

HIGGS INFLATION

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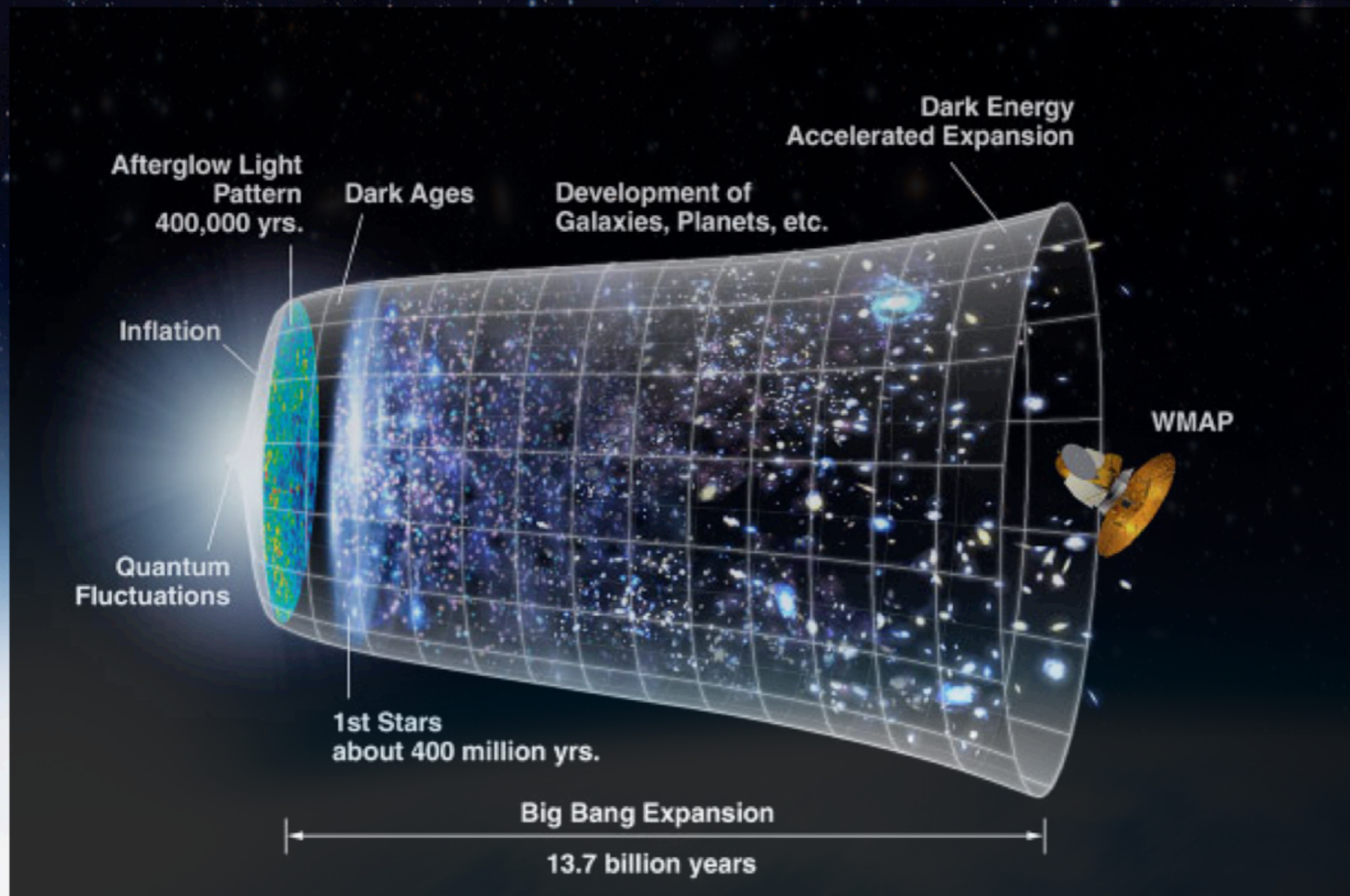
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Hot Big Bang theory has loopholes:

- Horizon problem $E(T_0) = 10^{17}$ GeV \implies $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10^{83} \text{ acausal regions} \\ 10^{55} \text{ fine tuning} \end{array} \right.$
- Flatness problem $E(T_0) = 1$ MeV \implies $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 10^{22} \text{ acausal regions} \\ 10^{15} \text{ fine tuning} \end{array} \right.$



Inflation in a nutshell

Ordinary matter
decelerates the Universe

$$\left(\frac{\dot{a}}{a}\right)^2 = \frac{\kappa}{3}\rho$$
$$\frac{\ddot{a}}{a} = -\frac{\kappa}{6} \underbrace{(\rho + 3P)}_{\geq 0 \text{ SEC}}$$

Friedmann
equations
in GR

How to violate SEC?

