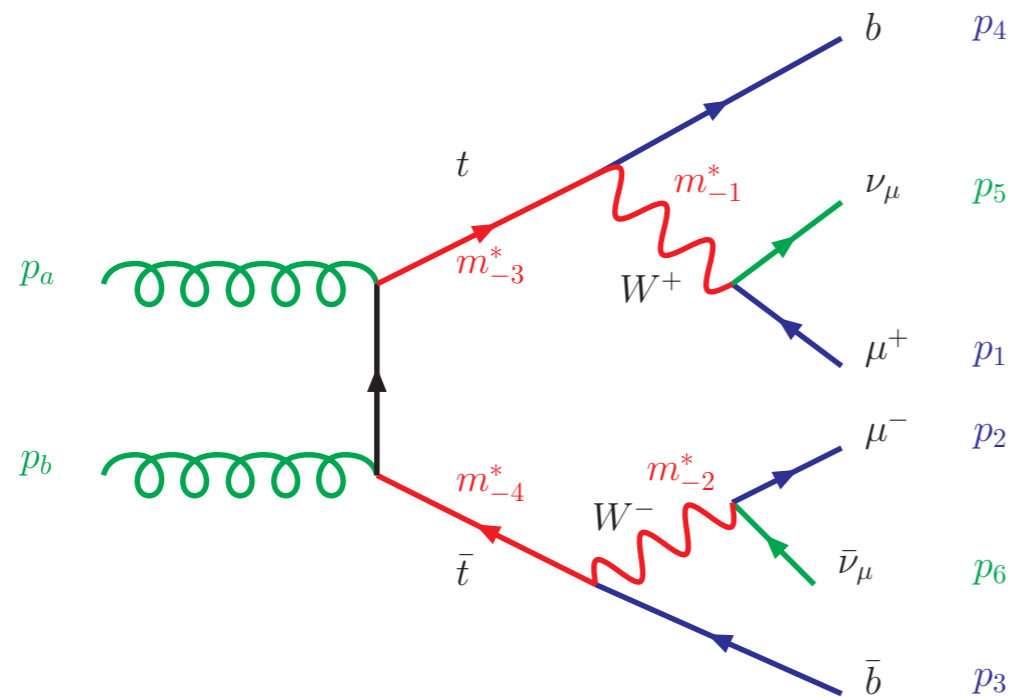
→ 4: Breit-Wigner

→ 3 x 4: visible particles



MADWEIGHT

□ First Example: di-leptonic top quark pair

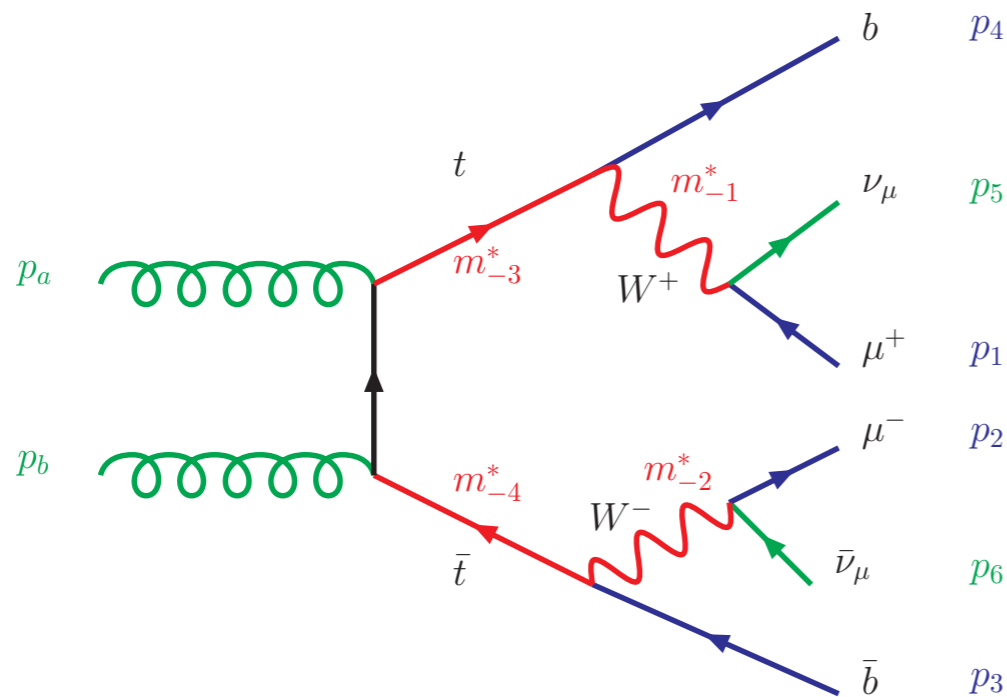


- degrees of freedom **16**
- peaks **16**

→ All peaks aligned

MADWEIGHT

□ First Example: di-leptonic top quark pair



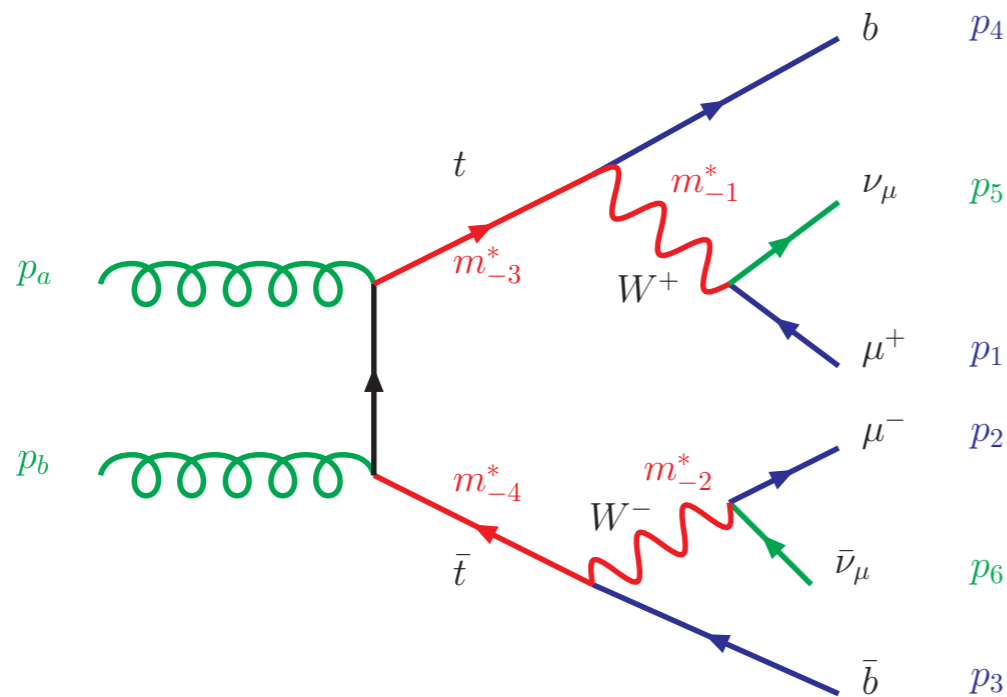
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$$d\phi = \prod_{i=1}^4 \frac{d^3 p_i}{(2\pi)^3 2E_i} \prod_{i=5}^6 \frac{d^3 p_i}{(2\pi)^3 2E_i} dx_1 dx_2 \delta^4 \left(p_a + p_b - \sum_j p_j \right)$$

MADWEIGHT

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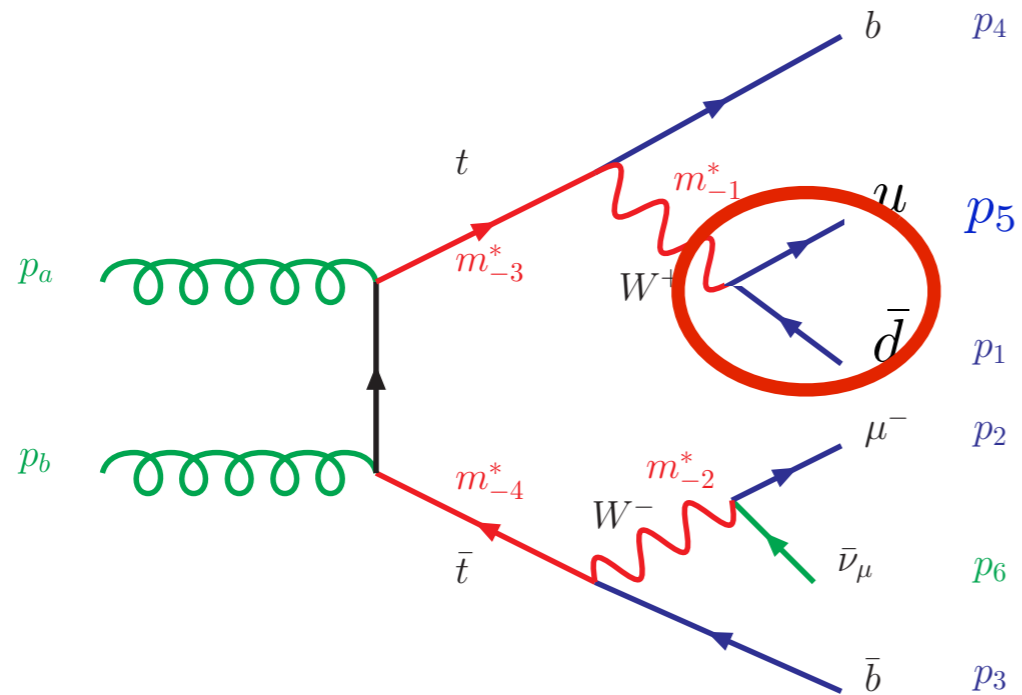
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Pass to →

$$d\phi = \prod_{i=1}^4 d\theta_i d\phi_i d|\mathbf{p}_i| \prod_{j=1}^4 dm_{-j}^{*2} \times J$$