- Cosmological constant: $P = -\rho$... but inflation never ends!

- Scalar field: $S = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[\frac{R}{2\kappa} + \frac{1}{2}(\partial\phi)^2 - V(\phi) \right]$

$$\rho = \frac{\dot{\phi}^2}{2} + V(\phi), \quad P = \frac{\dot{\phi}^2}{2} - V(\phi)$$

$$H^2 = \frac{\kappa}{3} \left(\frac{\dot{\phi}^2}{2} + V(\phi) \right) \simeq \text{const when} \quad \begin{cases} \dot{\phi}^2 \ll V(\phi) \\ V(\phi) \simeq \text{const} \end{cases}$$

$$a(t) \sim e^{Ht}$$

Inflation and Modification of GR

Minimally coupled $L = \sqrt{-g} \frac{R}{2\kappa} + L(\phi) + L_m(g_{\mu\nu}, \Psi)$



Non-M coupled, J-frame $L_J = \sqrt{-g} f(\phi) \frac{R}{2\kappa} + L_J(\phi) + L_m(g_{\mu\nu}, \Psi)$

Non-M coupled, E-frame $L_E = \sqrt{-\hat{g}} \frac{\hat{R}}{2\kappa} + L_E(\phi) + L_{mJ}(\hat{g}_{\mu\nu}, A(\phi)\Psi)$

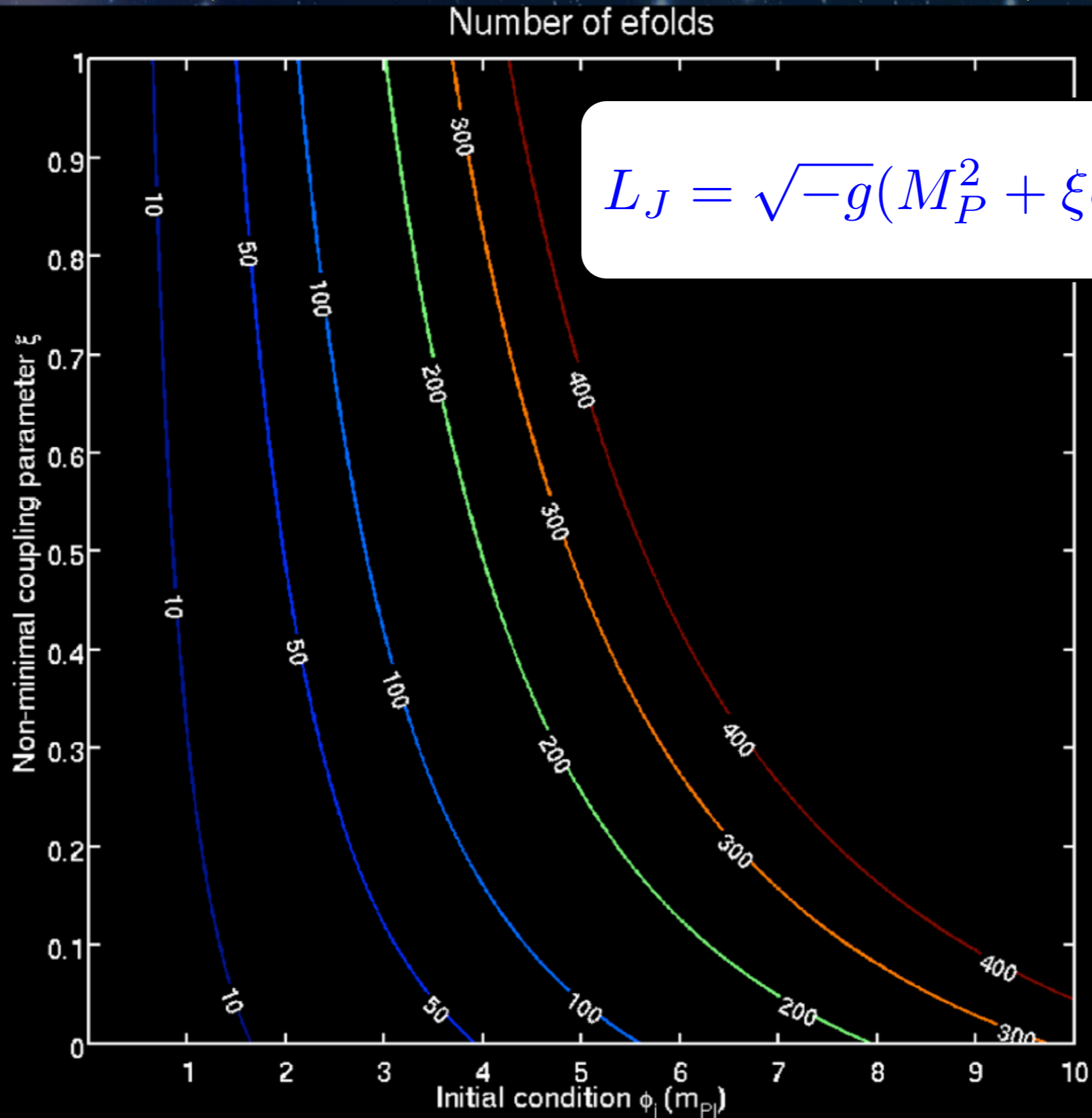
Might give:

- Inflation
- Late-time acceleration

But also:

- Local effect (galactic rotation curves, Solar System anomalies)
- Wrong structure formation and dynamics
- Connections with the Standard Model (Higgs Inflation)

Non-minimal coupling (Prelude to BEH-inflation)



Higgs Inflation: basic idea

$$L = L_{\text{sm}} - \frac{M^2}{2} R - \xi H^\dagger H R \quad \text{Non-minimal coupling to gravity}$$

$$L_{\text{sm}} = -(D_\mu H)^\dagger (D^\mu H) - \lambda \left(H^\dagger H - \frac{v^2}{2} \right)^2 \quad \sqrt{2}H = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ h \end{pmatrix}$$

Conformal transformation to Einstein frame

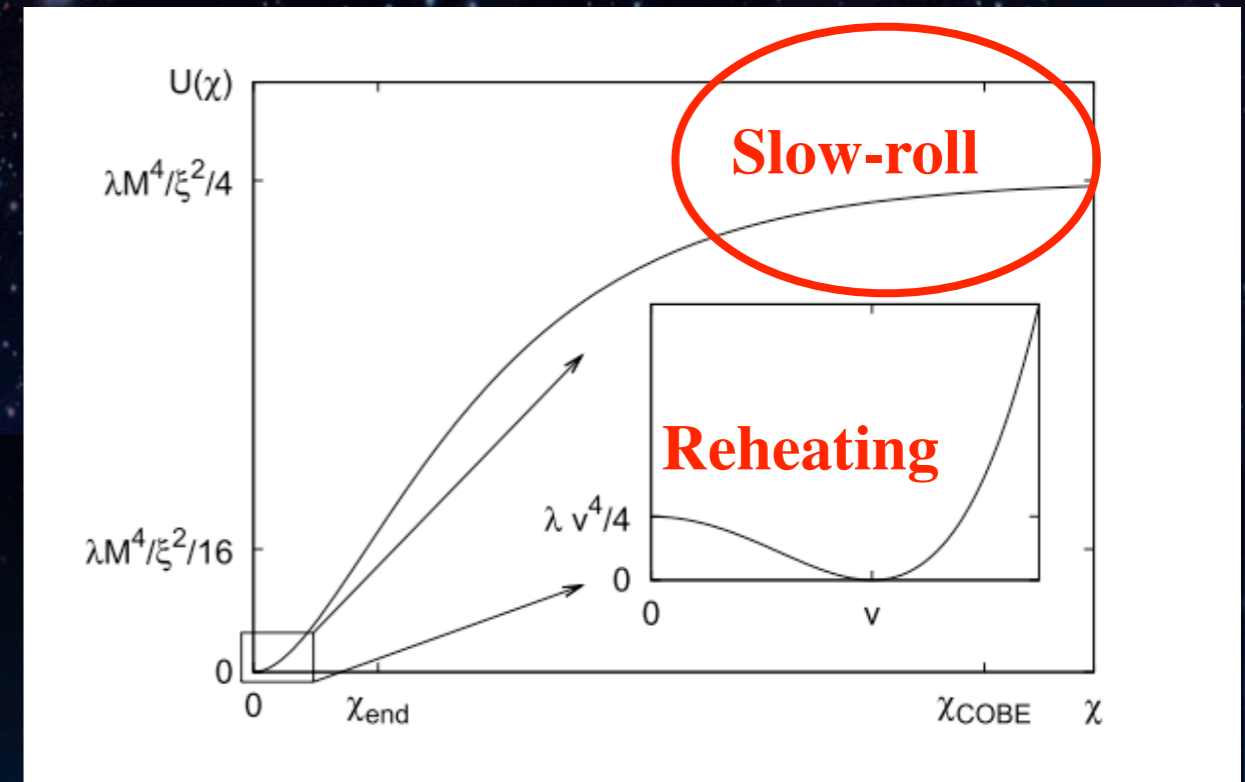
$$g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \Omega^2 g_{\mu\nu} = \left(1 + \frac{\xi h^2}{M_P^2} \right) g_{\mu\nu}$$