MADWEIGHT

- Second Example: semi-leptonic top quark pair

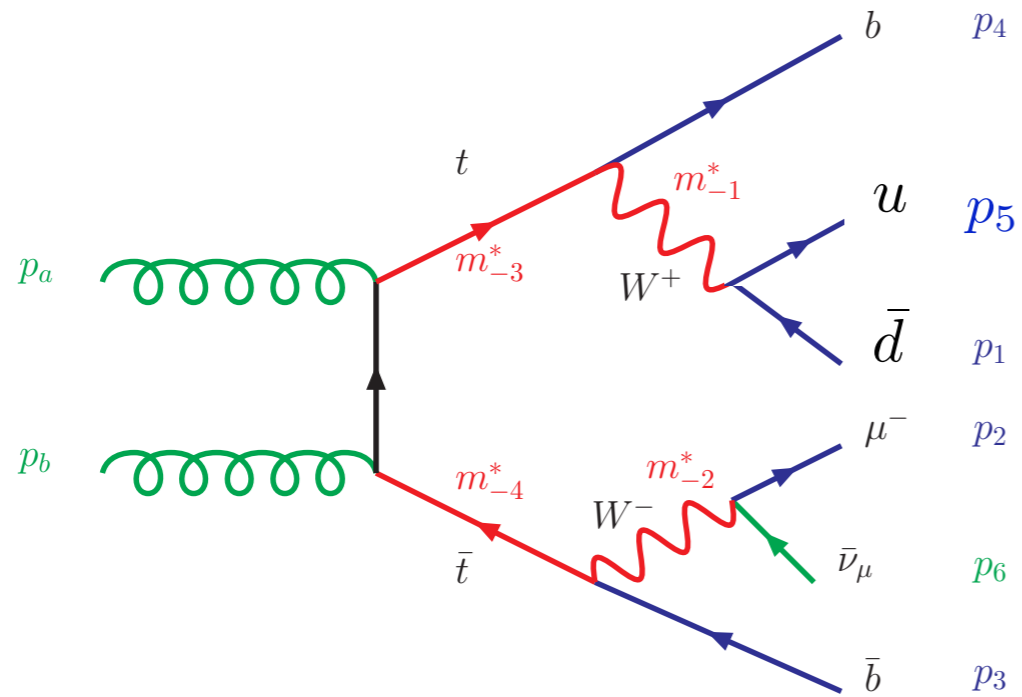


- degrees of freedom **16**

- peaks **19**

MADWEIGHT

- Second Example: semi-leptonic top quark pair



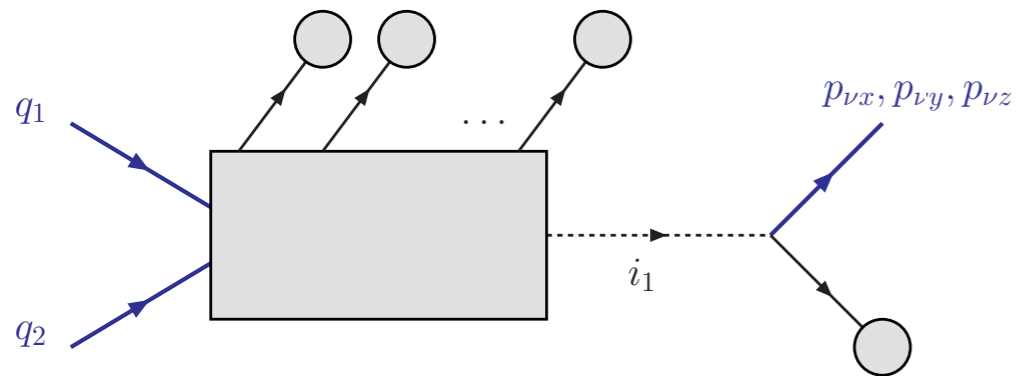
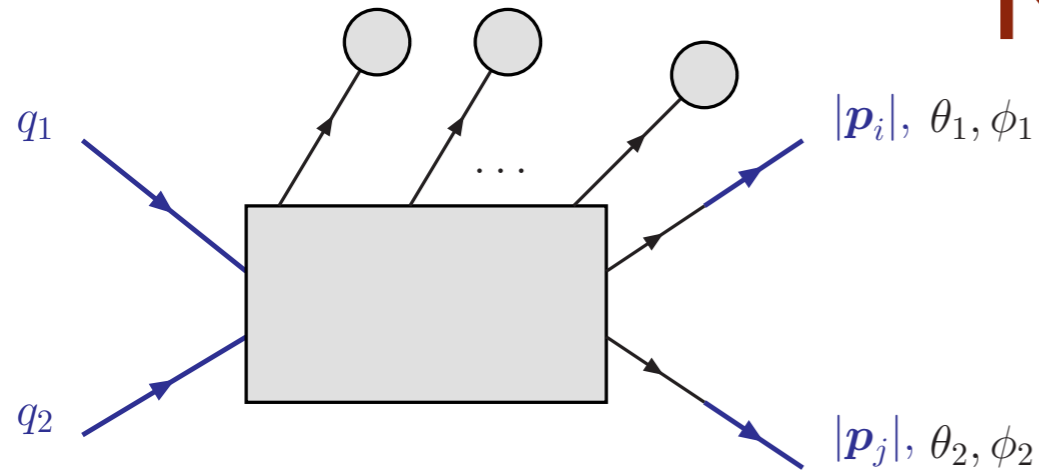
- degrees of freedom **16**

- peaks **19**

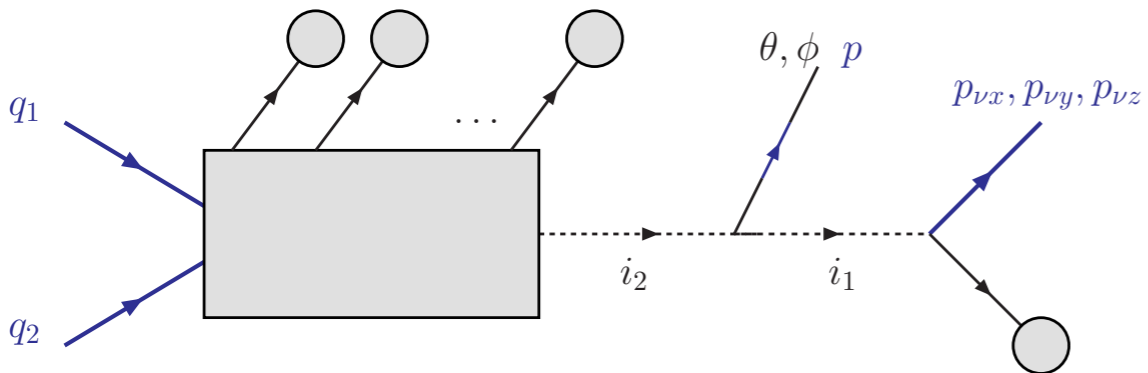
→ **3 peaks unaligned**
 → **Multi-channel**

MadWeight

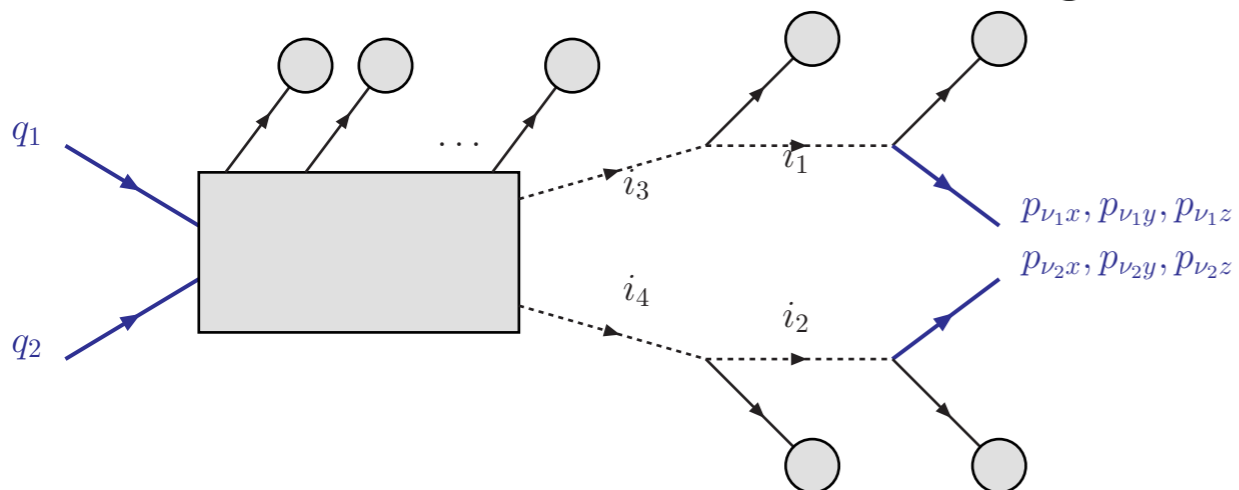
fully hadronic / leptonic process



W production



semi-leptonic top quark pair

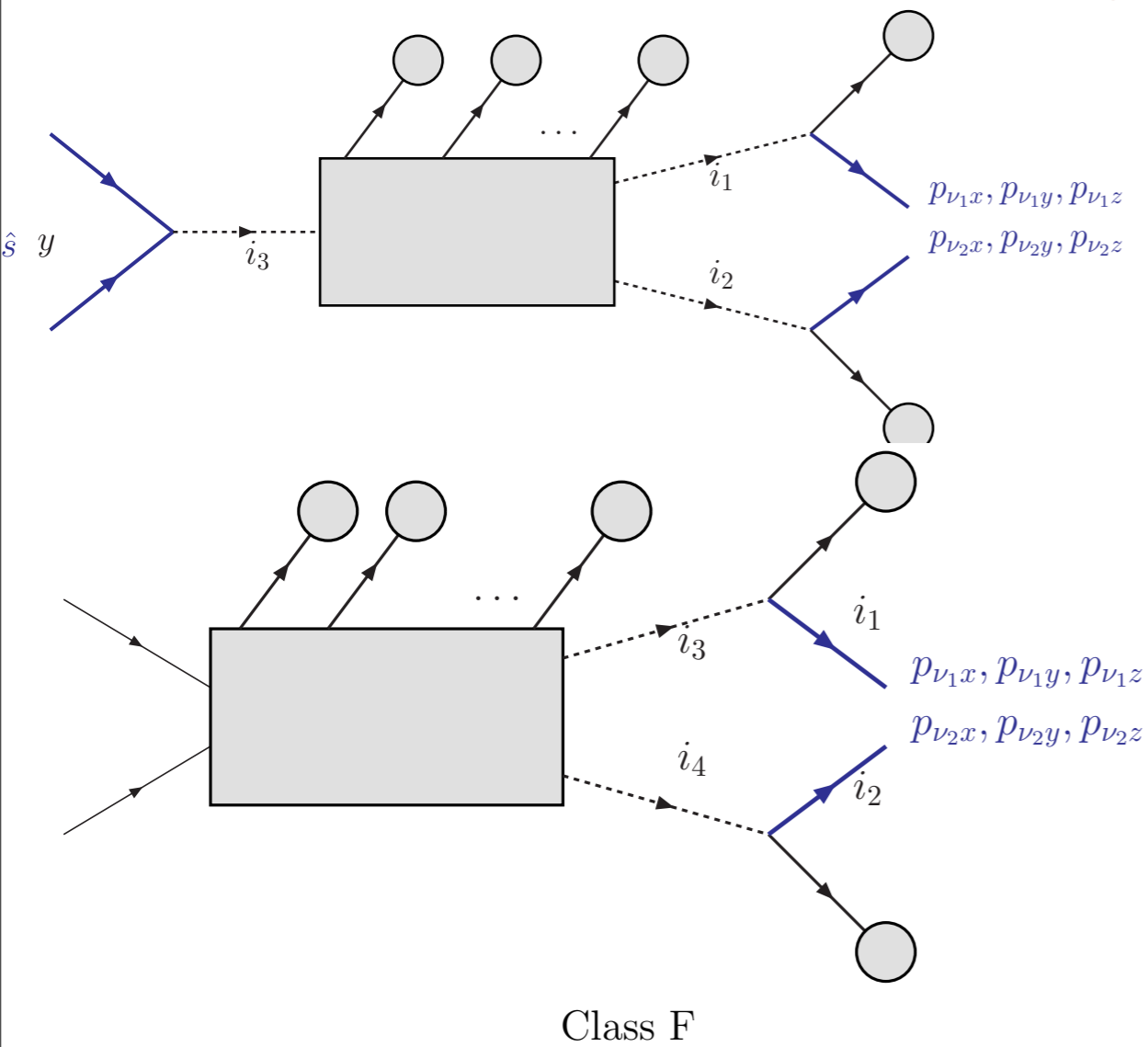


Fully leptonic top quark pair

MadWeight

Higgs production decaying in W

W+ W- production

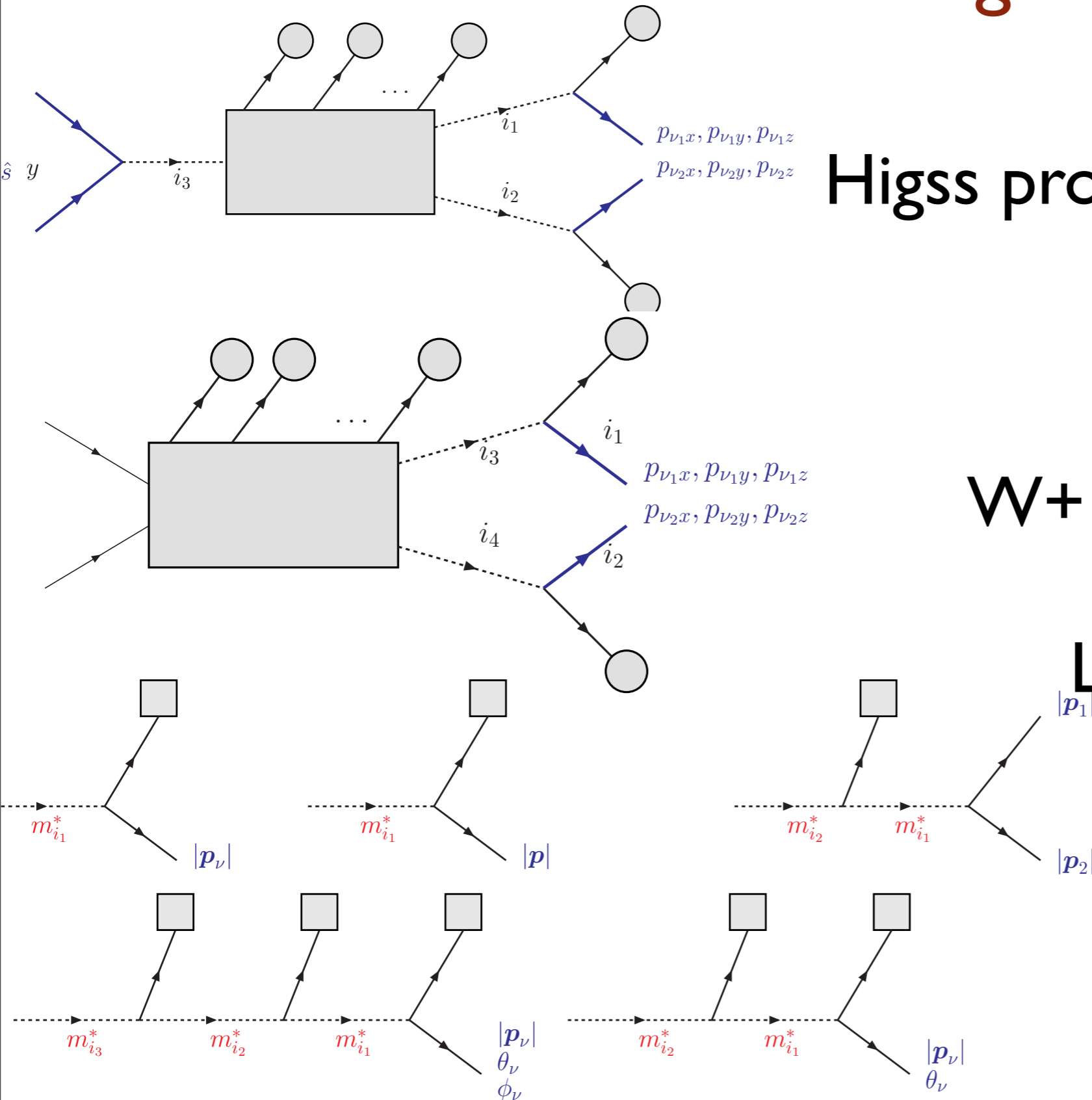


MadWeight

Higgs production decaying in W

W+ W- production

Lot of possibility to have more complex processes
 + | W
 + | Z
 + ...



```

#####
##                                     TF JET                                     ##
#####
<block name='jet'>  #name can be anything
<info> double gaussian with parameter depending of the energy </info>
<particles> u,d,s,c,b,g </particles>
# this defined when this tf will be used.the letter correspond to the label in
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<width_type> large </width_type>
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<tf>
    prov1=(#1+#2*dsqrt(pexp(0))+#3*pexp(0))
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    tf=(exp(-(p(0)-pexp(0)-prov1)**2/2d0/prov2**2))           !first gaussian
    tf=tf+prov3*exp(-(p(0)-pexp(0)-prov4)**2/2d0/prov5**2)   !second gaussian
    tf=tf*((1d0/dsqrt(2d0*pi))/(prov2+prov3*prov5))          !normalisation
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<width>
    prov2=(#4+#5*dsqrt(pexp(0))+#6*pexp(0))