Field redefinition

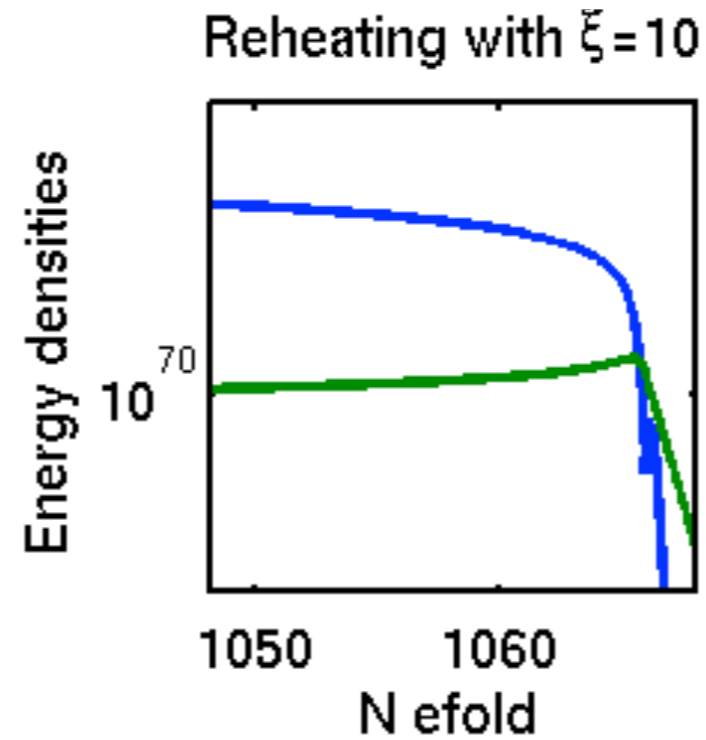
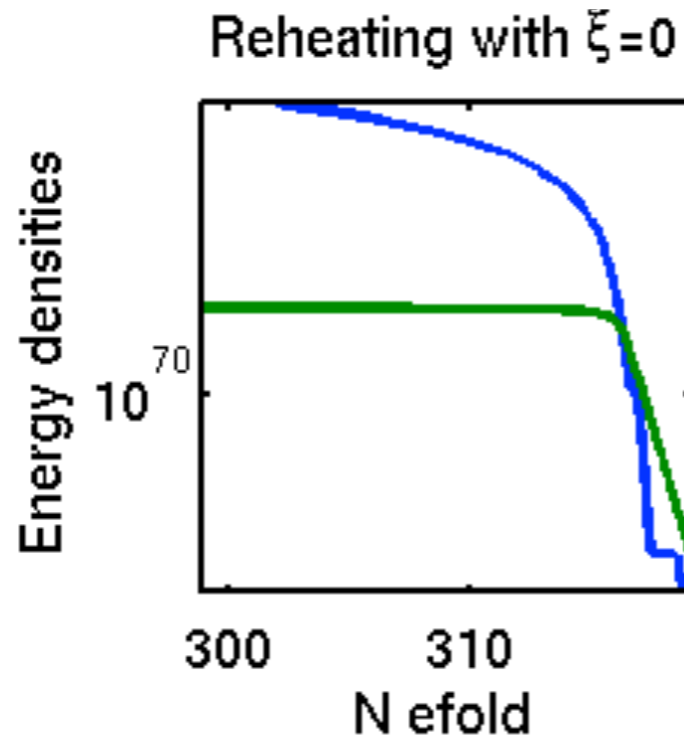
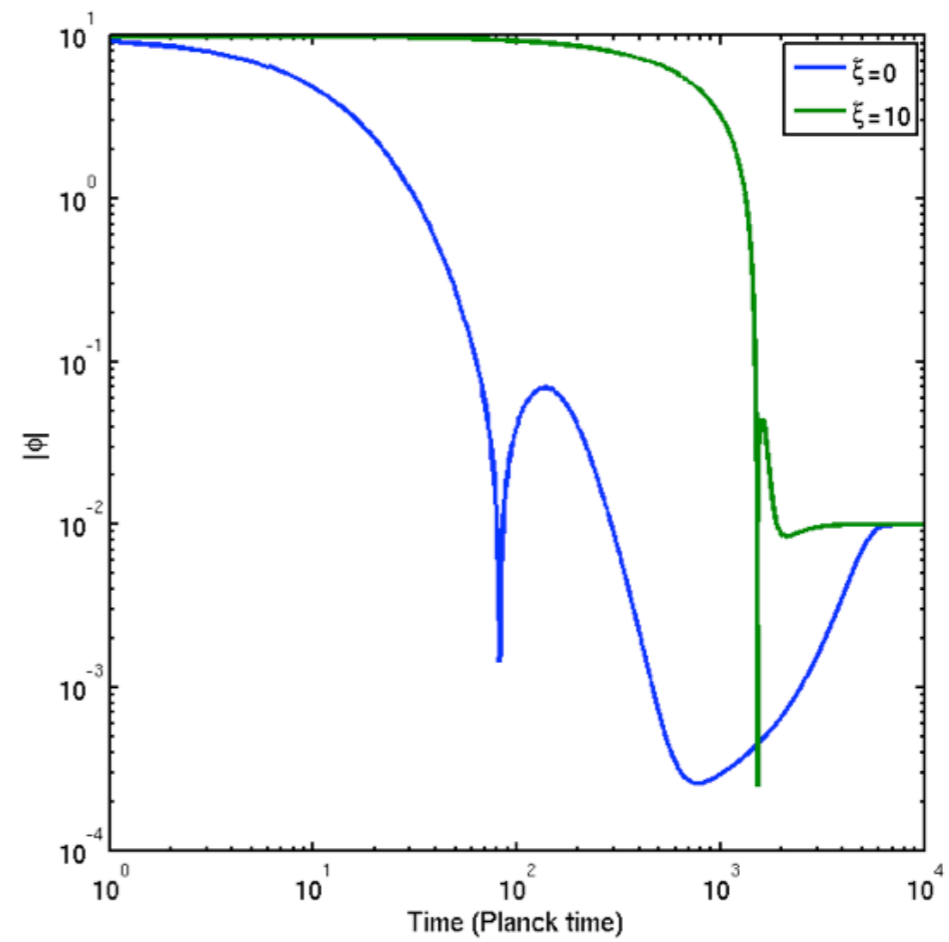