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# in this case THETA/PHI are not defined because they are considered
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```

MadWeight5 Improvement

- Use MG5 idea of Subprocess merging

MW4 SubProcesses

$$g g > t t^{\sim}$$

$$u u^{\sim} > t t^{\sim}$$

$$u^{\sim} u > t t^{\sim}$$

$$d d^{\sim} > t t^{\sim}$$

$$d^{\sim} d > t t^{\sim}$$

5 Integrals to perform

MW5 SubProcesses

$$p p > t t^{\sim}$$

1 Integral to perform

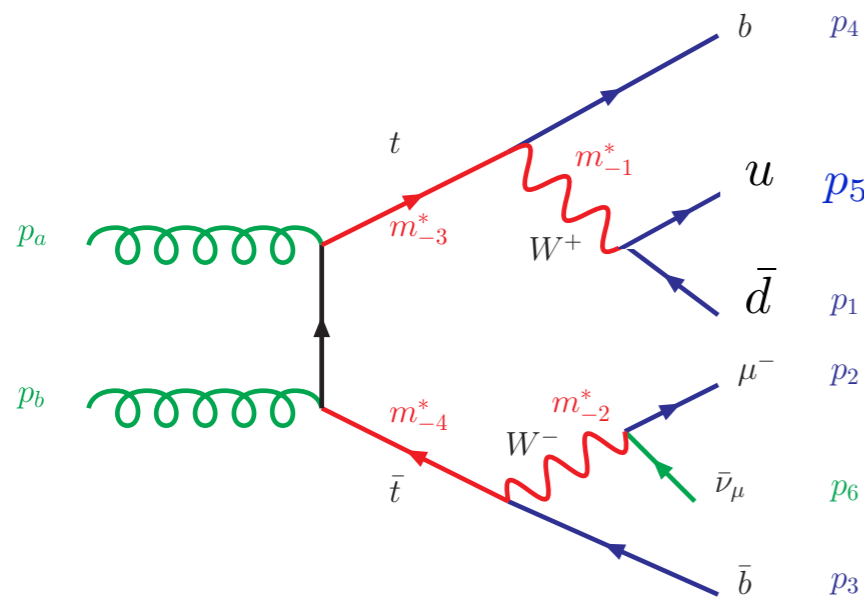
MadWeight5 Improvement

- Narrow width approximation
 - ➔ Reduce the dimension of the Phase-Space
 - ➔ Be **careful**:
 - ◆ The matrix-element **AND** the transfer function should be flat enough.
 - ◆ This reduces the discrimination power.
 - ➔ In MW5, all particles with a width lower than a given value will be integrated in this approximation.
 - ◆ default value: 0.1
 - ◆ So by default only for the Higgs

Text

MadWeight5 Improvement

- Treatment of permutations



p_4	0	12	3587								
p_5	1	1	0.935	5.230	83.80	0.00	1.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0
p_1	2	4	-0.161	1.878	85.60	9.66	7.0	0.0	1.10	0.0	0.0
p_2	3	4	-0.223	5.295	45.64	5.43	3.0	0.0	0.30	0.0	0.0
p_6	4	4	0.695	2.208	37.99	7.68	8.0	0.0	3.63	0.0	0.0
	5	4	1.164	3.357	49.01	6.95	13.0	0.0	2.66	0.0	0.0
p_3	6	6	0.000	6.035	39.48	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0	0.0

MW4: one integral per permutation
 MW5: Monte-Carlo over the permutation

process	tf	permutation	Sum/MonteCarlo
tt semi leptonic	delta	24	7.5
tt semi leptonic	gauss	24	2
tt di leptonic	gauss	2	0.6
w+ j j	delta	2	1.5
tth (semi lept)	gauss	720	20

MadWeight5 Improvement

- Better choices of PS parameterization
- Pre-defined grid for the transfer functions
- Smarter refine function between channel of integration
- New interface (scriptable edition of the cards)
- New cluster support
 - ➔ Creation of the directory on the flight
 - ➔ Submission by packet / support of multicore
- New output format (xml)
- Full support of BSM physics (via UFO/ALOHA)
- ISR support

Speed Benchmark Comparison

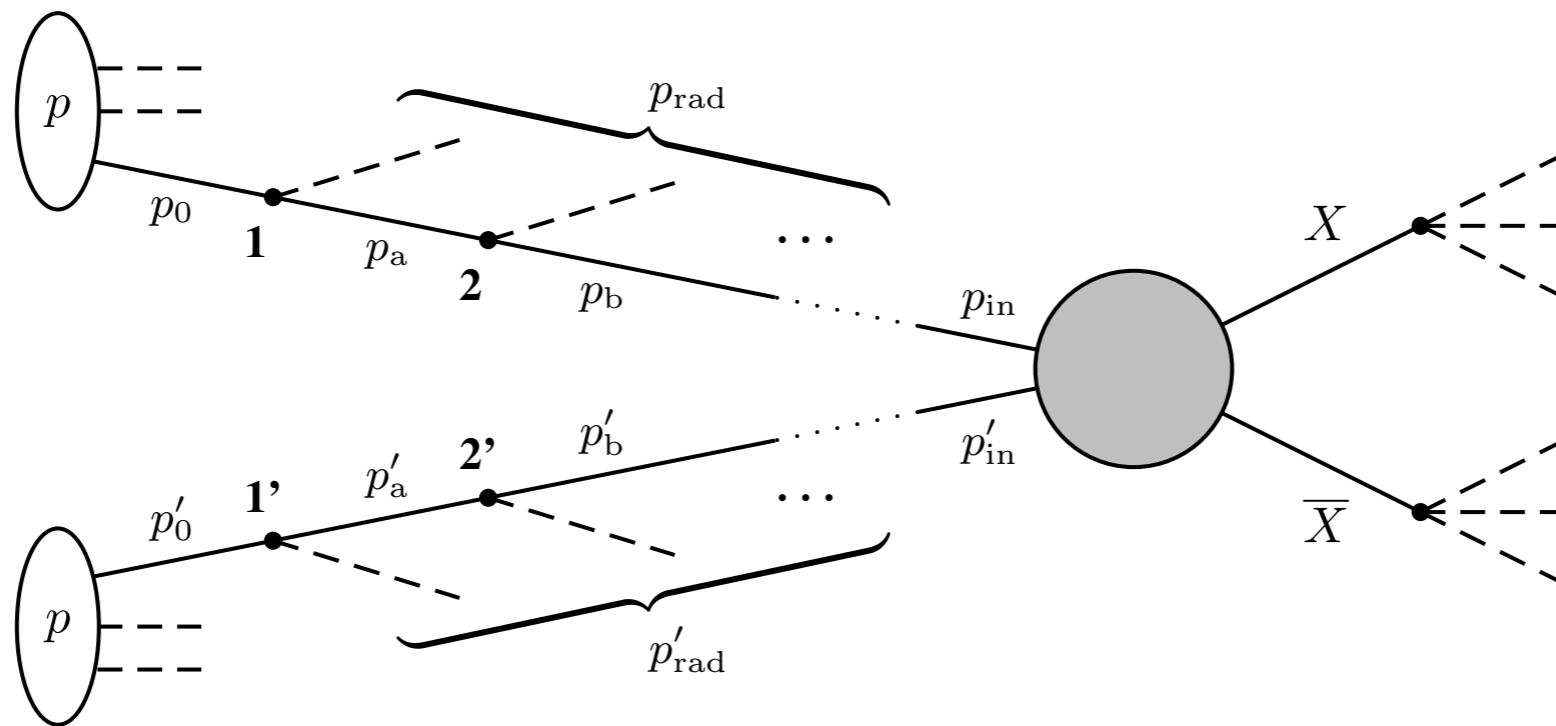
process	perm	MW4	MW5
tt semi lept	24	1h16	71s
tt fully lept	2	46s	14s
tth semi lept	720	> 2 days	43min
tth semi lept	48	> 3h	11min
tth fully lept	24	> 1h	1min
h> w+ w- > 1lept	2	59s	<5s
h> w+ w- > 2lept	1	8s	<5s
z b b	24	39m	18s
zh	24	43m	<5s

running on 1 core of a Intel core i7 2.3Ghz

MEM with radiation

Text

MEM with radiation



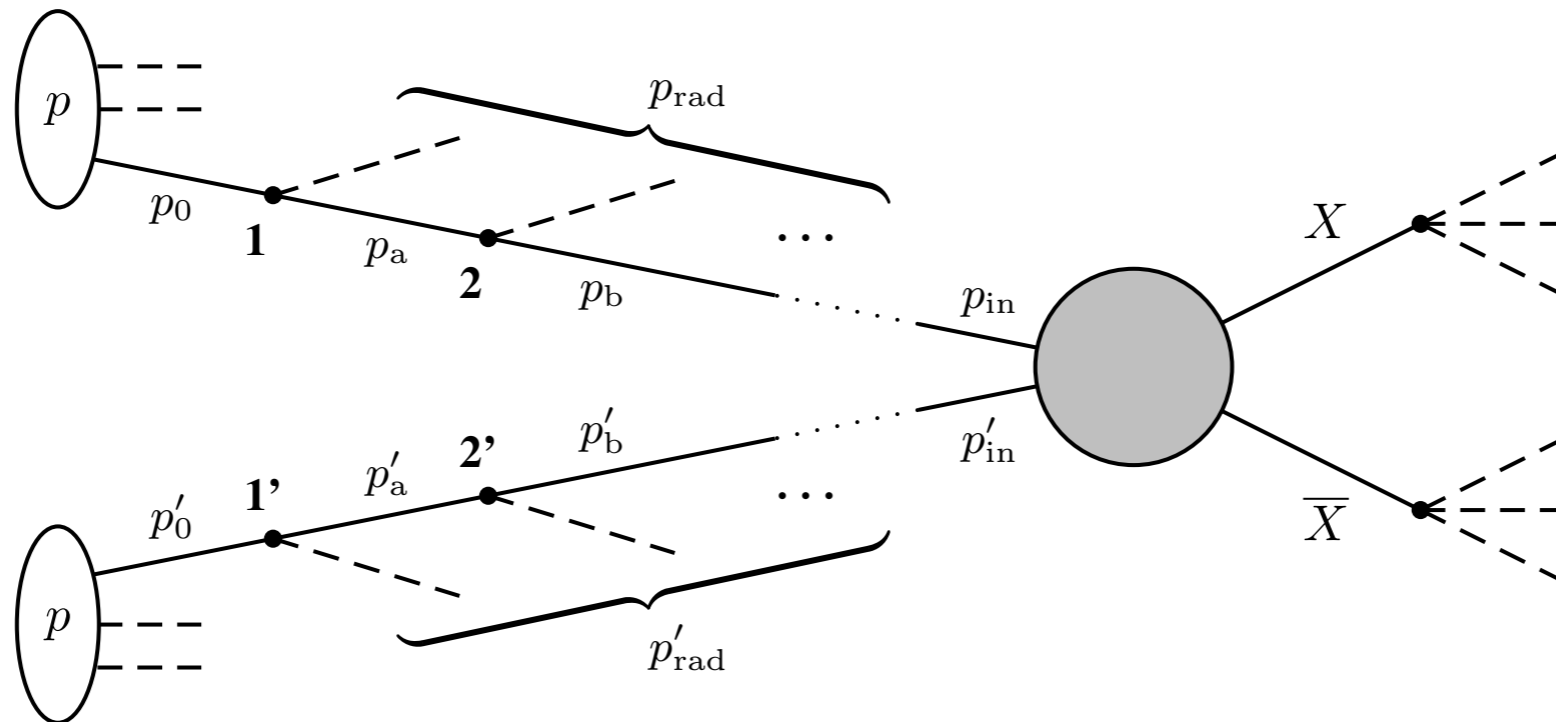
- Those radiations are important
 - ➔ ttj is 50% at LHC
 - ➔ The topics pop outs in talks a couple of times
- 3 Main idea (both were mention yesterday)
 - ➔ Transfer boost
 - ➔ MLM
 - ➔ NLO

My point of view

- MLM
 - ➔ Having **one** more jets at the matrix element level is roughly 10 times slower.
 - number of permutations (assignment jet-parton)