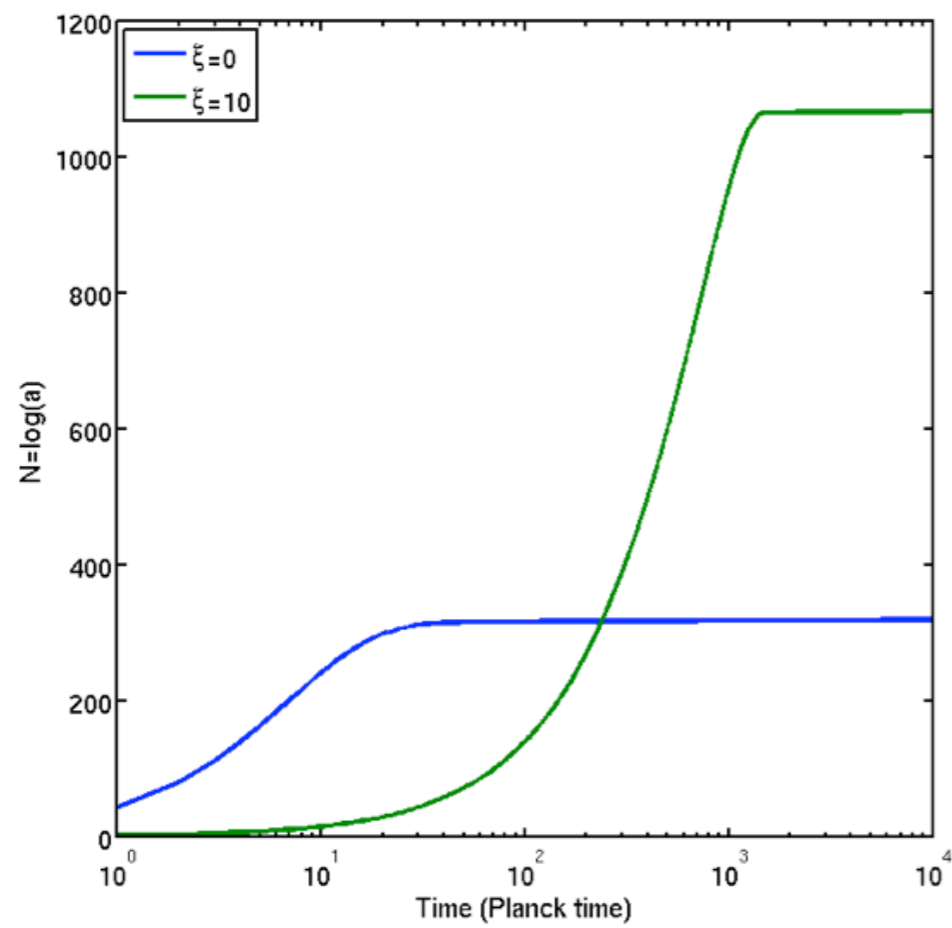
$$\frac{d\xi}{dh} = \sqrt{\frac{\Omega^2 + 6\xi^2 h^2 / M_P^2}{\Omega^4}}$$