 - complexity of the integrand
 - dimension of the phase-space
 - ➔ The radiation problem still occurs (at least for the inclusive sample)
- NLO
 - ➔ Speed of the virtual
 - ➔ Only valid for one additional jet

Text

Radiations



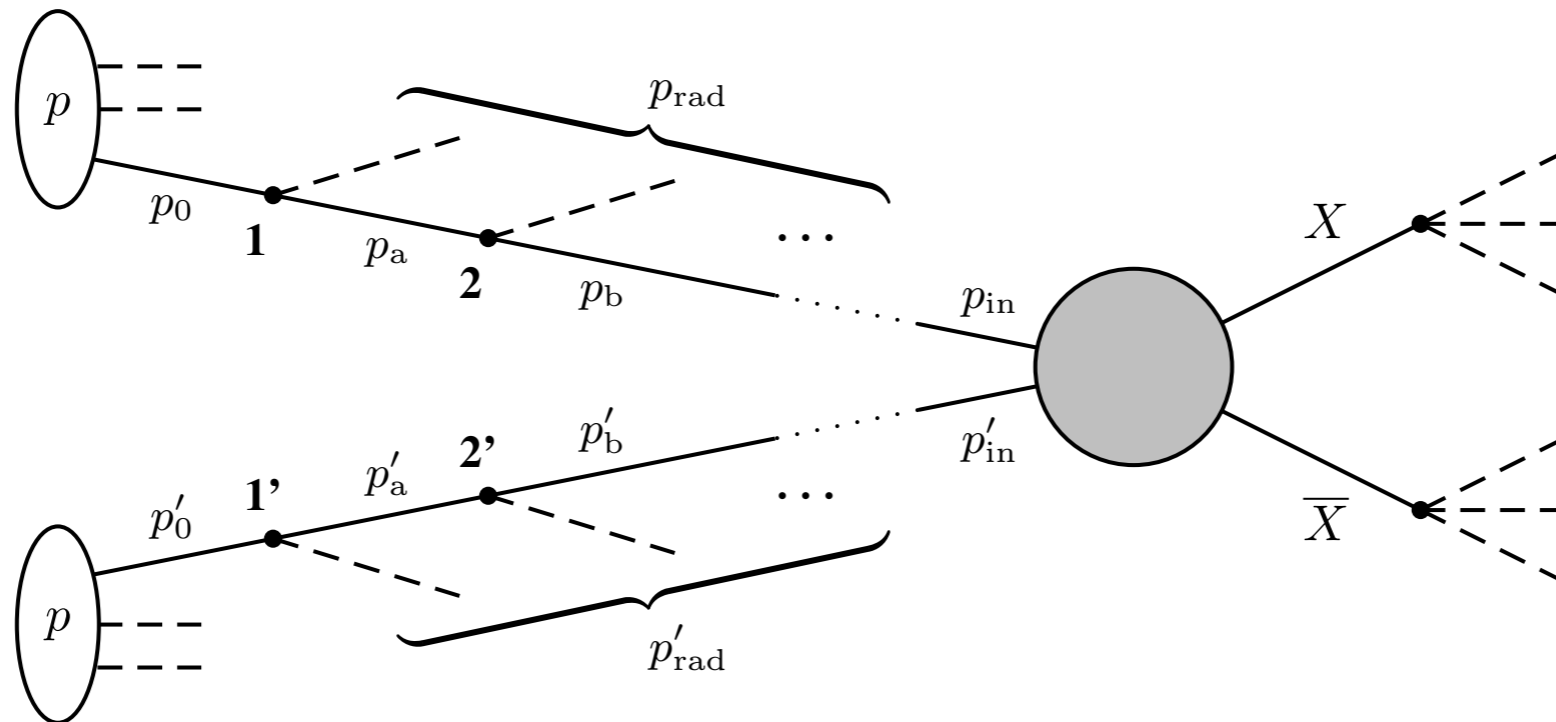
- **ISR**

- ➔ Main Effect is to induce a transverse boost.
- ➔ Different PDF

- **FSR**

- ➔ Need to be parameterize in the TF
- ➔ Having a one parton evolving in two jets TF
- ➔ Reasonable with MC over permutation

Radiations



- ISR

- ➔ Main Effect is to induce a transverse boost.
- ➔ Different PDF

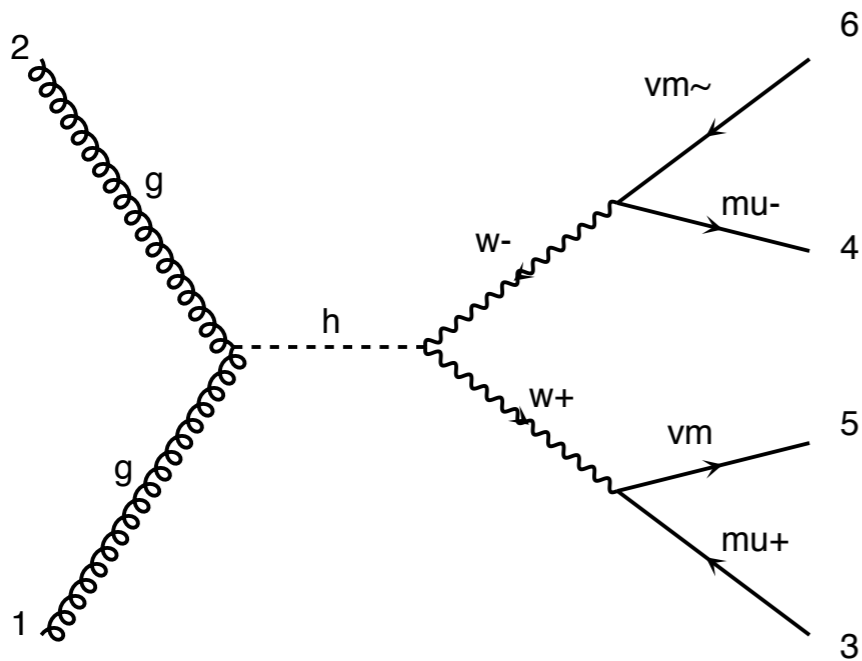
- FSR

- ➔ Need to be parameterize in the TF
- ➔ Having a one parton evolving in two jets TF
- ➔ Reasonable with MC over permutation

Here I will focus on ISR

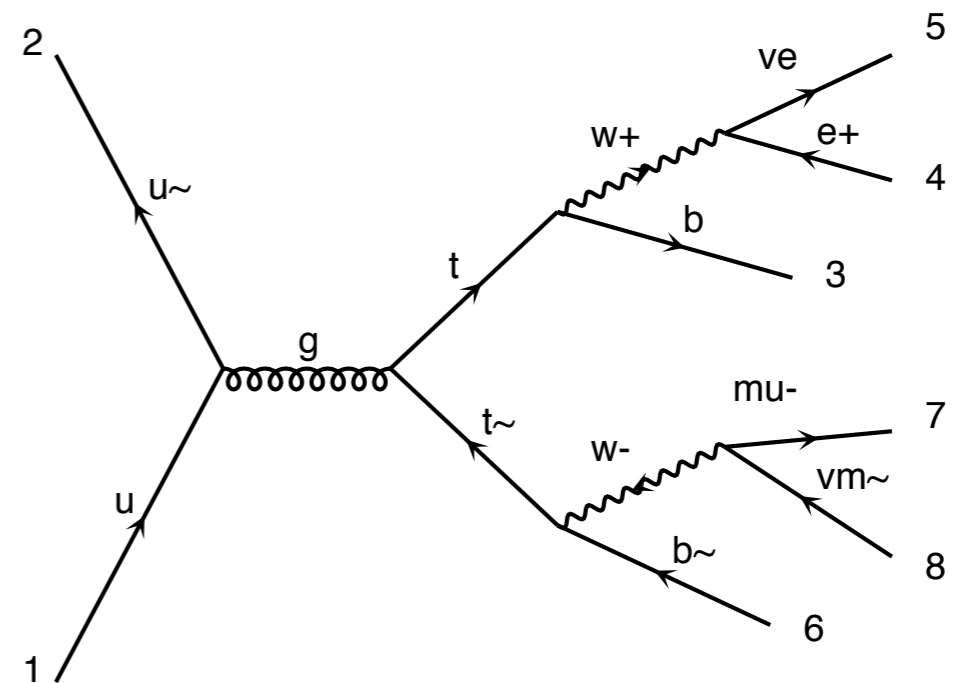
Choices of variables

Higgs production



- Higgs Mass
→ s-channel
- No FSR

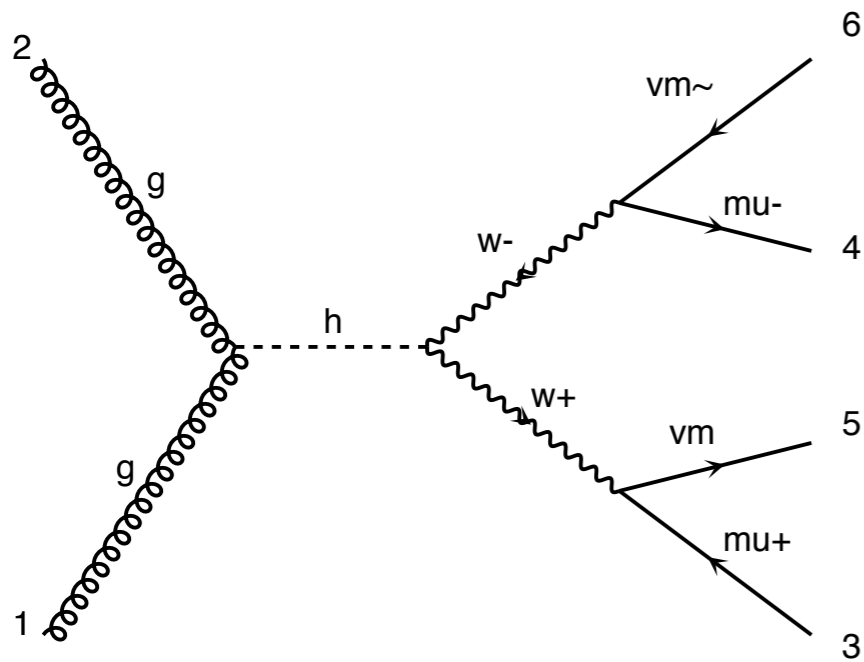
top pair production



- top Mass
- presence of FSR

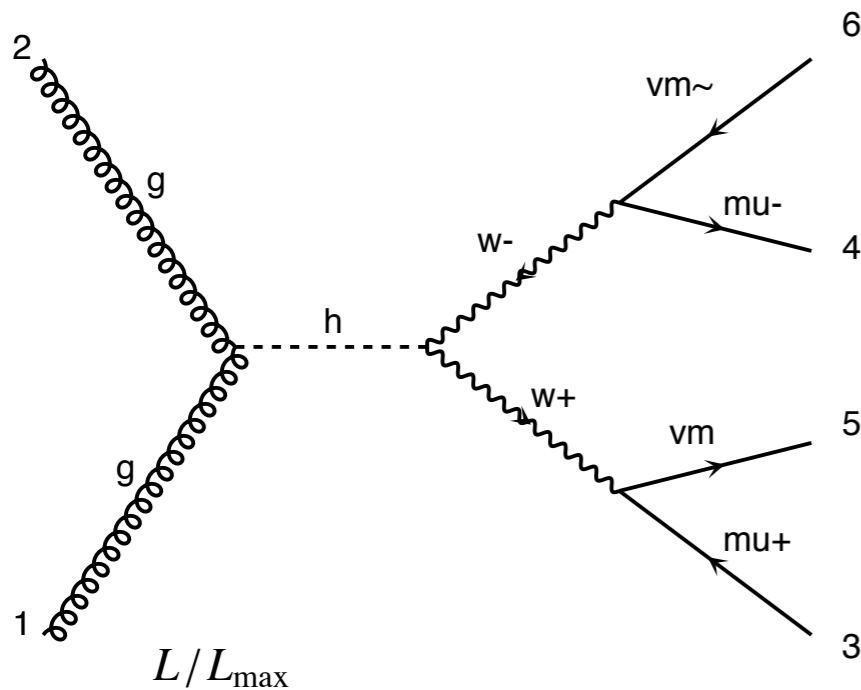
Initial State Radiation

- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **parton level** (no hadronization)

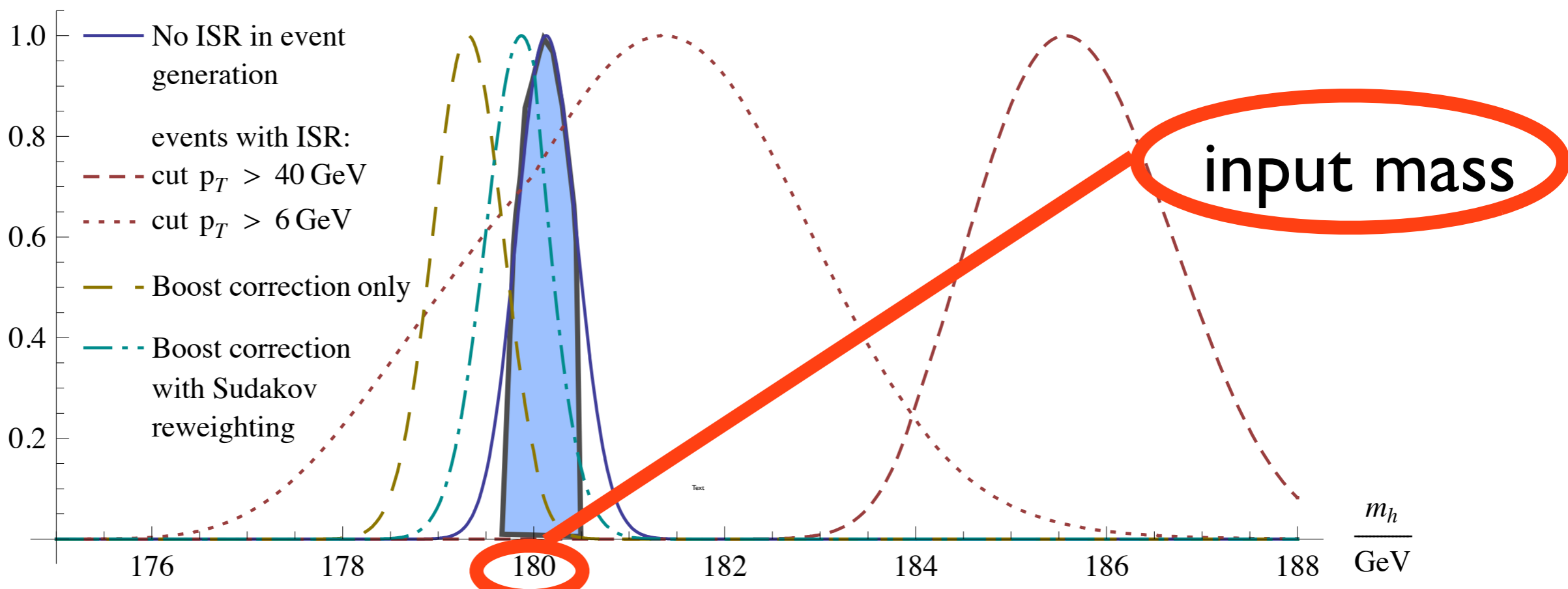


Initial State Radiation

- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **parton level** (no hadronization)
- No ISR \rightarrow No Bias

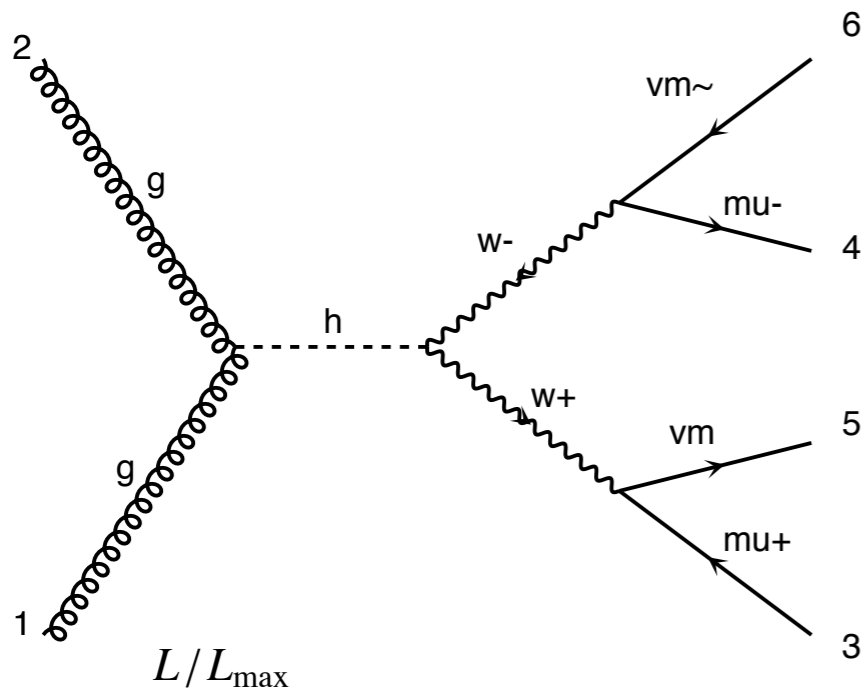


L/L_{max}

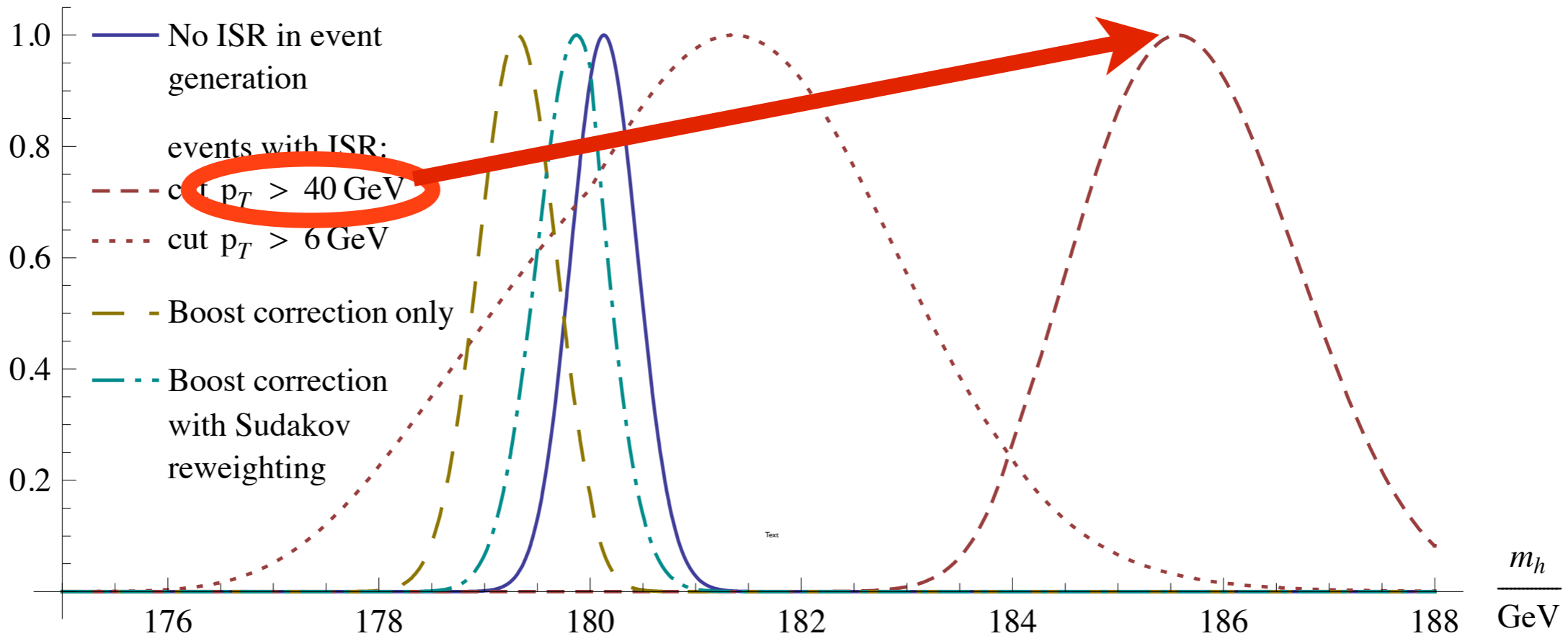


Initial State Radiation

- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **parton level** (no hadronization)
- Large Veto \rightarrow Large bias

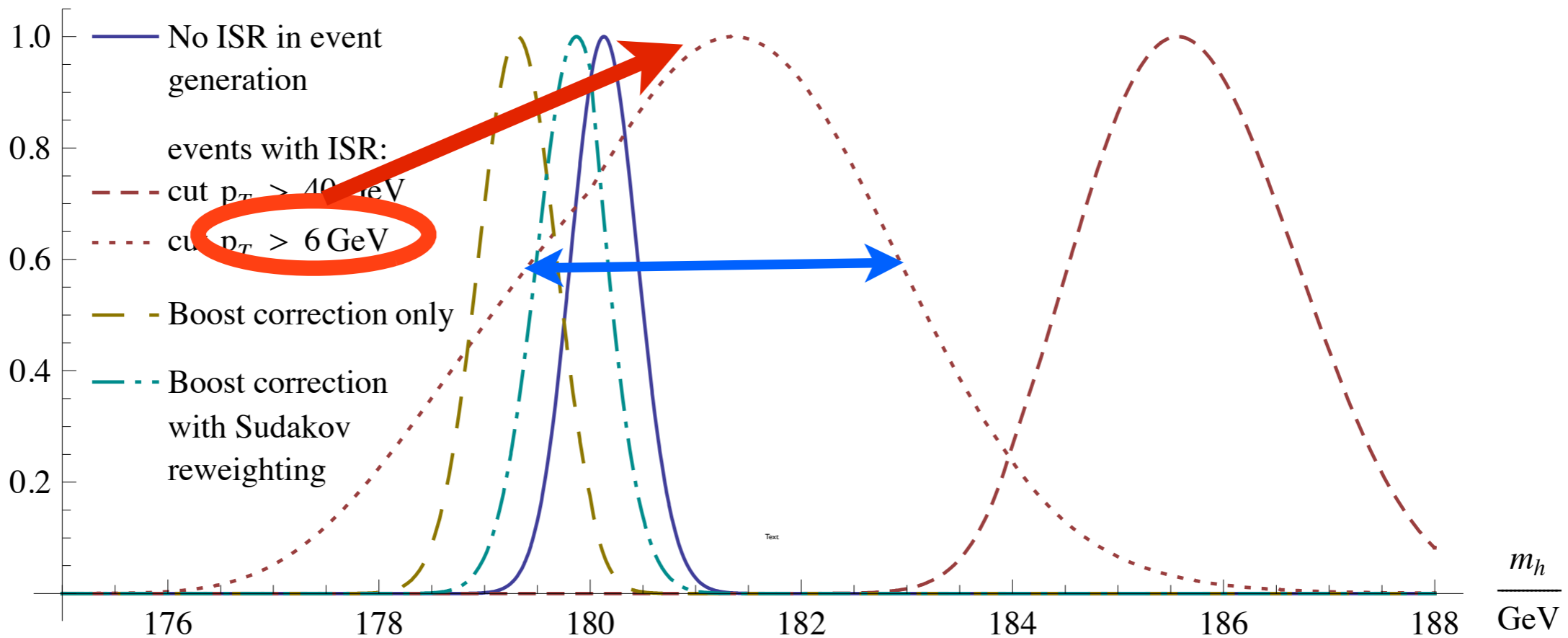
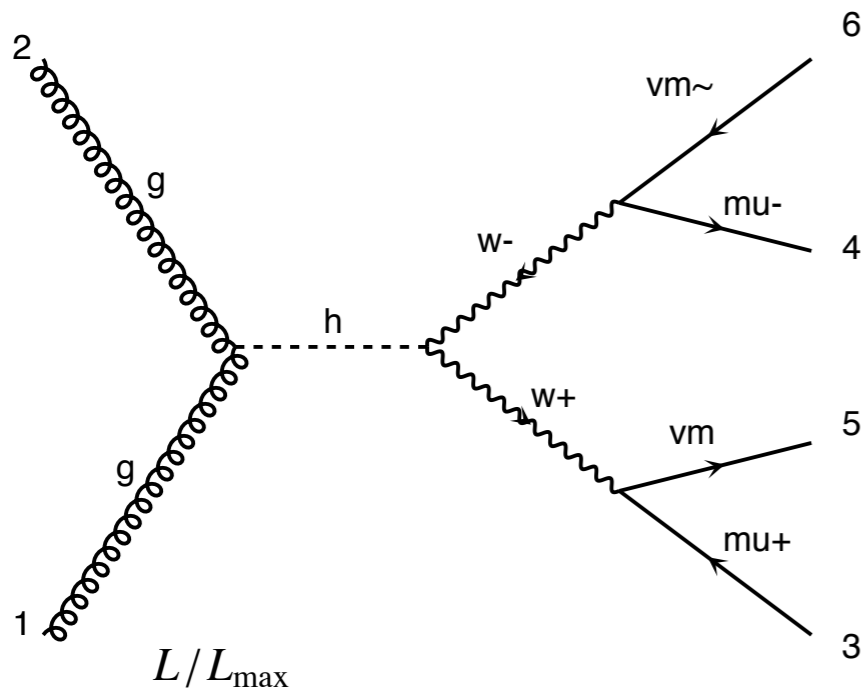


L/L_{max}



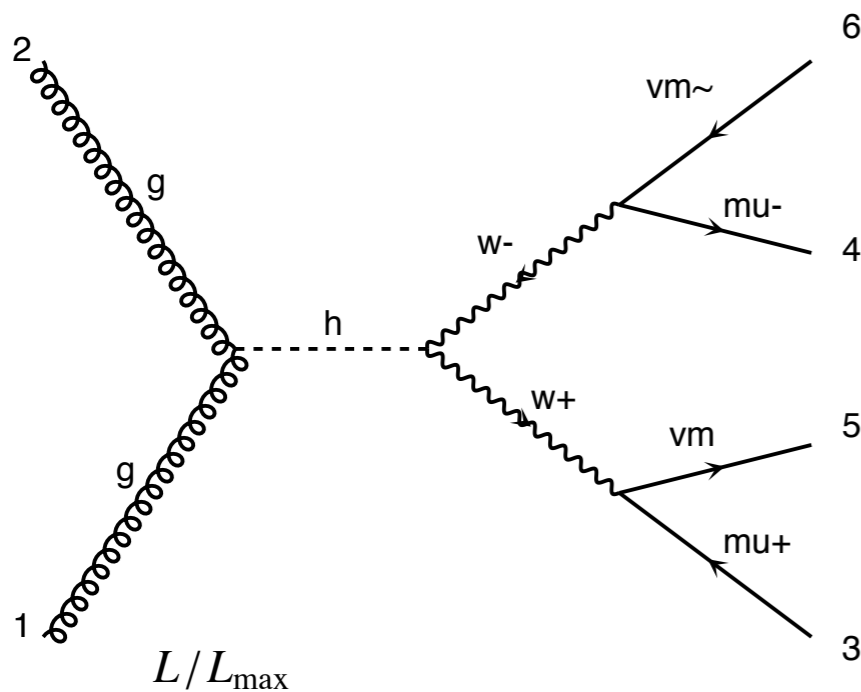
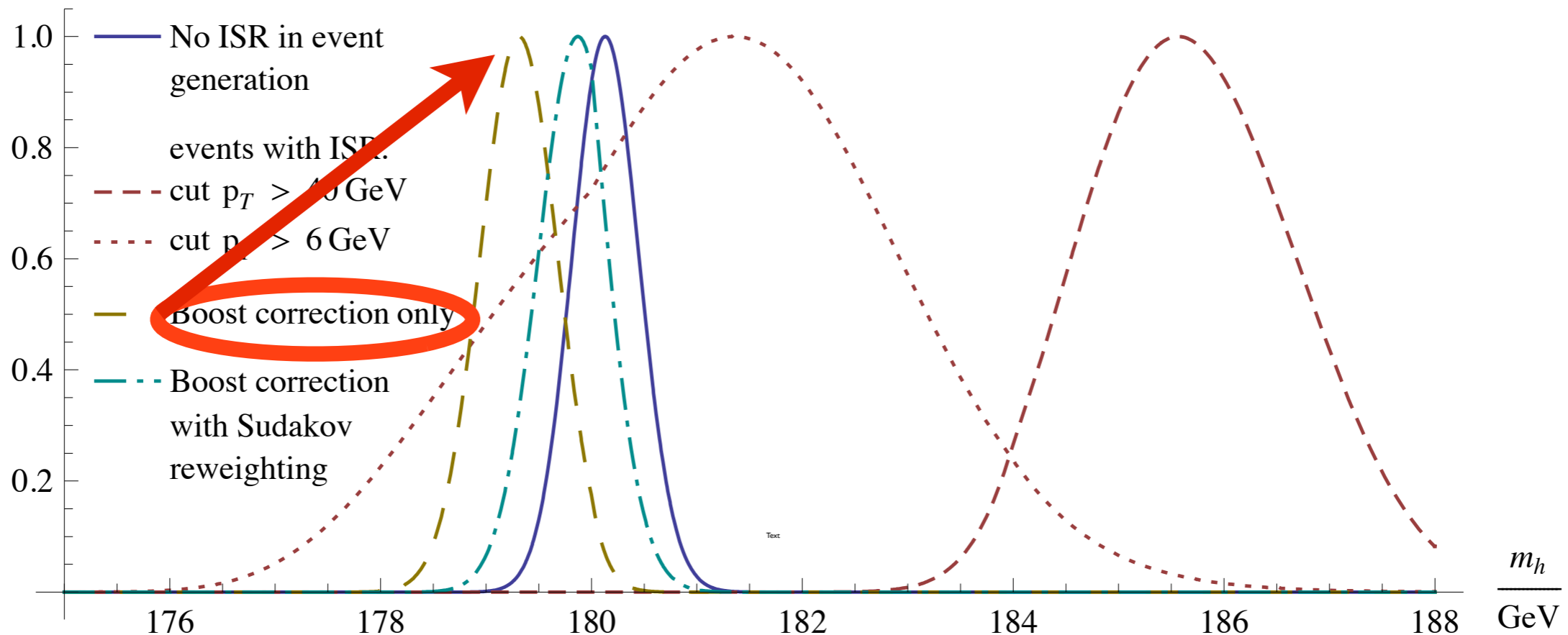
Initial State Radiation

- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **parton level** (no hadronization)
- smaller veto \longrightarrow smaller bias but larger statistical uncertainties



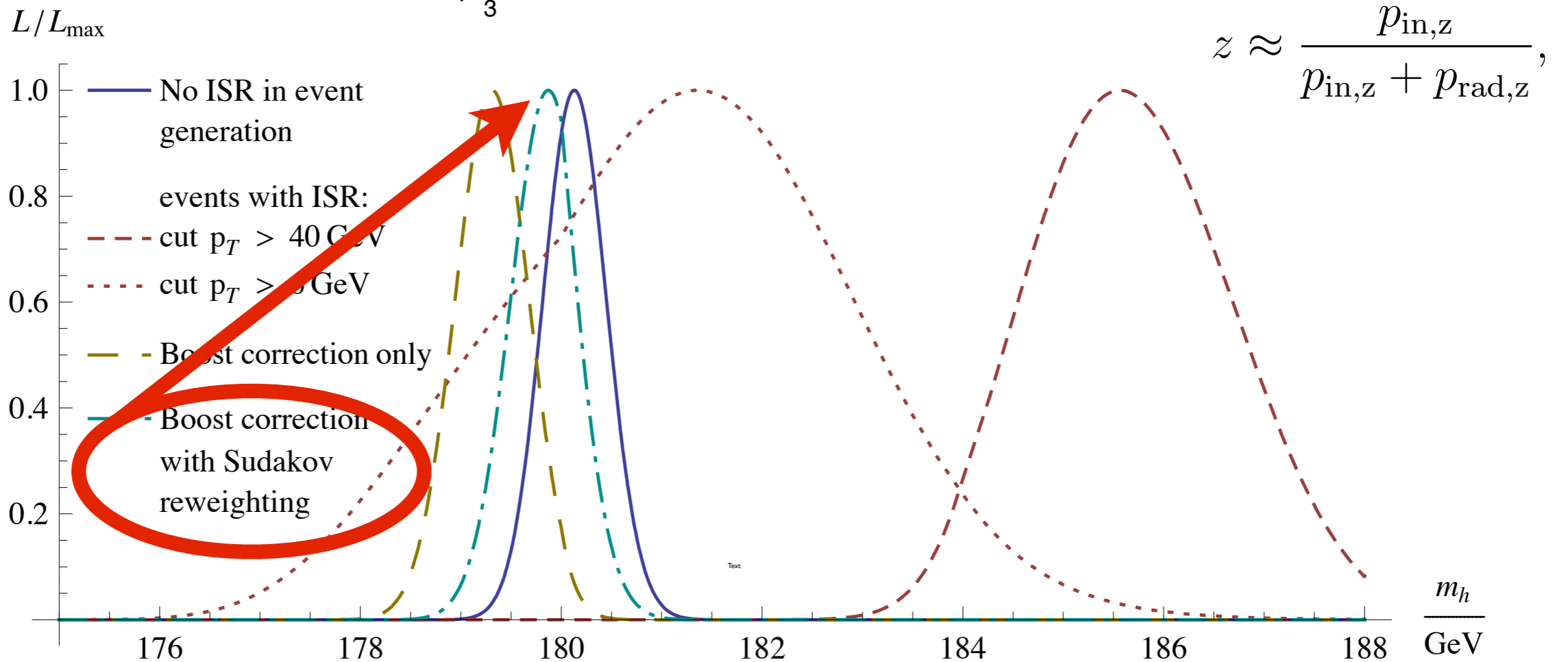
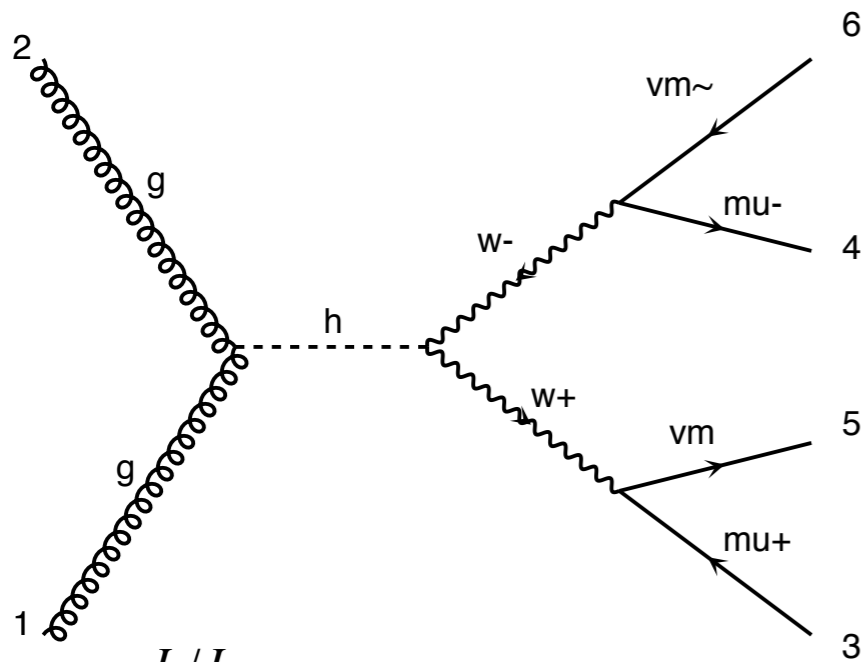
Initial State Radiation

- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **parton level** (no hadronization)
- Use the ISR to boost the momenta \rightarrow small bias/error


 L/L_{\max}


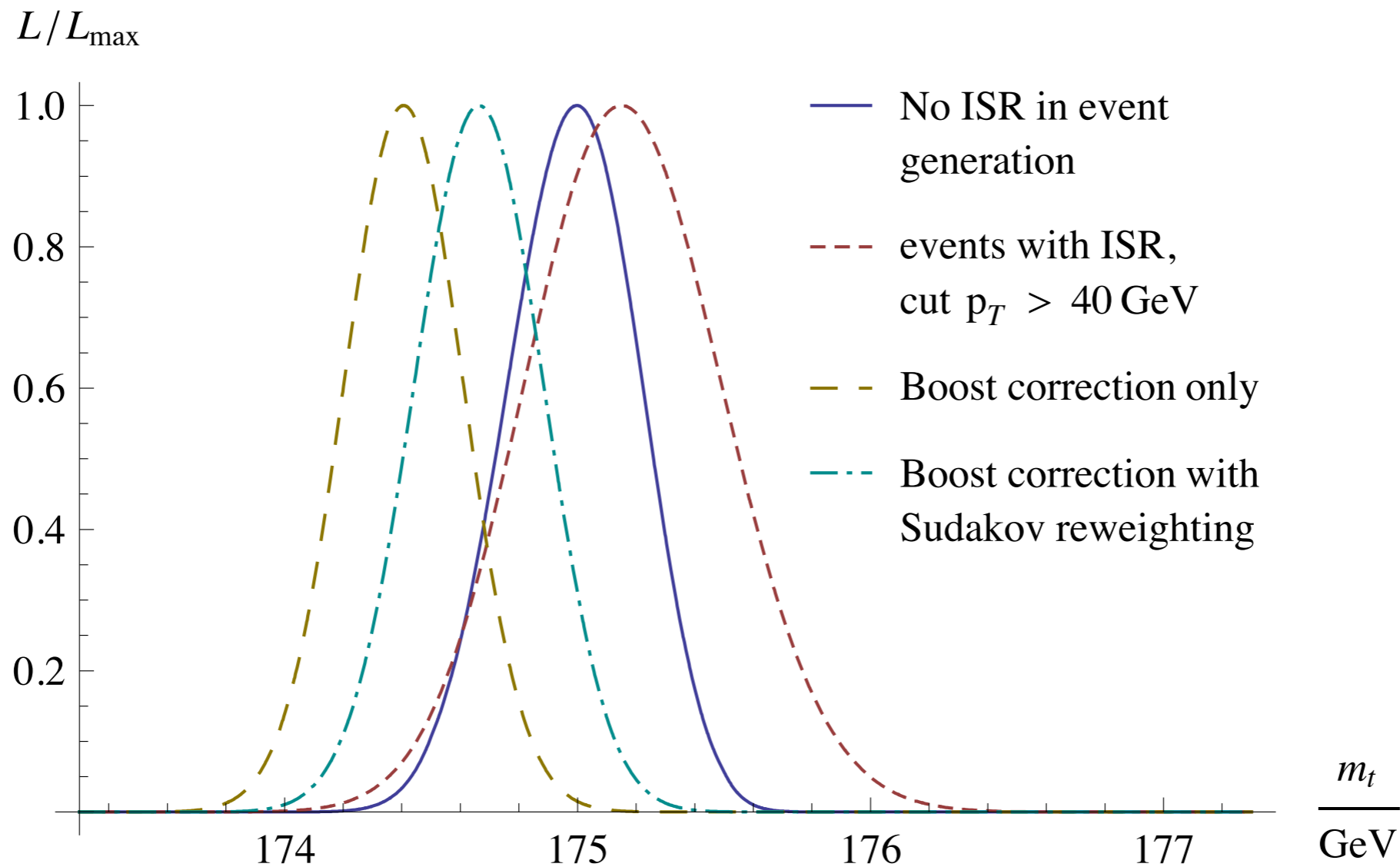
Initial State Radiation

- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **parton level** (no hadronization)
- Add the Sudakov Factor
 → No significant bias



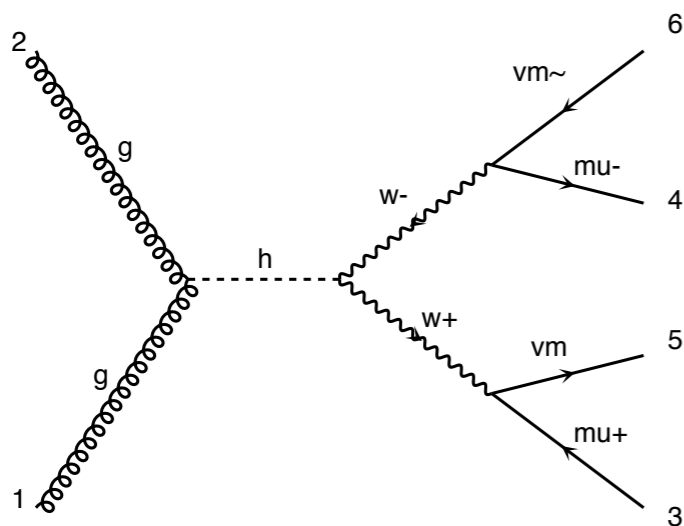
Initial State Radiation

- Parton Level for top pair production



➔ Less sensitivity

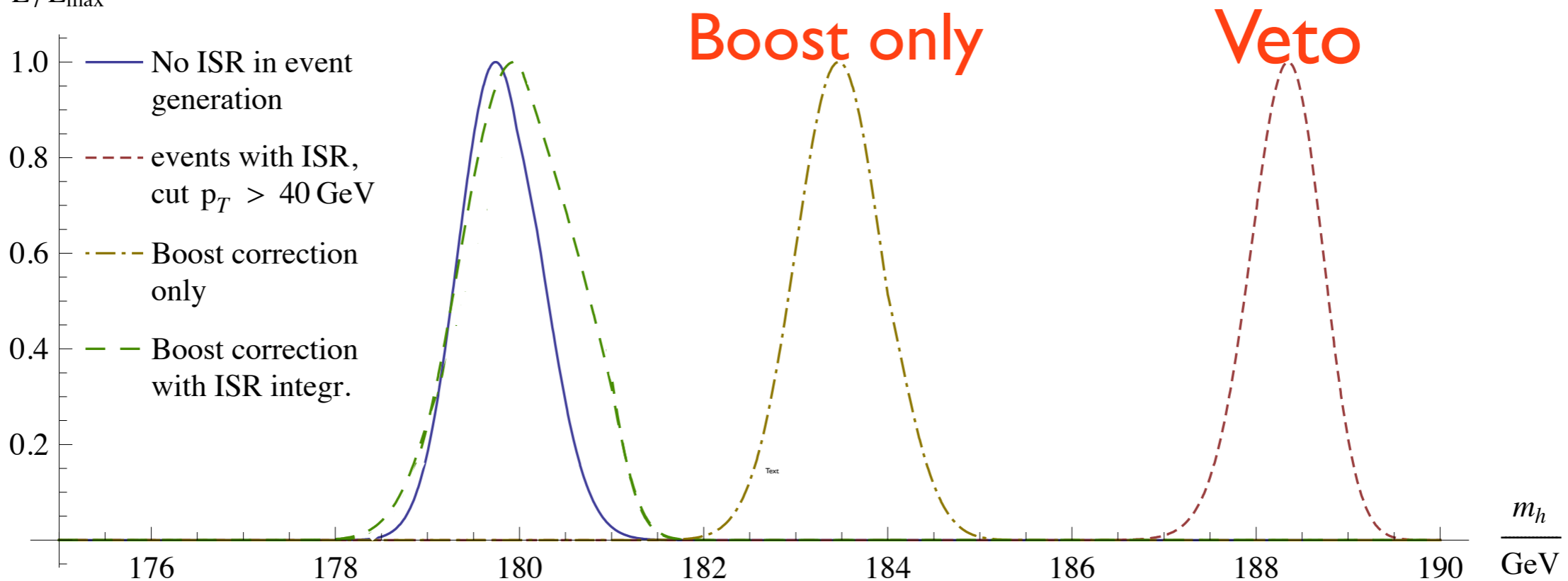
Initial State Radiation



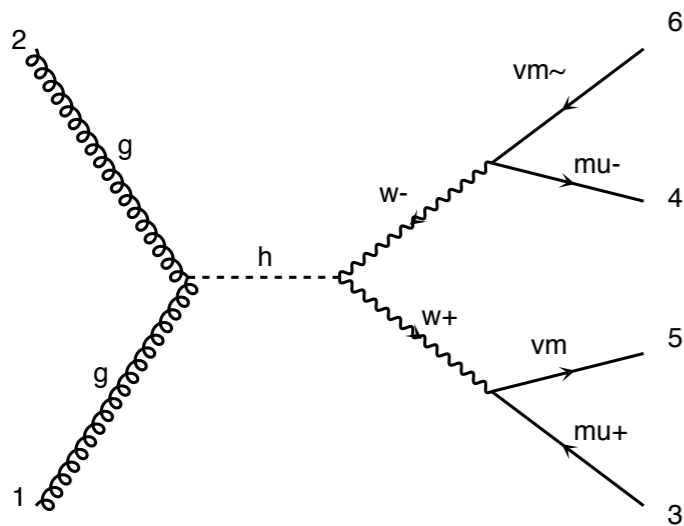
- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **detector level** (simulation includes pile-up)