$$U(\chi) = \frac{\lambda}{4\Omega(\chi)^4} [h(\chi)^2 - v^2]^2$$

$$S_E = \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[-\frac{1}{2} M_P^2 R + \frac{1}{2} (\partial\chi)^2 - U(\chi) \right]$$



Bezrukov
Shaposhnikov
(2008)

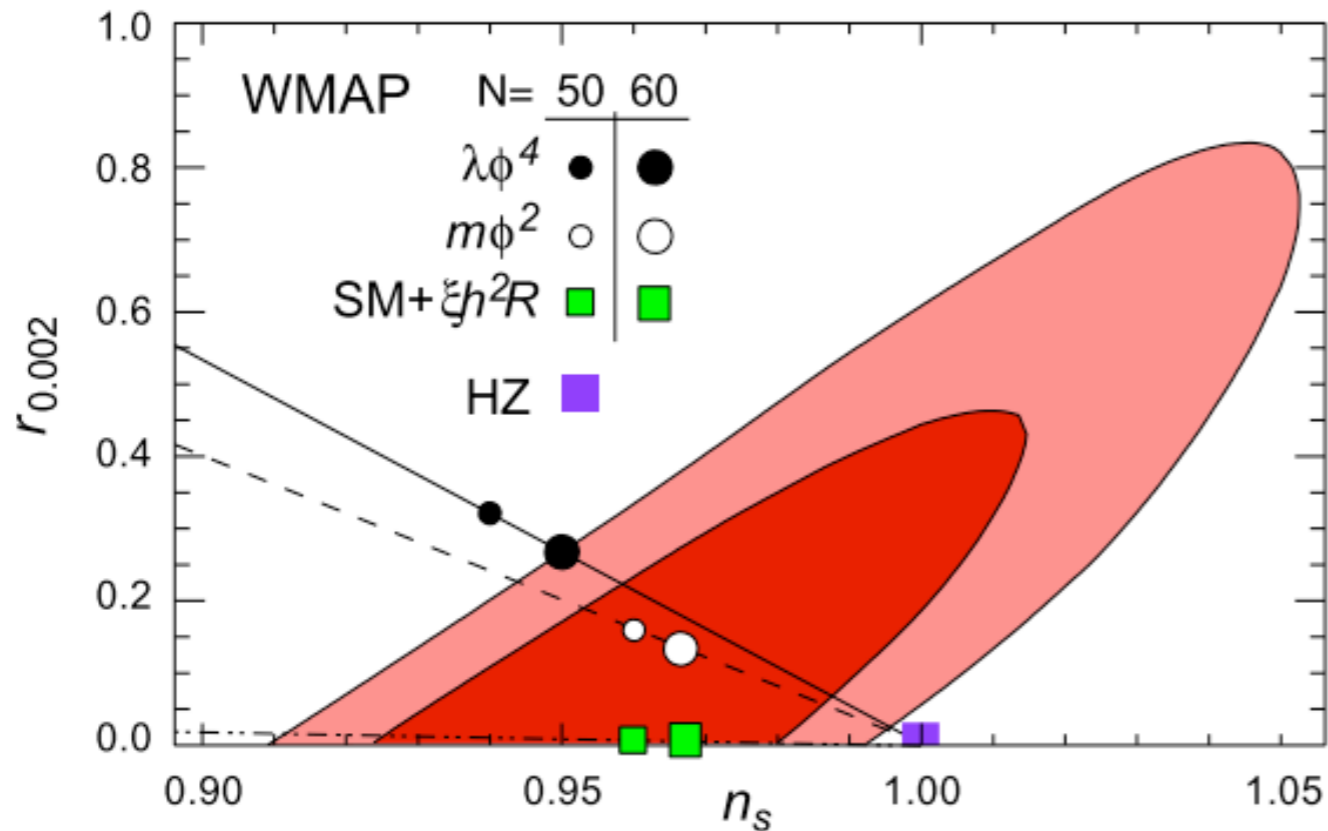


Freshly baked
by A Fuzfa

Connecting SM with cosmological perturbations

Slow-roll parameters

$$\epsilon \simeq \frac{4M_P^4}{3\xi^2 h^4} \quad \eta \simeq -\frac{4M_P^2}{3\xi h^2} \quad \zeta^2 \simeq \frac{16M_P^4}{9\xi^2 h^4}$$



$$\xi \simeq 44700\sqrt{\lambda}$$

(62 e – folds)

$$n_s \simeq 0.97$$

$$r \simeq 0.0033$$

Results are independent of the Higgs expectation value $\langle h \rangle$

Radiative corrections do not alter the potential flatness

**Bezrukov
Shaposhnikov
(2008)**

Radiative Corrections

Weak-field regime expansion: $g_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{\mu\nu} + M_P^{-1} h_{\mu\nu}$

$$L \sim \frac{\xi}{M_P} \phi^2 \eta^{\mu\nu} \partial^2 h_{\mu\nu}$$

The theory becomes strongly coupled at an energy (in both frames) $E \sim \frac{M_P}{\xi}$

Inflationary scale is where the potential is flat: $\Lambda_{\text{inf}} \sim \frac{M_P}{\sqrt{\xi}} \gg E$

IS THE THEORY INCONSISTENT?

The answer is NO: asymptotic shift symmetry of the action protects the flatness of the potential from quantum corrections (Bezrukov et. al. 2010)

Extra Bonus: reheating provides for neutrino masses, baryon asymmetry, proton decay, and sterile neutrino dark matter!

All looks good from the particle side...but do galaxies still form?

Modifying gravity is a dangerous business!

$$L_J = \sqrt{-g} \left(\frac{f(\phi)}{2\kappa} \right) R$$

Effective Newton constant

$$\kappa = 4\pi G_{\text{eff}}(\phi)$$

Upper bound on time variation:

$$\frac{\dot{G}_{\text{eff}}}{G_{\text{eff}}} < 10^{-12} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

Higgs-Gravity needs to be tested in terms of deviations from GR

- Local constraints from PPN analysis (Cassini Doppler Signal Lunar ranging, etc)
- Structure formation in the matter era
- Late time acceleration (dark energy)

Other effects to be considered:

- Variation of the Higgs VEV at the end of reheating
- SM extension: right-handed, sterile neutrino, dark matter and dark energy (AWE)
- ...

... a lot of work still to be done!