$$W_{\text{ISR}}(p_T, p_T^{\text{vis}}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}(a_2+a_3a_5)} \left[e^{-(p_T-p_T^{\text{vis}}-a_1)^2/(2a_2^2)} + a_3 e^{-(p_T-p_T^{\text{vis}}-a_4)^2/(2a_5^2)} \right], & \text{for } p_T^{\text{vis}} > p_T^0, \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi} b_2 p_T} e^{-(\log(p_T)-b_1)^2/(2b_2^2)} & \text{for } p_T^{\text{vis}} < p_T^0, \end{cases}$$

L/L_{max}



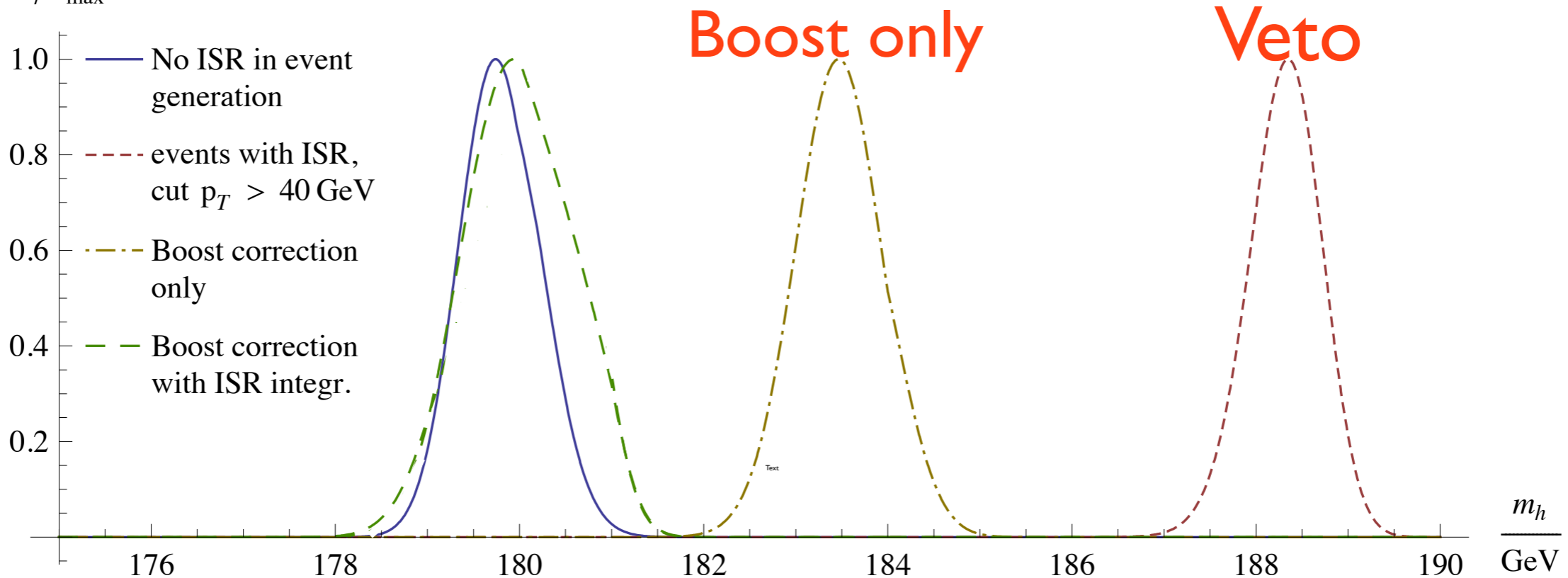
Initial State Radiation



- Study the ISR on Higgs production at LHC (14 TeV) at **detector level** (simulation includes pile-up)
- Introduce ISR transfer functions

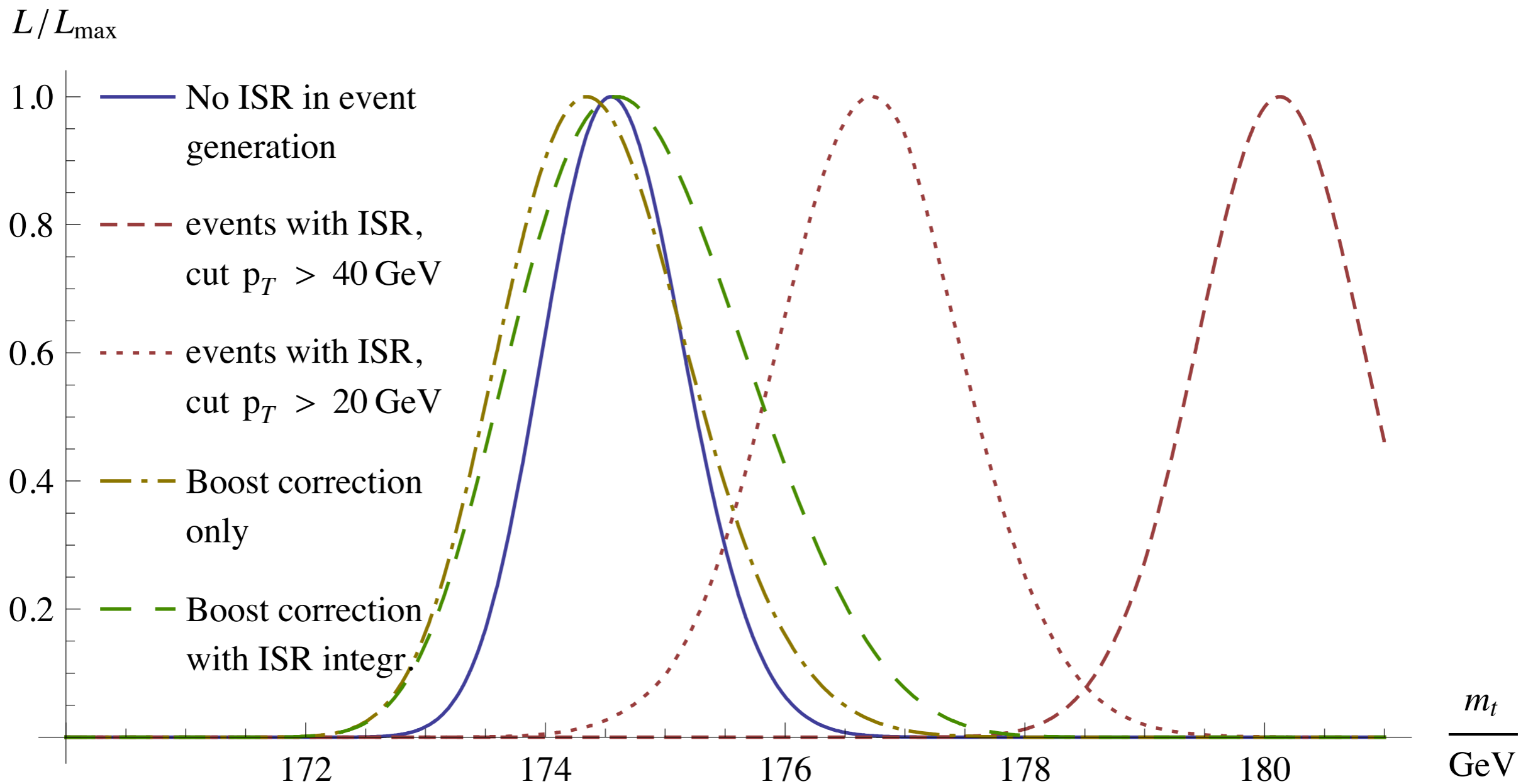
$$W_{\text{ISR}}(p_T, p_T^{\text{vis}}) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}(a_2+a_3a_5)} \left[e^{-(p_T-p_T^{\text{vis}}-a_1)^2/(2a_2^2)} + a_3 e^{-(p_T-p_T^{\text{vis}}-a_4)^2/(2a_5^2)} \right], & \text{for } p_T^{\text{vis}} > p_T^0, \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi} b_2 p_T} e^{-(\log(p_T)-b_1)^2/(2b_2^2)} & \text{for } p_T^{\text{vis}} < p_T^0, \end{cases}$$

L/L_{max}



Initial State Radiation

- Reconstructed Level for top pair production



Conclusion

- MadWeight5 will be released soon
 - ➔ with nicer interface / cluster support
 - ➔ with huge speed improvement
 - ➔ with ISR support
- Radiation problem
 - ➔ MLM/NLO slower method
 - ➔ Transverse boost is working
 - ➔ Need transfer function on the boost

Text